INSURANCE
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Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 257 BOMBAY: THURSDAY OCTOBER 29 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Startling Allegations Against Italy

Formidable Hurdles For Federation

Will Govt. Accept Ministers' Decisions?

ABSENTEE MAJOR STATES HOLD KEY TO PROBLEM

Will the general Conference of Princes and Ministers of Indian States that is assembling on Friday morning at the Town Hall, accept the recommendations regarding the reservations and limitations proposed to be incorporated in the draft Instrument of Accession for the States agreeing to Federate?

This seems to be the question which is uppermost in the minds of all those, who are interested in the inauguration of the scheme of Indian Federation.

WILL GOVT. ACCEPT THEM?

It is gathered that the Conference on Friday may not approve of all the recommendations, as the reservations and limitations proposed are such that they might not be acceptable to Government.

There is every probability of the recommendations of the Ministers being drastically changed by the general Conference, so that the amendments proposed to the draft Instrument might be acceptable.

SAFEGUARDS FIRST.

It appears to be the view of some connected with Indian States that the reservations and limitations proposed, might not be acceptable to the Secretary of State. It is felt that the latter may not come down once again and accept all the amendments proposed to facilitate the States joining the Federation. While the Government seem to be prepared to accommodate the Princes by facilitating their entrance into the Federation, they do not seem to be prepared to disregard the rights and privileges of the other partners in the Federation by agreeing to drastic changes in the Instrument.

The position taken up by the Ministers' Conference is that though they are definitely against any proposal to wreck the scheme of Federation, they are eager to get their safeguards incorporated, in the Instrument, before the States consent to federate.

IMPORTANT ABSENTEES

While the Ministers' Conference consists of representatives of almost all Indian States, many important States have not sent in their representatives. Some of them might not be members of the Chamber of Princes but yet they are States which have to be reckoned with. The States whose representatives have not attended the Conference of Ministers are Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda, Travancore, Bhopal, Bikaner, Patiala, Kashmir, Gwalior, Kolhapur and Sangli. There are also certain other States which have not been represented.

Yet most of these Princes and their Ministers are expected to be present at the Conference on Friday and what view they might take of the recommendations it is difficult to say, though it is gathered that they might not completely agree to the recommendations.

A PESSIMISTIC VIEW

There is, of course, a possibility of the Conference not coming to any agreed view on the question of amendments to the draft Instrument. As a matter of fact, that seems to be the view of some pessimists. But in case the Conference agrees to all the recommendations of the Ministers' Conference, then the position will be that unless the Secretary of State is prepared to incorporate all the reservations and limitations suggested by them in the Instrument, the States would not be prepared to federate. Everything will depend upon the attitude of the Princes and Ministers, who have not attended the Ministers' Conference, towards the recommendations of the latter.

SAFEGUARDS FOR STATES

Meanwhile the huge body of Ministers spent another day in the discussion of the recommendations of the Delhi Special Sub-Committee. It appears that the proposed amendments by the Sub-Committee contain the recommendations of the Hyderi Committee, the Ministers' Standing Committee of the Gujarat and Kathiawar States and replies to the questionnaires that were sent out by the Chancellor's Secretariat.

On Tuesday evening, the Conference had disposed off the first part of the Report, which referred to the general reservations and limitations in the Instrument of Accession, while on Wednesday, the time was taken up for considering the amendments concerning Federal Subjects, so far as they concerned the Indian States.

IMPORTANT DECISIONS.

When the Conference dispersed for the day at about 8 p.m. they had taken decisions on 28 items out of the 47 recommended by the Sub-Committee.

More important of the items disposed off were concerning defence and the movement of armies; the Naval, Air and Military Force works within the State and the Federal authority; extra-territorial jurisdiction of the Federal authority and the States, Post offices in States; Sea and Land customs collections, aerodromes and air services within the States; and manufacture of aircraft, firearms and ammunition and their import and export in States.

The rest of the items will be discussed at the Conference which will reassemble to-day (Thursday) morning at the Town Hall.

DELHI RECOMMENDATIONS

It would appear that no reservation of limitation of any importance, which has been recommended by the Delhi Sub-Committee has undergone any change during the course of discussion. There was a good deal of discussion over every item and all that was considered to be superfluous has been omitted and in certain cases, where it was considered that the reservations were not enough, more reservations have been added on. The decisions taken on every item were unanimous and it appears that there has not been any substantial change made in

(Continued on page 7—Col. 4).

JIM OUT TO BEAT RECORD

Despite Bad Weather Will Attempt Trans-Atlantic Flight

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.

Jim Mollison hopped off for Harbourgrace, whence he hopes to start on Trans-Atlantic flight tonight for Croydon in an attempt to beat the record.

It is "going to be a tough trip" he told Reuter. He added "Weather reports are very bad. It is snowing in the Atlantic. I hope, however, to beat the record and complete the flight in 14½ hours actual flying time."—Reuter.

FEDERATION COMING SOONER?

BOMBAY, October 28.

Undue significance has been attached in certain quarters to the absence at the Conference of Ministers and Princes being held in Bombay, of representatives of major states like Hyderabad, Mysore, Travancore, and Baroda and others.

In this connection enquiries made by the United Press in responsible circles reveal that the major States having already obtained most of the demands they wanted have almost in a body acceded to their entry into Federation and that now comes the turn of the smaller States to get what they could to strengthen their position in the future polity of India.

Further, the belief is firmly held in responsible princely and ministerial circles that Federation is coming sooner than was expected. —United Press.

SARAT BOSE FOR LAHORE

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

Mr. Sarat Bose accompanied by family left for Lahore to-night.

It is understood, he has been invited by the Congress and Nationalist leaders to help the settlement among them on the lines that had been arranged by him in Bengal.

Mr. Bose stays at Lahore for four or five days within which time he hopes to conclude the work. Thereafter he will proceed to Calcutta to be there in time to meet Pt. Jawaharlal who arrives in Calcutta on November 5.

A regards the prospects of the Bose mission for Lahore, some difficulty arises from the fact, whereas in Bengal, all Nationalists are Congressmen the same is not the case with Punjab. However, it is anticipated his advice and experience will prove helpful in solving the difficulties of the Punjab.

MORE CHARGES AGAINST SOVIET

ROME, Oct. 28.

A further Italian Note alleges in addition to the 20 charges of Soviet violations of Non-intervention Pact, instancing unloading at Alicante of war material disguised in foodstuffs and wearing apparel and the arrival at Madrid of 25 Russian aeroplanes and unloading at Alicante of six dismantled Russian fighting 'planes.—Reuter.

LONDON, October 27.

The removal of duty on foreign linseed was urged by a deputation representing Linoleum Manufacturers, seed crushers, paint, varnish, printing ink, and white lead manufacturers, which was introduced by Earl Peel to Dr. Edward Burgin.

Dr. Burgin undertook to convey the views of the industries to Mr. Runciman and assured the deputation that their representations would be borne in mind in their forthcoming negotiations with India.—Reuter.

GORE FALLS TO ITALY

Ras Hailu Enters New Headquarters Of Abyssinian Govt.

LONDON, October 28.

It is authoritatively stated that Gore, the centre of Abyssinian Government, since the fall of Addis Ababa, has been entered by irregular bands under Ras Hailu who had submitted to Italians in June last.—Reuter.

CZECHO-RUMANIAN CO-OPERATION

King Carol With Crown Prince Arrives In Prague

PRAGUE, Oct. 28.

King Carol of Rumania and Crown Prince Michael accompanied by the Foreign Minister, M. Antonescu, arrived here to-day and was greeted by Dr. Benes and M. Hodza. The visit is expected to result in closer Rumanian-Czechoslovak co-operation.—Reuter.

LARWOOD FOR INDIA

LONDON, October 28.

Larwood to-day signed contract to proceed to India as coach.

The contract operates from October 15 to March 15.

Larwood leaves on November 5.

Lilley is not accompanying him as only one coach is now going.—Reuter

"QUEEN MARY'S" SKIPPER DEAD

Sir Edgar Britten Succumbs To Stroke Aboard

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 28.

Death has occurred to-day of Commander Sir Edgar Britten, Captain of "Queen Mary" following a stroke aboard "Queen Mary" from where he was removed to a nursing home in very serious condition.—Reuter.

FAZLUL HAQ'S REPLY TO JINNAH

CALCUTTA, Oct. 28.

A trenchant criticism of some of the recent activities of Mr. Jinnah is contained in a letter addressed by Mr. Fazlul Haq, ex-Mayor of Calcutta and President of the All-Bengal Tenants' Party, by way of a rejoinder to the former's letter calling for explanation from Mr. Fazlul Haq for disloyalty to the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board.

After narrating at great length some of the incidents which took place during Mr. Jinnah's recent visit to Calcutta Mr. Fazlul Haq alleges that Mr. Jinnah's pro-tenant and anti-capitalist views underwent sudden metamorphosis following a "mysterious" visit to Government House which was arranged by the Ministerial Party. It was this, says Mr. Fazlul Haq, which served to disillusion the rank and file of the Bengal Tenants' Party.

Mr. Fazlul Haq concludes with the following words:—

"You are not working for Muslim solidarity at all but seem to be playing a deep game in concert (as many suspect) with the bureaucracy to stifle the rising aspirations of Muslim India. The League Parliamentary Board is a curious creature of your fancy and is breeding dissensions in the Muslim ranks. In your private talks you are a great apostle of Muslim unity and advocate of communal organisations for safeguarding the Muslim rights. But when you appear on the public platform you pose as a chosen hero of Indian nationalism who cannot think of any politics save and except what is founded on Hindu-Muslim unity."—United Press.

Bombers Ready To Raid Barcelona

Submarines Painted In Insurgents' Colours

A SPANISH EMBASSY COMMUNIQUE

PARIS, October 28.

"There is every indication that Italian forces are now masters of Balearic islands and are preparing for an attack on Barcelona and the Catalan coast on November 3 or 4."

IN INSURGENTS' COLOURS

This startling allegation made in a communique issued by the Spanish Embassy states that eight Italian submarines painted in insurgents' colours are ready to leave Genoa manned by Spanish insurgent crews and commanded by Italians.

The communique alleges that the intention is to patrol the Catalan coast to prevent access to Barcelona of all boats they consider "undesirable".

DISEMBARKED AT MAJORCA

It further quotes reports alleged to be from London that a large contingent of Italian infantry has disembarked at Majorca and is awaiting orders to attack the coast and declares that Italian bombers are ready to raid Barcelona and Italians are building fortifications on the coast of Balearic islands.—Reuter.

Danbulger Annexes Cambridgeshire Stakes

Parsi Lady's Luck: Draws Daytona Which Comes Second And Gets £15,000

LONDON, Oct. 28.

At New Market, Cambridgeshire Stakes (distance one mile, one furlong) resulted as follows:—

DANBULGER	**1**
DAYTONA	**2**
LAUREAT SECOND	**3**

Twenty-two ran. The race was won by two lengths. Short-head separated second and third. The winner was trained by Cottrill.

Betting:—7 1 Danbulger, 33 1 Daytona, 100 6 Laureat Second.

Runners were identical with probables.—Reuter.

Parsi Lady's Luck

Mrs. F. N. Dastur, a Parsi lady from Nagpur under the nom-de-plume "Empress" has drawn Daytona which comes second in the Cambridgeshire Stakes and gets £15,000.

PROGRESS OF RACE

Among the early prominent horses were Princess Herodene, Harina Tempest, Hypothesis, Commander, Nobleturk, Daytona and Finalist.

Halfway, the leaders were, Tempest, Princess Herodene, with Laureat, Harina, Daytona, Danbulger and Finalist prominent.

Going into dip, Laureat moved forward but soon gave away to Danbulger who drew away on the hill followed by Laureat, Daytona, Tempest, Finalist and Commander. Daytona got up close home and deprived Laureat of the second place but could not make impression on Danbulger who ran on smoothly to win.

The next seven were, Finalist, Tempest, Commander, Holyrood, Stoneginger, Nobleturk, and Towtonmoor.

Time: One minute, 51 and three-fifths seconds.

Going was good and weather was fine.

It is stated, over five million sterling were paid out by the bookmakers as Danbulger was coupled in many autumn doubles with Fet, the Cesarewitch winner.

It is stated, a South African millionaire, Sir Abe Bailey, who owns the winner backed Danbulger and will win 10,000 sterling.—Reuter.

Will Ahrars And Sikhs Fall In Line?

LAHORE, Oct. 28.

The Punjab Congress Parliamentary Board have recommended the following candidates for adoption by the All-India Parliamentary Board for Provincial Assembly election:—

MOHAMMADAN.

Eastern Towns: Urban, Syed Attaulah Shah, Bar-at-Law, Lahore.

Ambala-Simla Rural: Khan Abdul Gaffarkhan, Ambala.

Karnal District, Rural: Choudhri Ghulam Hussan, Panipat.

HINDU.

Hindu Eastern Towns: Deshbandhu Gupta of the Tej, Delhi.

Ambala-Simla, Rural: Lala Dunichand, Advocate, Ambala.

South Western Towns, Urban: Munshi Harilal, Pleader, Multan.

North-Eastern Towns, Urban: Choudhri Krishangopal Dutt, Sialkot.

SCHEDULED CLASSES.

Ludhiana-Forezepur Rural: S. Gopalsingh.

It is understood that three-corner negotiations are going on with a view to bringing in Ahrars and at least one section of Sikhs into the Congress election camp similarly as Nationalists. Ahrars are reported to be prepared for this on condition some minor adjustments in policy are made, especially as both are agreed on the issue of independence and the Akali Party may also join forces as Pandit Jawaharlal's interpretation of voting on the Communal Award is completely agreeable to them.

It is reported that Dr. Mohammad Alam an ex-member of the Congress Working Committee is negotiating with certain Muslim leaders on behalf of the Congress.

A.P.

Conscription Of Youths

SPANISH CABINET ORDER

Insurgent Air Base Bombed: Official Claim

MADRID, Oct. 28.

The Cabinet has ordered conscription of all men between the ages of 20 and 25.

It is officially claimed that the insurgent airbase at Talavera has been successfully bombed

Who Will Enter Madrid First?

TOLEDO, Oct. 28.

It is stated that General Franco intends that the Colonial troops should be the first to enter Madrid instead of the insurgents who are likely to be carried away by political passions.—Reuter.

Earlier

FRANCO ISSUES "LAST" ULTIMATUM

LONDON, Oct. 28.

General Varela, insurgent commander on the southern front, has established his headquarters at Illescas, where complete order has been restored, according to messages received from insurgent sources. General Varela is now rapidly advancing towards Madrid.

The capture of the villages, Torrejon and Delacalzada, yesterday, has registered a seven-mile advance and brought the insurgent forces within eight miles of the aerodrome at Getafe, which is also within range of the insurgent artillery.

It is reported that during the fighting, in which Moors and Legionaries made bayonet charges on Government troops defending the villages, a number of civil guards abandoned the trenches and joined the insurgents. General Varela personally directed the advance.

In the meanwhile, according to radio at Corunna, General Franco has sent his last ultimatum to Madrid to surrender within 48 hours or to suffer terrific punishment.

A message, broadcast from Cadiz, declares that the "Marxist Assembly" decided not to transfer Madrid Government to Barcelona. The Assembly also demanded that President Azana should return immediately to Madrid.—Reuter.

PORTUGAL RESERVES RIGHT TO WITHDRAW

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Portugal reserves the right to withdraw from the Non-Intervention Committee at any moment says a note to the Foreign Office complaining that Britain has violated the Committee's rules of procedure by forwarding to the Committee, without due investigation, the Spanish Government's allegations against Germany, Italy and Portugal.

Portugal denies the accuracy of the allegations and reserves the right to withdraw, but does not indicate whether her retirement is imminent.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted a Brahmin bride, well educated and good looking, for a widower of high standing with ample means. Apply with photos, giving particulars. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply Box No 7118, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Gujerati knowing Clerks in Attorneys Office. Apply Box No. 7189, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Immediately Cashier for Commercial Firm. Salary Rs. 75 per month. Cash security Rs. 500 essential. Apply Box No. 7188, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Typist-Clerk on 30-10-60 by a Business Organisation. Cash security Rs. 300. Only those can give cash need apply Box 7190, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Matrics, Non-Matrics, Typists, Lawyers, Graduates, Overseers, Surveyors, Doctors, Teachers and Engineers to consult Hastings and Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (7193).

Wanted for the Sylvan Star Insurance Trust Ltd., Delhi, (Directorate includes Maharaja Bahadur Sir Prodyot Coomar Tagore, K.C.I.E., Sir Prabha Shanker Pattani, K.C.I.E., Nawab Sir Mohammad Yamin Khan, Kt., M.L.A., Shah Goverdhan Lal Kabra and M. L. Khaitan, Esqr.,) Chief Agents and District Organisers for Bombay Presidency. Test business essential. Really permanent career for pushing and capable men. Apply giving particulars to the Managing Director, Dr. C. L. Mohindra, M.A., Ph.D., P. O. Box No. 156, Delhi. (4227).

Wanted—An energetic Congress-minded typist knowing good Marathi short-hand and typing for the Reception Committee Office at Faizpur, for two months. Apply with minimum salary and testimonials to the Secretary, Reception Committee, Faizpur, E. Khandesh. (4207)

Wanted a Professor of Sanskrit for the M.T.B. College, Surat, to join duty from the middle of November, 1936. The appointment will be temporary up to the end of March, 1937. Applications with testimonials stating qualifications, age, experience and minimum salary should reach the Principal before the 7th November. (4203).

Wanted well experienced and well trained men for a circle. Only competent and all round men need apply immediately. Stating age and qualifications. Apply to Box No. 7140, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

To Let Dani's Bungalow on Seaside, Walkeshwar Road. Rent moderate. Apply personally T. No. 42544. (7168).

To let new premises at 510 Arthur Road, Near Tardeo Tram Terminus, best ventilater airy single, double rooms shops with latest conveniences for high class Hindus only. Apply on premises. (7104).

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Offers are invited for the following before 4th November 1936 (1) Lease of the Rubber Shoes Factory complete in working order. (2) Purchase of the Factory. For terms, conditions and further particulars see or apply to Chairman, The India Shoes & Rubber Works, Ltd., Sukkur. (7178).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted experienced Agent, act Bombay Distributor for India's fastest selling crossword monthly magazine. Security essential. Apply sharp. New Era Industries. Post Box No. 10, Lahore. (7173).

Wanted Canvassing Agents for our guaranteed Handloom cloths on liberal commission. Money & Co., Weaving Factory, Calicut. (7160).

Wanted a Shorthand Typist for a Solicitor's office. Only those experienced should apply stating terms. Apply Box No. "Bombay Chronicle."

99. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted one secondhand Lancashire Boiler 150 lbs. pressure and two Vertical Boilers 100 lbs. pressure in good condition, complete with fittings. Also 3000 ft. secondhand 4" or 5" W.I. Pipes with sockets and 1500 ft. 2" or 3" steam pipes with sockets in sound condition. Write full particulars and lowest prices to P.O. Box 416 Bombay. (7179).

123. FURNITURE.

Gujarat Furniture Works, for "Quality Furniture" in Modern Style. New showroom, near Prarthana Samaj, New Charni Road, Girgaon. Phone 25498. Factory 30172. (7183).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Gekitube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (6836)

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikalwadi.

Public Notices.

GENUINE ENGLISH
CROOKES GLARE GLASSES
in TROPIC-PROOF frames
Rs. 7-8 Per Pair
Lawrence & Mayo Ltd.,
274, Hornby Road, BOMBAY

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post as Lecturer at the Engineering College, Benares Hindu University. The appointment will TERMINATE ON MARCH 31ST, 1937. Applicants must have had good practical experience in Mechanical Engineering, and must have taught most of the following subjects in an Institution of University rank:—

(1) Applied Mechanics,
(2) Strength and Elasticity of Materials,
(3) Structural Design and Advanced Theory of Structures,
(4) Heat Engines,
(5) Hydraulics.

He should be a member of a well known Institution of Engineers and a graduate in Engineering of a University.

Salary Rs. 500/- (rupees five hundred) per month.

Apply, stating the earliest date upon which the candidate can take up the duties, to:—

"THE PRO-VICE-CHANCELLOR, Benares Hindu University."

on or before 21st November, 1936.

4210.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY

Tender No. 214-S|11.

TENDERS ARE INVITED on a Rupee basis, for purchase by the N. W. Railway of hard wood and wagon bottom boards, for the Mechanical Workshops during 1937.

Tenders must reach the Office of the Sleeper Control Officer, Eastern Group B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, not later than 3 p.m. (Calcutta Time) on MONDAY, the 16th November, 1936, and will be opened immediately after.

Tender forms can be seen at and obtained from the Office of the Sleeper Control Officer, Eastern Group, B. N. Rly. House, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on and from 17th October, 1936.

The sale price of the tender form is Rs. 5|- (Five).

CONTROLLER OF STORES, North Western Railway.

4172

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 948 of 1933.

Messrs. JERAM DAMJI a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
MATHURADAS VALJI and Ors. ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of sale of Immovable property dated 29th September, 1396, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of the Plaintiffs all the right title and interest of the defendants in the following property:—

Land of Fazandari tenure being at Cavel Bombay near the Roman Catholic Church admeasuring 191 square yards or thereabouts bearing C Ward No. 3761 Street No. 103 and bearing New Survey No. 200.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 20th day of November, 1936, lodge in my office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 20th day of October, 1936.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Offg. Commissioner.

4211.

Public Notices.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 14725/151-Impt.

With reference to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay's Notification No. 11630/151-Impt., dated 31st August, 1936, published at pages 1787-88 of the "Bombay Government Gazette," Part I, dated the 10th September 1936, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rule:—

"6-B. No person shall allow any vehicle of which he is in charge to stand or halt anywhere on the west side of Queen's Road from the entrance to the Japanese Gymkhana to a point opposite the southern end of the Oval except for the immediate purpose of picking up or setting down passengers."

J. W. ROWLAND.
Officiating Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 13th October, 1936.

4220.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.
S. D. 30.

LOST ALLOTMENT LETTER

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Allotment Letter No. 5809 in respect of 15 Ordinary Shares Nos. 429265 269 standing in the name of Shaikh Mohamed Umer Hafez Mohamed Hasan has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered Office, Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay, No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Allotment Letter, will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated, 29th October 1936.

4224

NOTICE.

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Proprietors of the Empress Mills, Nagpur.

The public are hereby informed that the Binod Mills Co., Ltd., of Ujjain, in the Gwalior State, having imitated the Nag Chhap of the Empress Mills, Nagpur, belonging to the Central India Spg. Wvg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., by selling certain classes of cotton piecegoods stamped with a stamp of the figure of a Sun between two snakes, the Central India Spg. Wvg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., sued the Binod Mills Co., Ltd., in the Court of the Temporary Sessions and Subordinate Judge, Cawnpore, 'inter alia' for an Injunction restraining them from imitating their well-known Nag Chhap, consisting of a figure of the bust of the late Queen Empress Victoria between two snakes and that the said Court has passed a decree on 3rd October, 1936, whereby the claim of the said Central India Spg. Wvg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., for such Injunction was decreed and the said Binod Mills Co., Ltd., their servants and agents have been restrained from stamping or otherwise putting on Grey Dhoties or any other cloth manufactured by them the design complained of or any other design which is a colourable imitation of the said Trade Mark of the Central India Spg. Wvg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., as also from manufacturing selling or putting on the market directly or indirectly any goods with the said design complained of or any other colourable imitation of the said Trade Mark of the Central India Spg. Wvg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd.

It is FURTHER HEREBY NOTIFIED that if any person, firm or Company is found selling or exposing or advertising for sale or procuring to be sold cotton piecegoods having thereon labels, stamps or wrappers, containing a colourable imitation of the well-known Nag Chhap Trade Mark of the Central India Spg. Wvg. and Mfg. Co. Ltd., or which otherwise infringes the exclusive rights of the said Central India Spg. Wvg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., in their said Trade Mark, such persons, firm or Company will be dealt with according to law.

For the Central India S. W. & M. Co. Ld.
TATA SONS LTD. AGENTS,
S. D. Saklatvala,
Director.

Bombay, 26th October, 1936.

4212.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1934 of 1930.

Messrs. VITHALDAS LAKHMICHAND, a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
KEVALDAS LALLUBHAI, a firm and others ... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Consent Decree and Decretal Order of Reference, dated 18th December, 1935, the following immovable properties will be sold in three lots by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on TUESDAY, 3rd November, 1936, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

LOT NO. I.

All that piece of land situate at Tava Lane in Bombay, containing by admeasurement 403 1/9 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Survey No. 1347 with all buildings standing thereon assessed under B Ward Nos. 926-927 Street Nos. 1-3-5.

LOT NO. II.

All that piece of land partly of Government Foras and partly of free-hold tenure with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the Ferguson Road in Bombay and containing by admeasurement 12001 square yards or thereabouts bearing Land Revenue New Nos. C 1/12279, 12336, 12363, 1/12361 and 12141 and New Survey No. 1/2788, 2/2780 and 1/2780 and Cadastral Survey No. 441 of Lower Parel Division Municipal G Ward Nos. 2173 (2), (3), (4) and (5) Street Nos. 1169A, 1169B, 1169C and 1169D.

LOT NO. III.

Fields at Balisana, District Kadi, Sub-District Patan, in the territory of His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda, admeasuring in aggregate about 137 Bighas and 19 Vasas with a big pucca well.

Fields at Chadasana, District Kadi, Sub-District Patan, in the territories of His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda, admeasuring in aggregate about 185-Bighas and 11 Vasas with a building, admeasuring about 80 feet in length and about 65 feet in breadth making together about 5200 square feet and two wells.

Fields situate at Der, District Kadi, Sub-District Patan, in territories of His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda, admeasuring in aggregate about 96 Bighas and 5 vasas.

Fields situate at Nana Ramanda, District Kadi, Sub-Division Patan, in the territories of His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda, admeasuring in aggregate about 51 Bighas and 12 Vasas.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. DIKSHIT MANEKLAL & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 23, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 21st day of September, 1936.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg: Commissioner.

4218.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE AT H. M. I. N. DOCKYARD

By order of the Director of Contracts, Messrs CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will offer for sale on Tuesday, 3rd November, 1936, from 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) and on subsequent days at H.M.I.N. Dockyard, surplus stores, etc.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers.

Osaka Shosen Kaisha
O. S. K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE
To Japan Via
SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer	Arrival	Departure
Taijin Maru	9th Oct	28th Oct.
Holland ,,	22nd ,,	....
*Hamburg ,,	24th ,,	30th Nov
Manai ,,	9th Nov.	24th ,,
Shunko ,,	23rd ,,	8th Dec.
Hokusan ,,	26th ,,	16th ,,
Koshu ,,	9th Dec.	24th ,,
Pacific ,,	20th ,,	7th Jan.

*Proceeding to Persian Gulf and returning Bombay on 25-11-36.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA LTD
(Incorporated in Japan.)
Taj Building Hornby Road, Bombay.
Telephone: 22084
Telegrams: "SHOSEN"

CONSERVING COAL ASSETS OF INDIA

Committee Formed To Enquire Into Best Methods Of Extracting Coal

NEW DELHI, October 28.

A committee of three Europeans and three Indians has been appointed to report on the best methods of extracting coal with a view to conserve the coal assets of India. The Government of India's resolution in this connection states that the Government of India have for some time had under consideration, the question of devising measures for conserving the coal assets of this country by improving the methods of extraction and preventing avoidable waste. A serious extension of fires in the main coal-fields has added urgency to this problem and by increasing the danger to life has brought into prominence the necessity of affording greater protection to persons employed in mines.

GOVT. EMERGENCY STEPS

"Certain emergency steps have been taken by Government with the concurrence of the legislature for the protection of miners, but the Government of India have reasons to think that these are not likely to prove adequate in future years. A very large amount of coal is now standing in pillars and its extraction must necessarily involve to a large degree the danger that is ordinarily attendant on the driving of galleries by which the bulk of the coal has been extracted in the past. It is also probable that the losses of coal due to fires and collapses will in future be more extensive than they have been in the past unless proper steps are taken

METHODS OF EXTRACTING

The Government of India have accordingly decided, as already announced in the Legislative Assembly, to appoint a committee to enquire into the methods of extracting coal underground and to report on the measures which are taken:- (1) To secure the safety of those employed on this work, and (2) to prevent avoidable waste of coal.

In connecton with part (1) the committee are asked to consider specially: (a) The dangers arising from underground fires.

(b) The dangers arising from collapses of workings, and

(c) The suitability of explosives in use and the methods of using and storing them.

In connection with part (2) the committee are asked to consider specially:

(a) The control that should be exercised over mining methods to ensure that a substantial proportion of coal is not rendered incapable of extraction. (b) The extent to which it is desirable and practicable to enforce the partial or complete filling of the space from which coal is removed by incombustible material, and (c) The manner in which the cost of any action that may be recommended should be met.

METHODS OF COMMITTEE

The Committee will be constituted as follows:—

Chairman: Mr. L. B. Burrows, Commissioner of Burdwan Division; and Members: Sir Jehangir Cooverjee Coyajee, Prof. of the Andhra University, Mr. J. Mackie, Agent of the Eastern Coal Company, Limited, Mr. H. K. Nag, Agent of the Chasnala Coal Company, Mr. N. Barraclough, Inspector of Mines, Dr. M. S. Krishnan, Geologist of the Geological Survey of India, the Secretary of the Committee will be Mr. M. Ikramullah, I.C.S.

The Inquiry of the Committee will be limited to the coalfields of Bengal, Bihar and the Central Provinces and its headquarters will be Calcutta. It is expected to assemble about the end of the proximo.—A.P.

CENTRAL

Near Girgaum Tram Terminus off Queen's Road

THREE SHOWS DAILY at 3-30, 6-30, & 10 p.m.

METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER'S

breeziest and merriest comedy of the season

"PICCADILLY JIM"

with

ROBERT MONTGOMERY
FRANK MORGAN
MADGE EVANS
ERIC BLORE
BILLIE BURKE
RALPH FORBES

Plans Open. 'Phone 27787

Next Saturday

LOVELY GORGEOUS JOAN CRAWFORD

IN

"THE GORGEOUS HUSSY"

with

ROBERT TAYLOR
FRANCHOT TONE
MELWYN DOUGLAS
LIONEL BARRYMORE
BEULAH BONDI

Plans Open. 'Phone 27787.

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Enchanting Musical Romance

ROMANTIC INDIA

Commencing from Thursday, 5th November

AT

SUPER TALKIES
CHARNI ROAD

Commencing from Thursday, 5th November

Booking: Art Industry (India) Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.

WORLD RECORD FOR LIVING ON WATER ONLY

Jain Muni Mishri Lalji's 231 Days Of Fast

A local correspondent writes "To-day, (Tuesday) is the 231st day of fast observed by Jain Muni Mishri Lalji, staying at Matunga in Perviz Manzil, to bring about unity among different sections of the Jain Sadhus. Futile efforts were made by several parties and individuals to break his fast, and prevail upon the Jain leaders to accomplish his mission for which they had passed a resolution in the Ajmer Muni Samelan held in 1933, at a sacrifice of 25 lacs of rupees, calling upon all Saduhs to come under one fold. Even the most influential party under the leadership of the Mayor of Bombay failed to do anything, mainly due to the attitude of the leaders concerned, who are not prepared to carry out his mission in spite of several telegrams received by them from about 400 Jain Sadhus of high repute, from all quarters of India.

Now the Muni has left all hopes regarding his mission being fulfilled in his life-time, and has resolved to sacrifice himself for the cause which he considers of vital importance for the social and spiritual advancement particularly of the Jain Sadhus and of the community.

He also appeals to the different sections of Jain Sadhus and communities to sink all their differences and to come under one fold, which will greatly increase their moral force, and elevate their soul. He has full faith in his mission, and believes that though he would be unsuccessful in his mission in his life-time, he is sure that a day will come when people will undertake to fulfill his mission.

Up to this time he was living on water only and used to speak rarely with the interested parties and individuals in case of necessity. But from 29th inst. he will abstain from taking even a drop of water, and will observe complete silence concentrating his mind only towards ending his life peacefully, and to achieve everlasting relief for his departing soul.

He heartily thanks all the parties individuals, and Sadhus Munirajs, who tried their utmost to bring about the settlement, and helped him to accomplish his mission, but deeply regrets his inability to satisfy them."

Help Kidneys

If Kidney Trouble or Bladder Weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching or Acidity try the new discovery Cystex (Siss-tex). Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists.

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Alembic
HEMO DRAKSO MALT
for Health

Increases Blood Strength & Vigour
ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD.
BOMBAY. BARODA. MADRAS

for all Anaemic Diseases.

Small Bottle Rs. 3.
Big Bottle Rs. 5-8.
Packing and Postage Extra.

HEPILEX is the world-recognised organic treatment for all forms of anaemias, Pernicious, Nutritional, Chlorotic and Toxic Infective.

HEPILEX Builds blood, increases the power of resistance to all infectious and contagious diseases and is the most effective tonic, known to the medical world, in convalescence and to regenerate new red blood cells. A week's use is enough to show a marked increase in weight and a positive improvement of the blood picture.

It is palatable and pleasant to take.

SOLD by all CHEMISTS.

LAXMIDAS DAHYABHAI & CO. PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A beggar appeared at the Girgaum Police Court to-day and told the Magistrate that he intended to tour the Continent shortly!

Pathetic looking in dust-ridden rags, Lallu Prabhu, who was arrested by the Maharbowrie Police as he was found loitering under suspicious circumstances, said that he was a beggar at Virar.

He came to Bombay not to beg, but to make some purchases necessary for his tour on the European Continent.

Mr I. N. Mehta, Magistrate, ordered him to furnish a bail of Rs. 100 with cash deposit of Rs. 30. Otherwise he would be remanded to police custody till November 6.

Following the murder of Laxman Malhari (65) at Nul Bazar Vegetable Market yesterday the Maharbauri Police arrested Karim Syed Isoof and placed him before the Mazagaon Magistrate, to-day.

In applying for remand into custody of the accused the Police stated the accused was found in a corner of the street, with his clothes wet and dark stains were detected on his pant.

The accused could not account for these and he was arrested by the Police.

Sakharam Rama implicated by the Police in the murder of a Mahommadan on October 17 last was arrested by the De Lisle Road Police last evening and placed before the Mazagaon Magistrate, to-day.

Both the accused were ordered to be remanded to custody for 14 days, pending further Police inquiries.

Alleged Conspiracy And Cheating

The proprietor and the manager of the Victoria Hotel were arrested last night by the Colaba Police on charges of conspiracy and cheating.

Allegations that the proprietor cheated a native of Hyderabad (Deccan), who was on a visit to Bombay, of Rs. 400, given for safe custody and that the proprietor and the manager entered into a conspiracy to fraudulently receive a telegraphic money order for Rs. 300, were made at the Esplanade Police Court, to-day.

It appears Sultan Abdul Majid, a resident of Hyderabad (Deccan), went to the Victoria Hotel on September 3 last. He gave, it is alleged, a sum of Rs. 400 to the proprietor, Abdul Samad, for safe custody.

A few days later, Sultan asked for return of the money as he wished to return to Hyderabad. The money was not forthcoming, after an interval, the proprietor executed a promissory note for the amount. Sultan then left for Hyderabad on September 12.

Five days after this, a telegraphic money order for Rs. 300 came to the Hotel addressed to Sultan.

Brajgopal Varma Hargopal alias Brijmohan Rajgopal, the manager of the hotel, received, it is alleged, the money through the agency of a bogus man who stated he was Sultan.

Complaint To Office

Sultan Ahmad complained at the Hyderabad Telegraph Office about the non-receipt of the money order. The complaint was forwarded to Bombay and enquiries were started.

When the Investigating Officer of the G. P. O. went to the hotel, both the accused, it is stated, assured the officer that Sultan had received the money all right, that it was a bogus complaint, and if Sultan was arrested, a police case could be made out against him.

Allegations that the two accused had, along with one Kadir (absconding) and a Hindu, entered into a conspiracy to receive the order and sign for Sultan, were made by the police.

The magistrate (Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla) remanded the two suspects into police custody for a fortnight, pending enquiries.

Arrested Marwaris Acquitted

Harassing Innocent Persons By Such Vexatious Prosecutions, Says Defence Counsel

Three Marwaris were placed before a Bench of Honorary Magistrates in the Esplanade Police Court to answer a charge of trespass into the premises of the G. I. P. Railway (Victoria Terminus) under Section 122 of the Railway Act.

The accused were acquitted after an extended hearing.

The prosecution was conducted by the Special Railway Police Prosecutor, while the accused were represented by Mr. Chhelshankar Vyas, Advocate.

The prosecution story was that the accused Marwaris, who were moneylenders, had invaded the office of the C. T. S. on pay-day with a view to harass the employees. The Marwaris, it was alleged, were creating a disturbance and pestering the office-staff. A 'phone message was received instructing Sergeant Dangerfield to deal with the Marwaris. Accordingly Dangerfield approached the Marwaris and asked them to leave the premises. On their refusal to do so, they were placed under arrest.

Why Sergeant Arrested

Sergeant Dangerfield was subjected to a searching cross-examination by the defence counsel, in the course of which he stated that he had monetary dealings with Marwaris.

The telephone message to deal with the accused was received by him on the pay day at 1 p.m., through one Mr. Mangole who was subsequently suspended from service.

Acting on the said message he arrested the accused at 1-45 p.m. with the help of a Railway Constable. The place where the accused were standing was a public place. Members of the public having bona-fide business had access to it. There were no boards prohibiting the entry of the Public.

It was an open compound and taxis and hack-victorias were parked there. On the one side there was the C. T. S. Office, and on the other there was a bar and a restaurant to which members of the public had access through the compound without let or hindrance.

The accused were standing in the compound near the railing. They said they were watching the ticket-destroying machine. They did not produce any promissory notes executed by any Railway Employee.

On being asked to leave the compound they refused to do so. Then they were arrested. They were not told as to why they were arrested. They were standing peacefully and did not create a row. They meekly submitted to arrest. It was not true that witness disliked Marwaris and harrassed them because he had monetary dealings with them.

Standing Peacefully

Railway P. C. No. 640 was then examined and cross-examined.

The accused in their statement denied the charge and said that they had gone to the compound adjoining the C. T. S. Office to settle their claim with an employee of the office. The juvenile accused said that he had accompanied his maternal uncle to the compound out of curiosity only. They were never asked to leave the premises, but were abruptly placed under arrest.

The Railway Prosecutor in addressing the Court emphasised the 'fact' that, that moneylenders were a sort of trouble to the Railway employees and were creating nuisance on every pay-day at various offices. Instructions were received from a higher officer to deal with them. These instructions were conveyed by a written slip by Mr. Mongole to Sergeant Dangerfield.

Proceeding, the Prosecutor stated that under the Railway Act, the entry into the Railway premises for a purpose other than the one connected with Railway business was unlawful. The only legitimate business could be the Railway business. To go to any part of the Station for the purpose of demanding money was illegal, as such a demand had no connection with Railway business. The accused should, therefore, be convicted and punished.

Mr. Vyas for the defence urged that the ridiculous arguments of the Prosecution deserved no attention. The Prosecution had made out no case whatsoever. They had alleged that there were written instructions from an officer by name, Mr. Mongole, to deal with money-lenders. These instructions were not proved. Mongole was not called as a witness.

The Railway Administration were only harassing innocent persons by instituting such vexatious prosecutions. It was in the interest of public rights and for the safety of the persons going to the Railway premises to which the authorities invited them by advertisements, announcements, and various other methods, that the accused should be acquitted.

The Court in giving its decision held that the entry by the accused into the compound near the C.T.S. office was lawful and therefore acquitted the accused.

Another Acquitted

Another Marwari, Rupchand Hazarimal, who was hauled up before another bench of Honorary Magistrates on Tuesday in the Esplanade Court by the G. I. P. Railway Police on a charge of unlawfully entering the office of the Chief Engineer was acquitted by their Worship for want of sufficient evidence to bring home the charge to him under S. 122 of the Railway Act.

The Railway Inspector conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Chhelshanker Vyas, Advocate defended the accused.

Central Board Of Irrigation

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

The "United Press" learns that the Viceroy will open the meeting of the Central Board of Irrigation, which meets at the Viceregal Lodge from October 31st to November 5.

It is understood that His Excellency the Viceroy will address the Indian Railway Conference Association, which meets in Delhi on November 21.

HEAVY CASUALTIES FOLLOW ASSAULT.

PATNA, Oct. 28.

From a report just received from Bikram, Patna District, it appears that one man was killed outright and five men and about a dozen women were injured as a result of an alleged assault on an assembly of persons, mostly women and children, by the men of a local Zemindar. Among the injured persons, the condition of three is precarious.

It is stated that the incidence is a sequel to land disputes.—United Press.

Can a car be GRACEFUL yet PRACTICAL!

SEE THESE NEW MODELS AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

IN the new Austins, every inch of the body design is practical—comfortable seats, ample room all round and above, full driving vision, safety steel construction, absence of body noises or drumming—yet the body lines are graceful. These are details of the improvements and new features of the Seven, Ten, Twelve and the New Fourteen, but come and see the Dependable Austins with their new grace and with new refinements.

The same fine Austin quality—even lower running and maintenance costs—yet they are stylish in a new way. See them at your nearest Austin Agents.

THE IMPROVED SEVEN

New Engine With Three-Bearing Crankshaft.—This new engine is much more powerful and responsive. It gives better acceleration and higher top speed with extraordinary sweetness and quietness.

More Efficient Brakes.—The new braking system adds greatly to safety and control. With the application of slight pedal pressure retardation is immediate but smooth on all four wheels and further pressure gives positive braking free from skidding.

Sweet-Acting Clutch.—The new flexible clutch of single plate type takes up the load smoothly—there is no "snatch" engagement being gradual and sure.

Coachwork Refinements.—The body design is of greatly improved appearance. It is now fully panelled and the windscreen has increased slope. The moulding carried horizontally from radiator to rear gives an added touch of smartness.

These many refinements enhance the outstanding performance and appeal of the world-famed Austin Seven. More than ever, with its increased efficiency and acknowledged running economy, this car provides the most dependable form of transport for those who wish to reduce motoring to its lowest cost.

TEN, TWELVE & FOURTEEN

New Sound-Insulated Bodies For Silence.—An important feature of these new roomier and more comfortable cars is the absence of body noise. The steel roof, body-sides and floor are covered with special sound-insulating material which ensures silence. In the Sliding-head Twelve and Fourteen a suitcase (fitted on the Ten at extra cost) is housed in the tail together with the spare wheel.

New Brakes for Greater Safety.—New brakes of Girling-pattern are introduced—a system which provides extraordinarily powerful braking action with smooth operation, giving a wide margin of safety.

New Frame. Longer Road Springs For Riding Comfort.—The semi-elliptic road springs front and rear are now longer and, in conjunction with the hydraulic shock absorbers, provide greatly increased riding comfort.

New Engine Mounting—Less Vibration—Larger Body Room.—The engine is carried well forward on new rubber mountings to absorb vibration. The forward position allows more room to be devoted to body space.

Improved Steering—Adjustable Steering Wheel.—The steering has been greatly improved, giving delightfully easy handling and perfect control at all speeds. On the Fourteen Goodwood Saloon the steering wheel is instantly adjustable to the reach of the individual driver.

New Clutch.—On these models a new flexible clutch of single-plate type is also introduced which takes up the drive easily and positively.

New Wheels With Low Pressure Tyres.—Still further riding comfort is ensured by the introduction of low pressure tyres on the pressed steel wheels which are handsome and easy to clean.

New Instrument Board Grouping.—In the redesigned fascia board the instruments, with large-sized dials, are now grouped together in a pleasing design and are indirectly lighted, giving non-glare vision for night driving. New type scuttle mounted windscreen wipers are silent in operation.

PRICES EFFECTIVE—OCTOBER 15th, 1936
At Main Ports.

	Rs.
SEVEN	
Two Seater	2,138
Open Tourer	2,358
Fixed Head Saloon Ruby	2,490
De-Luxe Saloon Ruby	2,625
Pearl Cabriolet	2,690
TEN-FOUR	
Tourer and Two Seater	3,350
Cambridge Fixed Head Saloon	3,460
Cambridge De-Luxe Saloon	3,590
Colwyn Cabriolet	3,740
TWELVE-FOUR	
Tourer and Two Seater	3,990
New Ascot Fixed Head Saloon	4,130
New Ascot De-Luxe Saloon	4,380
FOURTEEN 15·9 h.p.	
Tourer and Two Seater	4,325
Goodwood Fixed Head Saloon	4,550
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AUSTIN AGENTS.

BOMBAY—The Automobile Co., Ltd. CALCUTTA & DARJEELING—Steuart & Co., Ltd. MADRAS—South Indian Motor Co. LAHORE—Pearey Lal & Sons (Lahore), Ltd. DELHI & RAWALPINDI—Pearey Lal & Sons, Ltd. KARACHI—Naraindas & Co. JODHPUR & INDORE—Sanghi Bros. COIMBATORE—Stanes Motors (South India), Ltd. QUETTA—Menghraj & Co. *Representatives for India:*

R. E. M. PRATT, P.O. Box 31, New Delhi.

AUSTIN WHAT AN INVESTMENT!

STONES IN FLUSH TANK

50 Suspected Of Arson And Looting, On Bail

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Fifty persons, both Hindus and Muslims, arrested yesterday in connection with looting and arson in the city were placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day.

All of them were ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 500 each or in default to be remanded to custody for 14 days.

The whole staff of the Dongri police station was mobilised last evening to round up persons suspected in house-breaking, thefts, assaults and arson in the city and who were stated to have shifted their abodes to two vacant plots on Memonwada Road.

The shelter of these suspects had been fenced off by railings.

The Police arrested 40 Muslims and placed them before the Magistrate, to-day.

Three Hindus arrested by the Maharbouri and the Agripada Police suspected in similar offences were given a similar bail.

Stones In Building

Parbhu Damaji and four other Hindus arrested by the Nagpada police on discovery of missiles in a room of a building in 8th Lane, Kamatipura, following a raid, were also placed before the Magistrate, to-day.

The Police in applying for bail stated that a search was instituted in the building which yielded bags of stones and pieces of glass, perhaps, stored for purposes of employing them as missiles.

"The flush tank had been emptied and dislocated," the officer stated, "and it was filled with stones."

The accused who could not satisfactorily account for these were arrested by the Police. The Magistrate ordered them to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 500 each.

The accused paid the bail amount.

After an exciting game, Morris College, Nagpur, defeated the University College of Law, Nagpur, by two goals to one and thus won the Chanda District Agriculture Fair Cup for Football, in connection with the University Sports Tournament.

SLEEP WELL and wake refreshed

You can make sure of sound natural sleep by taking Genasprin. No matter how over-tired, worried, irritated and restless you may feel, two tablets of Genasprin in water taken at bed-time will help you to sleep well and wake refreshed. Genasprin cannot disturb the digestion or affect the heart. Nor is it habit-forming. Notice how Genasprin disintegrates completely in water—this indicates its absolute purity and rapidity of action. Doctors everywhere recommend it.

Sold in bottles of 35 tablets by all Chemists and Bazar Dealers.

GENASPRIN

Manufactured by Genatosan Ltd., Loughborough, England. THE SAFE BRAND OF ASPIRIN

We know your eagerness to see this superb Indian Talkie—so you will be glad to learn that it

COMMENCES NEXT SATURDAY

BHAKTA CHETA

PRABHAT'S STAR
RATNAPRABHA
with her melodious songs does wonders!

A picture for which every Indian will be proud
As the curfew order now is from 12 midnight.
Please Specially note our timings:
2-30; 5-15; 7-30; 9-45 P. M.
You will reach home before the curfew time

WELLINGTON CINEMA
DHOBI TALAO.

HEMOBIN
A PALATABLE COMBINATION OF PURE HAEMOGLOBIN and Hormones of Normal Blood and assimilable Organic Iron
WITHOUT ARSENIC & STRYCHNINE

FOR Anaemia of all Stages and Types

HEMOBIN

with Liver polypeptides
A palatable preparation of
PURE HAEMOGLOBIN
Is a rapid & efficient
BLOOD REGENERATOR

BENGAL CHEMICAL : CALCUTTA.

Agents:—ORIENT DRUG AGENCY Princess Street, BOMBAY 2.

BREATHE VAPEX AND STOP THAT COLD

RHEUMATISM

This famous 88 years old remedy gives such wonderful relief from pain that the proprietors of Eade's Pills rely entirely on SUCCESS for their profits. No matter how badly you have been suffering from rheumatism, rheumatic gout, gout, sciatica, or lumbago Eade's Pills contain no thing but pure vegetable remedies Get the habit of taking an Eade's Pill every week-end They are the finest regular medicine you can take to keep you fit

EADE'S PILLS

FROM ALL CHEMISTS REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES

Stockist: R. M. ZAVERY, Princess Street.

ONE WAY ONLY TO END ASTHMA IN 10 MINUTES

HAY FEVER · BRONCHIAL ASTHMA BRONCHITIS · CHRONIC COUGHS

There is ONE and only ONE remedy for Asthma and Hay Fever. There is only ONE such remedy approved by the Highest Medical Authority. There is only ONE remedy that will break up an attack in 10 MINUTES. That remedy is "Ephazone." In 10 MINUTES "Ephazone" restores to normal condition a gasping, choking patient, fighting for breath, twisting and turning in agony, watering from the eyes and nose. In 10 MINUTES "Ephazone" restores easy, natural breathing; ends that watering from the eyes and nose and delivers a tortured mind and body from the terrible grip of Asthma and Hay Fever. "Ephazone" and "Ephazone" only can accomplish this modern miracle. No remedy is so safe, so swift or so sure as "Ephazone." No remedy but "Ephazone" offers the Asthma and Hay Fever sufferer a sound night's rest.

Life-Long Asthma Ended in 5 Minutes

"I must say that 'Ephazone' Tablets are the most wonderful things I have ever taken for Asthma. I have had it all my life-time (age 48) and have tried everything. I took one as directed and felt better in 5 minutes. I might say at the time I had a cold and most awful cough which it relieved quite just away."—H.L.

NOTE.—Ephazone is acknowledged by the Highest Medical Authority. Approved by the National Health Insurance Co. Britain's Scheme for Panel Patients; used in 800 leading hospitals and by 12,000 doctors.

EPHAZONE ENDS ASTHMA IN 10 MINUTES

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET NOW.

Containing further convincing proof of the amazing efficacy of "Ephazone" in all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis and other lung and Chest disorders. Write NOW to P.O Box 159, Bombay.

Insist on "EPHAZONE." Each carton is sealed with Red Seal bearing Trade Mark as illustrated above. "Ephazone" is sold at Rs. 2, Rs. 5 and Rs. 10 For trial size send As. 8 in stamps to K. L. MARKER, Standard Building, Hornby Road, P. O. Box 268 Bombay

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.)
GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m.)
GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.).

p. m.
7-30 Big Ben. The BBC Theatre Organ.
8-0 The BBC Empire Orchestra.
9-0 Talk.
9-15 Military and Band Concert.
10-0 The News and Announcements.
10-20 "Round and About"
10-30 Close down.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s. 31.36 metres, 9560 kc/s.

a.m.
11-30.—Selection of Indian Music. Columbia Urdu Comic Party. "Film Bhoot.' Parts 1 and 2. Vasant Kumar and Veena Vasant. "Such hai Bhagwan." "Preet Ki Reet Bata." Gohar, (Karnataki). "Jab Chupta Too To." "Sayyan Badeshi." Dilshad Begaum. "Kab Ghar Aye." "Prabhu Kar Sob Dukh Door." Columbia Gujerati Comic Party. "Alakh Niranjan." Parts 1 and 2. "Kaliyugnoo Kanayyo." Parts 1 and 2.

p.m.
1-0.—Available Market Rates. An H.M.V. Recorded Programme. New light symphony orchestra. "Zampa." Ken Harvey (Banjoist.) "The world is waiting for the sunrise." "A musical Journey from New York to California." Paul Robeson. (Bass.) "Little man You've had a busy day." "I ain't lazy, I'm just dreamin." Marek Weber and his orchestra. "Standchen." "Faithful jumping jack." Hilo Hawaiian orchestra. "Blue Hawaii." "Sparkling waters of waikiki." Johnny Marvin. "Go along, Bum, and keep on bumming along." "Jack and Jil." Sydney Gustard. (Cinema Organ.) "Pan and the wood goblins." "Wee Macgregor Patrol." H. L. Shewell. "Love sends a little gift of Roses." "In a monastery garden." Jeanette MacDonald (Soprano.) "Vilia." "I love you so." Marek Weber and his orchestra. "Flower of Hawaii." Kirioff's Balailaika orchestra. "Potpourri of Waltzes." Masses Bands of the Southern Command. "Poet and peasant."
6-0.—Relay from Capitol Cinema.
6-30.—Stories and Songs. By Marion and Zena. (To-day children will hear all about men who get pearls, life on sugar plantation, etc.
7-0.—A Short Piano Recital. By Daulat Nanavaty. "Sonata Op. 90" Beethoven. "Nocturne Op. 32 No. 1" Chopin "Ballade" Alfred Mistowski. Theme and the First Two Variations from Sonata Op. 26. Beethoven.
7-30.—Latest Film Hits. (Recorded.)
8-30.—Commercial News and News in Hindi.
9-0.—Hawaiian Guitar Solos. By Antsher Lobo. "Habanera" (Carmen). Bizet. "Poema" Melfi. "Alatau Waltz" Kali. "Blue Moon' R. Rodgers. "Negro Song" Arr. Antsher Lobo, "Goodbye Hawaii" Dave Apollon
9-30.—Talk (English): "Lives of Great men" No. 3 Voltaire. By W. W. Russell.
9-45.—News in Hindi.
10-0.—(S.B.) Kumar Gandharva. In light popular songs. Assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra. "Radha Krishna Bola" Bhajan. "Avo Mohanlal" Mand Jogi. "Mere to girdhara Gopal" Bhajan "Dinnath Ababar Tumhari" Bhajan Tilang "Banao Batiya Chalo" Bhirvi.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s.

p.m.
12-36.—(S.B.) Time Signal. The Grand Hotel Orchestra. In Lunch Time Selections. Relayed from the Palm Court of the Grand Hotel. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Ricercraft.
1-26.—Talk: "Stories of Harun-Al-Rashid." By Shahadat Hossain.
2-6.—Bengali Songs. By Seuli Sircar and Bina Sen.
2-36.—Talk: "Denizens of the Sky" By Bishnu Sarma.
5-6.—A Village Programme. Our Rites and Rituals. The Significance of Lakshmi Puja. Orchestra —Kirtan. When Masons Work and Sing. (Recorded.)
5-56.—Bengali Songs. Basanti Das Gupta. Sati Devi. Karuna Ghose. Amiya Sircar.
6-51.—Kheyal, Iman. By Maya Devi.
7-6.—"The Goddess of Fortune." (A Sacred Legend.)
The first of a series of Broadcasts representing Sacred Legendary Tales, wherein the legend of the Goddess of Fortunes visit to earth following the Durga Fooja is presented to listeners. Written and arranged by Bani Kumar. Music by Sailesh Datta Gupta.
8-6 SB Talk: "The Preservation of Wood". By Shivapada Sinha Roy, Forest Department, Government of Bengal.
8-21 SB Film Song Hits (Recorded).
8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Belgali).
8-46 SB The News and Announcements.
9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English).
9-6 The News and Announcements.
9-21 SB Talk: "Ancestry of Society: The Origin of Society". By Dr. Radha Kemal Mukherjee.
9-36 SB A Studio Concert. Alyse Bourrillion. Syncopated Pianiste. Doris Sheppard. Soprano. Eddy Texeira. With his Musical Saw. Con Aston. Entertainer at the Piano.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

a.m.
8-0 Srimad Bhagwad Geeta. (Text and Translation.) By Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi.
8-15.—Indian music. (Recorded.)
9-0.—Talk (Hindustani): "Famous Hindi Books" No. 5. Prem Sagar. By Anand Swaroop Vidyarthi.
9-15.—AIR Orchestra, Basant Mukhari.
9-25.—Asad Ali Khan. "Shugan bicharo re bamna." Khayal Mian ki Todi. "Jao jao Kanhai." Thumri Bhairwin. "Duniya se kia gharaz mujhe duniya kahin rahe Bas astan-i-dost peh apni jabin rahe."
9-55.—Benazir Bai of Jaipur. "Mahadev Shankar jata jut" Khayal Bhatiar. "Rog dil ko laga ankhen Ik tamasha dikhat gain ankhen." (Hasrat.)
10-15.—Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. "Janam akarat gaiyo." Bhajan.
10-25.—P. S. Mukherji. Sarod——Alayya Bilwal.

p.m.
12-30.—AIR Orchestra. Suha.
12-40.—Benazir Bai of Jaipur. "Woh is ada se wahan ja ke sharmsar aya Raqib par mujhe beikhtiyarr piar aya."
12-50.—Asad Ali Khan "Baje more paeliya". Thumri Barwa. "Ashk-i-kuhn rang lae jata hai. Dagh apni jamae jata hai."
1-0.—Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. "Mira Gopal Girdhari Zamane se nirala hai." Bhajan.
1-20.—Benazir Bai. "Shokh chitwan ko tiri rashk-i-qamar dekh liya." Khamsa.
1-30.—"Musical Comedy." (A Recorded Programme.)

p.m.
5-0.—AIR Orchestra. Sri Rag.
5-10.—Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. "Ai Sham dhun sunai." Dhurpad Pilu.
5-20.—Asad Ali Khan. "Eri hun to." Khayal Sri Rag.
5-30.—P. S. Mukherji. Puriya Dhanasri on Violin.
5-40.—Benagir Bai of Jaipur. "Lag rahi ratna tum sag." Asthai Bhim Plasi.
5-50.—Asad Ali Khan. "Tarig-i-ishq men hai rahnuma dil Payambar dil hai Qibla dil Khuda dil." (Mir Taqi.)
6-0.—Malang Khan. Aiman Kalliyan on Sitar.
6-10.—Benazir Bai of Jaipur. "Par karo mori nayya Shah Najaf ke basayya."
6-20. 1st News and Wather Report (English.)
6-20.—1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani.)
6-40.—Aziz-ur-Rahman. "Jis ne hamare dil ka namuna dikha diya Us aine ko khak men us ne mila diya" (Dagh).
6-50.—Ghulam Sabir. Kamod on Sarangi.
7-0.—"For Villagers Only." (Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.)
8-0.—Talk (Hindustani): "Where does it come from?" No. 1. Iron. By Prof. S. H. Zaidi.
8-15.—Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. "Gunijan gawat rag Hamir." Laxan Git Hamir.
8-25.—Asad Ali Khan. "Ali ri main jagi sagri rain." Khayal Khambawati "Chalat chalat Mathra nagri men." Thumri Bageshwari. "Sunshai Kamaniya la." Dakshani Ang.
8-55.—Benazir Bai of Jaipur. "Surat mori kahe ko bisrai Ram." Thumri Tilang. "Dil tir--i-nazar ka nishana hua." Dadra.
9-15.—2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani.)
9-30.—2nd News and Weather Report (English.)
9-45.—Talk (English): "The Way of the World" No. 9. Current events in Europe. By Dr. Percival Spear.
10-0.—"The Table under the Tree." (A BBC Recorded Programme.) By Wilfred Rooke Ley. Produced by Bryan Michil. Assisted by Walford Hyden and his Orchestra.

Java Programme

4-45 Light gram. Music.
6-00 Close down.
9-00 Hot pot.
9-40 Religious 20 minutes.
10-00 Weather report and popular music.
10-30 The Richard Schmidberger trio.
11-20 News.
11-30 Lunch concert by Niron Orchestra.
12-00 Dance music.
12-20 News.
12-30 Close down.
16-00 Mario "Harp" Lorenzi and his orchestra.
16-15 For the boys.
16-45 South African songs.
17-00 News.
17-20 Opera concert.
18-30 Weekly foreign news report.
18-55 Popular concert by Nirom Orchestra.
20-00 Dance Music.
20-30 Light gram. music.
21-00 Close down.

Phohi Programmes

WAVELENGTH 16.88 m.

8-30 National Anthem and opening announcement.
18-35 Music.
18-40 Latest News from Holland.
18-45 Piano Concert by Han Beuker and Wouter Denijs.
19-10 Declamation by Mrs. Amy Groskamp-ten Have.
19-30 Music.
19-50 Continuation of the piano concert by Han Beuker and Wouter Denijs
20-10 Dance music.
20-30 Closing down. National Anthem.

SAFETY FIRST IN BUILDING

Bombay Association Holds Colaba Lay-out Unsuitable

The Safety First Association of India (Bombay) has addressed a letter to Government pointing out that the proposed lay-out of the railway land at Colaba, Bombay, is quite unsuitable for modern traffic conditions.

The Association has submitted a lay-out, which it claims would overcome many of the disadvantages with little loss of building area.

The letter states that the lay-out proposed by Government is unsatisfactory because Wodehouse Road and Colaba Causeway, which run on either side of the railway land are intersected by too many cross-roads On the other hand, the lay-out suggested by the Association makes provision for a 100-foot cross road running across from the harbour to the sea-wall of the Back Bay reclamation. This is intended to reduce intersections with the main traffic, thus permitting of improved traffic flow and decreasing liability to accidents.

The Association also urges the necessity of an ordered plan of development for the lay-out of the whole city to be dealt with by a town planning expert, assisted by a small committee of representatives of the Municipality the motoring association, landlords architects, pedestrians and the police.

QUESTION OF PRODUCTION OF BOOKS

Magistrate Holds No Sufficient Grounds To Compel Bank

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

On the application made by Mr. P. D. Shamdasani, under the Bankers' Books' Evidence Act, for the production of books of the Central Bank, more particularly the Miscellaneous Adjustment Account, it proves the case for the prosecution, Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, ruled that he did not see that there were sufficient grounds to compel the Bank to produce the books for inspection.

The ruling covered 17 written pages, in which the Magistrate reviewed the chequered proceedings of the case from the time the interlocutory applications were filed and arguments were heard on and against them.

After the ruling was given, Mr. P. D. Shamdasani argued on his second application under section 94 of the Criminal Procedure Code, which said that the order for production of the books carried with it the jurisdiction for the prosecution to inspect the books.

In the above case, Sir Hugh Goldring Cooke and three others, partners in the firm of Messrs Fergusson and Co., and Messrs Billimoria and Co., Auditors and Accountants of the Central Bank, are charged with issuing a false Balance Sheet with a report appended to it, where false statements were alleged to have been made wilfully and knowingly. The case was instituted at the instance of Mr. P. D. Shamdasani, a shareholder of the Bank.

Breach Of Confidence

At the resumed hearing of the case on Tuesday the Magistrate in his ruling, observed that he did not think that the Bankers Books' Evidence Act conferred any extraordinary powers of discovery to the complainant and attaching importance to the ruling cited by the counsel for the Defence, Mr. Haji held that the inspection of books, as claimed by the complainant, did commit a breach of contract and confidence on the part of the Bank in relation to its customers.

The Magistrate, therefore, made another order to the effect that his former order might not be enforced.

Mr. Shamdasani then, arguing on the second application, said that it was a wider prayer and pointed out that there were not many authorities to cite against that application as against his former one.

Mr. Shamdasani contended, according to the ruling of the Bombay High Court (in re: Lakmidas Naranji, 1903.5 Bom L. R. 980), in the words of Justice Chandavarkar that if the Legislature did not intend by that section that the right to inspect should follow as a necessary consequence of the production ordered under it, the production of such document or book before the Court at any trial must cease to have any value.

If it was not for inspection, he asked in the same words of the judge, for what other purpose could the Legislature have intended the power to compel production to be used by a criminal court?

SHAMDASANI'S CONTENTION

The Court having once ordered the production of the Bank's books, it was bound to give inspection. Otherwise, Mr. Shamdasani contended, that order was valueless. It would only be a legal farce. He contended that justice Chandavarkar had laid down the law in that connection.

Court: The books referred in that case were those of the accused but here the books belong to the third party, namely, the Bank and you should show that the same ruling applies to the present case.

Shamdasani: It has not been disputed that there is incriminating evidence in the books of the Bank and their relevency has been held by your worship. Moreover the ruling of the High Court was with regard to the order made by the Magistrate to produce the books.

Mr. Shamdasani pointed out that it was with difficulty and after several hearings that the order for the production of books was secured. Moreover, he could say without any fear of contradiction—and he could swear to that—that the defence proceedings in the case were financed by the Bank and that was, he held, at the cost of the shareholders' money or the investing public.

At this stage the court rose for the day and further hearing of the case was postponed to October 29.

Mr. P. D Shamdasani appeared in person while Mr. Velinker defended the Bank.

Mrs Bakulabai Abhyankar has donated Rs 500 towards the construction of the new Mahila Vidyalaya Building, Saugor.

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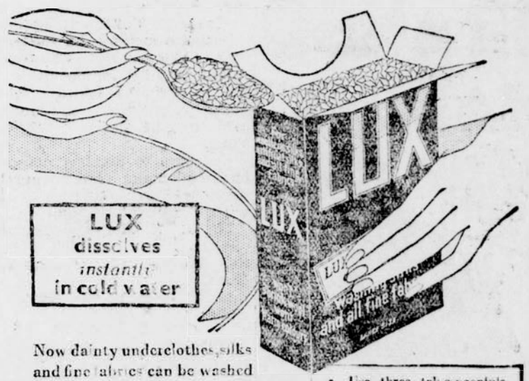

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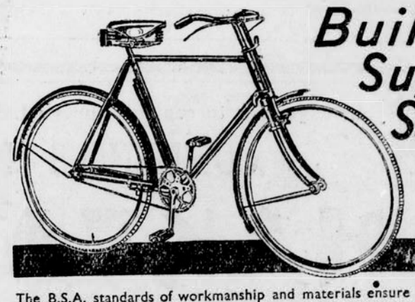

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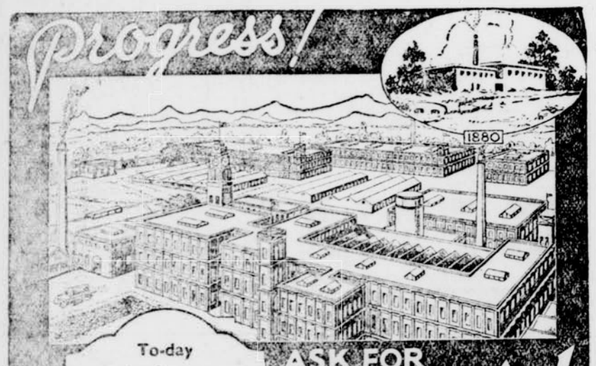

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LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Ashwin Shud 14, 1992
Muslim: Shaban 13, 1355
Parsi: Ardibehest 24, 1306
Hightide: 10-37; 23-29
Lowtide: 4-32; 16-49
Sunrise: 6h. 37m.
Sunset: 6h. 6m.

Meeting of the Bombay Presidency (Composite) Parliamentary Committee at 2 p.m. at the Congress House.

Meeting of the Standing Committee of Princes, Taj Mahal Hotel, 11 a.m.

S. S. Kaiser-i-Hind with mails from London of October 15, due at 8 p.m.

Friday, October 30.

General Conference of Ministers from all over India, Town Hall, 11 a.m.

Saturday, October 31.

General Conference of Princes and Ministers, Town Hall, 11 a.m.

S.S. "Kaiser-i-Hind" with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

Monday, Nov. 2.

Results B. E. (Civil Mechanical and Electrical) examinations University Buildings at 2 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

MATULAL ATMARAM—On the 28th October, at his residence, Gilbert Building, Babulnath Cross Road, Chowpatty, Matulal Atmaram, Accountant, Tata Sons, Ltd."

COMMERCE GRADUATES' DINNER TO MEET MERCHANT

The Secretary writes:—

The members of the Commerce Graduates' Association are informed that a "Dinner" has been arranged on Thursday, the 5th November, 1936, at 8 p.m. to be held at the Mongini when Mr. Vijay M. Merchant, B. Com., the Indian Test Cricketer and a member of our association will be the guest of honour.

Mr. Sorab S. Engineer will preside.

Members desirous of participating are requested to inform the Hon. Secretaries before the 1st November, 1936.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Follow The Fleet" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Piccadilly Jim." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"The Prisoner of Shark Island." Time as usual.

EXCELSIOR—"The Ex Mrs. Bradford" daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Pride of India" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Maya". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PALACE—"The Great Ziegfeld." Time as usual.

PATHE—"Rhythm on the Range." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Bright Eyes." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Anthony Adverse." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA—"G. Men" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Achhut Kanya." Daily at 5-15 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Grah Laxmi". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

We have received from Messrs. M. Vadilal and Co., Princess Street, Bombay, specimens of greeting cards, booklets, notes and cheque book and also a blotting pad printed in their Phoenix Press, Ahmedabad.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

Lt: Colonel and Mrs. W. K. Morrison and Lt: Colonel and Mrs. F.B.N. Tinley lunched at Government House on Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay received the Hon'ble Sardar Shri Jagannath Maharaj Pandit at Government House on Tuesday.

Mr. C. G. Freke arrived at Government House on Tuesday.

LATE A. M. KAJIJI

An emergency meeting of the Board of Control of the Bombay Recreation Club held on Monday passed the following resolution.

"This meeting expresses its deep sense of regret and sorrow on the sad demise of its popular Patron Mr. Abdeally M. Kajiji (may peace be on him) and sympathises with his family in their bereavement."

BOHRA BROTHERHOOD'S CONDOLENCE

The Secretary writes:—

A special meeting of the members of the Bohra Brotherhood was held on Tuesday to express sorrow at the sad death of the late Mr. Abdeally Kajiji a prominent member of the community and a public man. Resolutions were passed to this effect.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Regd. and unregd. Mails for Straits Settlements, Via Calcutta will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 29th instant.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per S.S. "Press Polk" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Friday the 30th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N.Y.K. Steamer "Denmark Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 23rd October, and is expected to arrive here on or about the 20th November. S.S. "Tango Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 26th October, and is due to arrive here on Friday the 30th October at day light.

"Dollar Steamship Lines S.S. President Polk voy. 40 will arrive here on the 29th instant at 5-30 p.m. and will land passengers by tender at Ballard Pier. She will again sail on Saturday the 31st instant at 9-30 a.m. with passengers and cargo for Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa Marseilles, New York and Boston."

Passengers must be present for medical inspection at 9-0 a.m.

BHULESHVAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE

An ordinary and a special meeting of the Managing Council of the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee will meet to-day Thursday at 8 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee office, Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road.

MAYOR'S FAMINE RELIEF FUND

There will be no meeting of the Executive Committee of the Mayor's Famine Relief Fund, to-day Thursday.

DISCRETION TO HEADS OF SCHOOLS

Schools Committee's Decision On Closing Of City Institutions

In view of the normal times the Schools Committee at its meeting on Wednesday decided to issue instructions to the heads of the Schools to the effect that the discretion of keeping the Schools closed for some time was entirely with the heads of the Schools and that no order could be issued from the office regarding the reopening of such Schools; but, however, the heads might keep their Schools closed for time being if they thought that such a step was necessary in particular localities. Whenever the Schools would be temporarily closed by heads of Schools from Monday onwards they should do so giving the reason for keeping the Schools closed.

Mr. M. N. Talpade was in the Chair.

School For Vedic Hindus In City

(From A Correspondent).

The opening ceremony of a school for Vedic studies took place at Phadke Wadi, Girgaum, Bombay, on Sunday last, Nyaya Ratna Prof. Dhundiraj Shastri Vinod presiding. His learned address on "Place of Logic in Indian Philosophy," was delivered to a large and distinguished audience.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

A general body meeting of the Journalists' Association of India will be held at 107 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay on Saturday, (Oct. 31) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to consider the recommendations of the Sub-Committee appointed at the last general body meeting of the Association, to inquire into the actual wages and working conditions of working journalists in Bombay.

SARASWAT DEEN VATSAL SANGH

The 28th annual report of the Saraswat Deen Vatsal Sangh, Bombay is now ready and is being sent to members. The Hon. Secretary requests that members who have not received it yet should please inform him immediately.

SANGAT SABHA

Prof. V. N. Naik will deliver his last address on Tagore's "Religion of Man" to-day Thursday at 6-30 p.m. in the Prarthana Mandir Girgaum.

LAKSHMI POOJA.

The Secretary, Durga Pooja Committee, writes:

The Sarbwajanin Lakshmi Pooja of the Bengali residents of Bombay will be celebrated in the Hindustan Compound, 12, Sleater Road, to-day, (Thursday), at 7 p.m. (S.T.)

INDIAN INSURANCE CLUB TOURNAMENT

The Secretaries write:—

"Entries are invited for the Inter Insurance Cricket Tournament for the Dr. D. A. D'Monte Cup and Dr. Mrs. Ceceilla D'Monte Shield for the Winners and the Runners Up respectively, commencing from Sunday the 22nd Nov. 1936. The last date of entry is 5th November, 1936. The entrance fee is Rs. 10 only.

The tournament is open to all the insurance companies, foreign or Indian, having their head offices or branch offices in Bombay. The tournament rules will be supplied on application.

The entries together with the entrance fee of Rs. 10 should be sent to the Jt. Hon. Secretaries for Inter-Insurance Cricket Tournaments, Bombay Mutual Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay."

MUSLIM MISSIONARY FOR AMERICA.

The Asstt. Hon. Secretary, Ahmadiya movement writes:—

Sufi M. R. Bengalee, M.A., the well-known scholar and Muslim Missionary in America, who came to India early in this year, is now in Bombay to sail per s.s. "Kaiser-i-Hind" on the 31st instant.

Sufi Bengalee is accompanied by his wife and a daughter and Mr. M. I. Nasir, his Assistant. They were to have left by s.s. "Mongolia" but due to the indisposition of Miss Bengalee, their departure had to be postponed. The functions and a public lecture arranged in his honour had to be cancelled due to the bad situation in the city.

The Sufi will take up his usual duties at the Headquarters of the Ahmadiyya Muslim Movement at Chicago taking charge of the Muslim Mission there and the "Moslem Sunrise" a journal published by the Mission.

His services to Islam and humanity at large have been greatly and vastly appreciated both in India and abroad.

GIRL'S PLUCKY ACTION AGAINST MAVALI

Mr. S. Pandya, Sitaram Poddar Balika Vidyalaya, writes:—

A girl student of the Sitaram Poddar Balika Vidyalaya of Bombay is the heroine of a brave act, in punishing a mavali who dared to enter her house. One night the girl was lying in bed all alone in her house, all others having gone out. All of a sudden a mavali quietly entered the house and latched the front door. The girl saw him, and began to shout for help, but the intruder threatened her with an open knife. Finding no way of escape, she caught hold of her brother's cane stick having an iron knob, hanging on the wall and with it hit hard the un-friendly visitor. In the meantime the neighbours had gathered outside and they handed him over to the police.

CZECHOSLOVAKIAN REPUBLIC

Consul In Bombay Gives Party To Celebrate 18th Anniversary

Czechoslovaks throughout the world celebrated the eighteenth anniversary of the Republic on Wednesday.

In Bombay, Dr. Klemens, Consul for Czechoslovakia, and Mrs. P. P. Klemens gave a party at their residence at Wodehouse Road.

Dr. Klemens, in a short speech, said that the celebrations took place for the first time under the presidency of Dr. Eduard Benes.

Benes was a collaborator of Masaryk, and that was an important fact for it was a guarantee for maintaining the traditions of the Republic. It was also, the Consul continued, a guarantee for the safety of democracy and for the maintenance of peace based on international understanding and the League of Nations.

WHAT IS PACIFISM?

Dr. Benes gave his attention to the army and the defence of the country because "pacifism must not mean that you remain weak and give an opportunity to your potential aggressor."

Referring to the situation in Europe, the Consul observed that on one side there was a general trade recovery and "the waning of world crisis." And on the other there was a race in armaments and one could see "would-be Napoleons threatening or preparing to unleash the hounds of war which would wipe out Europe and annihilate civilisation."

In conclusion, he expressed the hope that wise counsels would prevail and the world would be spared a calamity. He then invited the guests of the evening to drink to the health of the Republic and of Benes and Masaryk.

Besides members of the Consular Corps in Bombay, Sir Chunilal Mehta, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Sethna and Mr. Simon Pereira were present on the occasion.

Hospitals And Dispensaries In Mysore

ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR 1935.

The Administration Report of the Medical Department for the calendar year 1935, which has just been reviewed by the Government gives an idea of both the increasing amounts spent by the Government towards medical aid in the rural and urban areas, and the advantage taken of the increased facilities provided, by a large number of the public.

The number of medical institutions working during the year were 281. In all, 47,475 in-patients and 4,471,590 out-patients were treated as compared with 43,668 in-patients and 4,332,820 out-patients during the previous year. The number of beds available for in-patients rose from 2,069 to 2,574. Besides the above, 126 Ayurvedic and Unani dispensaries afforded relief to about 1,224,063 sufferers.

The expenditure of the department during the year was Rs. 17,29,019 as against Rs. 15,09,558 in the previous year.

City's Health Returns

The health returns of Bombay during the 43rd week of 1936, i.e., the week ended 24th October were as under:—

The total mortality 638 was 97 more than that of the last week and the death-rate registered was 28.5 on the Census population of 1931, as against 542 the mortality and death-rate 24.3 for the 43rd week of 1935. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the proceeding quinquennium was 517 and death-rate 23.1.

Out of the total deaths, 158 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, Small-pox caused 1 attack imported from Santa Cruz and no death. Cholera and Plague were absent during the week. There were 8 deaths from Typhoid. Cerebro-Spinal Fever caused 5 attacks and 6 deaths.

The number of live births registered during the week was 538 as against 780 for the 43rd week of 1935 and 699 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in five years (1931-1935.)

Namaji Relief Committee's Legal Aid

The Secretary, Namaji Relief Committee, Bombay, writes:—

Under the joint auspices of the Namaji Relief Committee and some other organisations arrangments have been made for the defence of the Muslims arrested for alleged offences connected with the riots. The Committee has entrusted the defence to Mr. M. T. Kadarbhoy, Bar.-at-Law, and Mr. M. Ebrahim, B.A., LL.B., advocate, who have begun work in right earnest.

The Committee appeals to all interested in securing legal assistance to the arrested persons to see the lawyers in their chambers at St. Mary Road, opposite Mazagaon Police Court Bombay.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

The Curfew Order

As forecast by the *Bombay Chronicle* exactly a week ago, the Curfew Order has been modified by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, owing to the general improvement in the situation in the city. From to-day (Thursday) onwards, for a period of 14 days, the Curfew Order operates between 12 midnight and 5 o'clock in the morning. This curtailing of the hours under Curfew will be no doubt found to be of great relief to many citizens lawfully employed in their avocations who may have to return home late at night. During the last one week, it is noteworthy that the police went minutely into the case of every stray assault brought to their notice. And almost every act of miscreancy was followed by a round-up of hooligans and bad characters, who had escaped the bigger net spread by the police during the earlier period of communal strife. This vigilance on the part of the police has brought back confidence to thousands of panicky citizens.

Godrej Memorial Institute

The Godrej Memorial Committee has done well in opening a Memorial Institute to perpetuate the memory of the late Mr. A. B. Godrej who made his name in the two industries, viz., safes and soaps. The Memorial Institute is training Parsi young men who want to learn the business of confectionery and then to open their business in the city or elsewhere. Eleven Parsis are already under training. The Institute is also catering for the public wants and prepare loaves, cakes and biscuits which are sold cheap. 32 loaves are sold for one rupee, biscuits from 8 annas, to 14 annas per pound and cakes ten annas a dozen. Besides products of Soya Beans are also made by this Institute for those who suffer from diabetes. The articles made by the Institute are already sold at some of the Irani shops at Byculla, Grant Road, Dadar and Cumballa Hill.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Bandra being a leading suburb has a very active Police station always on the alert, and its police squad is the most busiest body in the suburbs.

On Sunday owing to Dasara celebrations a very large fair was held from the Bandra Railway station to Khar along the station lines, when large crowds visited and it is gratifying to note that through the supervision of the Bandra Police everything went smoothly.

A thorough clearing up of all the stray dogs is being carried out by the energetic and hard-working Sergeant, E. G. Stone, and now again Sergeant Stone who is in charge of the traffic department is trying an experiment which I think is for the first time being made in India, though it has proved a great success abroad.

The traffic policemen at Bandra are now to be armed with reflectors on the hands held by an elastic clasp, which from an experiment tried on Tuesday controlled the traffic smoothly and if by the end of this month this experiment proves successful it will be extended to other suburban areas.

BANDRA GAMBLING RAID.

Late on Saturday night, Sub-Inspector A. M. Desai and Sergeant E. G. Stone raided an alleged gambling den in Bangriwalla's Chawl near Khar Market.

Sub-Inspector Desai and Sergeant Stone had kept a strict watch on the alleged den for some time. They arrested seven persons, seized some money and attached a large number of alleged satta bats.

The arrested persons are Vithal Tukaram Naik of Dadar, Mahomed Sheik Hussein of Bandra, Rama Krishna Borde of Laxmi Nagar, Shive Dulveri Gagnath Sukul of Khar, Gadar Prasad Bori Prasad Sharma also of Khar, Bhicu Kamu Balekar of Danda and Sebastian John Fernandes of Santa Cruz. All the suspects have been released on bail, the sums varying from Rs. 200 and Rs. 250.

PARKS AND WAY SIDE BENCHES

The need for more parks is the outcry in the suburbs. M. De'Monte Park, Bandra, has become a crowded pleasure resort and now that the monsoon has left us, the work of converting two more parks, one at Land's End in front of the Parsi Sanatorium and the other in the colony of the St. Sebastian Housing Society might be commenced as promised.

Then there is a growing need for parks in the other places in the suburbs, which will help to decrease the number of accidents caused by children playing on the roads.

My final remark is about the wayside benches, most of these need repairs and repainting and the Bandra Municipality will please note that the benches along Carter Road which have been shifted on the sea-side portion of road are placed with a very narrow portion of land in front which may result in children falling.

NEW LIBERAL CENTRES OPENED

The Assistant Secretary of the Western India National Liberal Association writes:—

Prof. M. D. Altekar visited Dhulia and Jalgaon on behalf of the Propaganda Committee of the Liberal Party with a view to discuss with local Liberals the starting of district Liberal centres. On Wednesday last at a meeting held at Dhulia, the West Khandesh Liberal Association was formed with Mr. B. R. Ransingh as President and Messrs. V. M. Apte and S. B. Kotwal as Secretaries. At a meeting held at Jalgaon on Saturday, the East Khandesh Liberal Association was started with Mr. K. R. Pradhan, as President and Messrs. K. U. Kulkarni and K. G. Sharangpani as Secretaries. Both the Associations have resolved to affiliate themselves to the Western India Liberal Association of Bombay.

FRIENDLY FOOTBALL MATCH

H. M. S. DEPTFORT v. ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL

A friendly football match between H. M. S. Deptfort, a Naval team, and St. George's Hospital, a local Indian team, has been arranged to be played on the Cooperage this evening commencing 5-15 p.m. The gate charges for the day have been fixed at 4 annas for members' stand and 2 annas for public stand.

Telegraphic Delay

Due to general breakdown on Madras-Calcutta and Madras-Bazvada sections from 3-30 on Wednesday, Oct. 28, ordinary telegrams will be subject to delay.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus on and from 1st October 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 40
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 15	13 45
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Poona Mail	11 43	15 50
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	—
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 55
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Frontier Mail on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at 8 50

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the Social Workers' Society, a public lecture will be delivered by Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, on "The Social Status of Women" to-day Thursday, at 7-0 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hall of the Bombay Presidency Adult Education Association, 6, Ravelin St Fort, Bombay.

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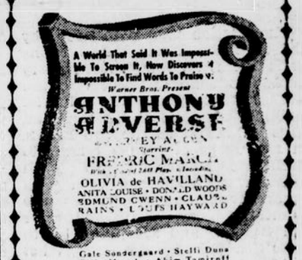
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1936

PRINCES AND FEDERATION

The Ministers of a large number of Indian States have been discussing in Bombay for several days past the recently published Draft Instrument of Accession to be accepted by all the States joining the proposed Federation. The Draft has been generally approved by some larger States and has been considered in detail by a special committee of the Chamber of Princes; and that committee's findings have been further considered by the Ministers' Conference in Bombay, which has recommended several alterations in the Draft Instrument. It may be presumed that the proposed alterations will be substantially endorsed by the Princes who will meet in conference to-day and to-morrow. Whether all or most of them will be approved by Government is very doubtful. There will be in any case much delay in arriving at final decisions by the parties concerned, and the proposed Federation still seems as far off as ever. It will be a boon to the country if the scheme never comes into operation.

Instruments Of Government

An essential feature of a Federation worth any chance is that it should be sufficiently democratic, both in the Federal Government and in the constituent Governments. When Federation came to be discussed at the first Round Table Conference the prominent Princes offered to accept it only if responsibility at the centre were conceded, and some of them were also believed to have subsequently conveyed an assurance to Gandhiji that if their sovereignty were recognized in the respective States they would see that the interests of the State subjects were protected. In these circumstances some sympathy with the Federal scheme was expressed in various parts of the country. But soon enough it became clear that the responsibility conceded at the centre was only nominal and that Government sought to use the Prince's nominees as a substitute for the present official bloc in the Central legislature. Yet instead of discarding such a scheme as being wholly different from the one suggested by them, the Princes sought to exploit Government's need for them by demanding a good price for their support to the scheme in the shape of a large measure of representation for themselves, that is, for their nominees and a clear recognition of their autocracy in the States. So far as the concessions were at the expense of the States people, Government granted them readily enough but they would not in the least weaken their hold on the Princes through the exercise, on behalf of the Crown, of the powers of Paramountcy. And as most of the Princes feel that they have not got a good enough price for their support to the Federal scheme and that on the whole they may lose more than they may gain from the Federation, they are haggling hard for all sorts of safeguards as against the States people as well as the Federal Government. Hence are proposed the numerous alterations in the Draft Instrument of Accession.

Only True Safeguard

It is unnecessary to examine the various alterations proposed to be made in the Draft Instrument. Most of them are intended to make the Prince's autocracy proof, on the one hand, against the repercussions of even the partially democratic regime in British India and, on the other, against the spreading tentacles of Paramountcy. But Paramountcy has definitely stated that it shall remain Paramount. As Mr. Srinivasa Sastri observes, the States are being organised for the purpose of buttressing the British Raj and not for promoting the future welfare of the country. And no constitutional safeguards can long stem the tide of democracy. If the Princes are wise they must identify themselves with their subjects and make themselves constitutional rulers, a position which is considered honourable even for the King to whom they acknowledge their loyalty. The States people will then honour them sincerely and stand by them in maintaining their legitimate rights. Constitutional monarchy is the only true safeguard for the Princes.

T. U. C. Manifesto

The election manifesto issued by the All-India Trade Union Congress is less an independent party manifesto than an appeal to the workers to support the Indian National Congress at the elections. This is natural as the two bodies, in the words of the manifesto itself, are the nearest to each other when compared with all other parties and groups in the country. They both stand for the people and are pledged to form a united anti-imperialist front against the new constitution, which they both condemn unreservedly. They both believe in mass action outside the legislatures and rely upon Parliamentary activity mainly as a lever for quickening and developing political consciousness and exposing the mockery of the new constitution. The T. U. C. manifesto enumerates some special demands of the workers which are more or less generally covered by the Congress manifesto. With the growing tendency in the Congress to be brought in closer contact with the people, it should be easy for both the bodies to co-operate fully at the elections and also in other spheres such co-operation must go a long way in building up a united front against imperialism and intensifying the national struggle for independence.

I. L. O. And Indian Seamen

We are glad that efforts by certain interests to deprive Indian seamen of their rights were largely brought to nought at the International Labour Conference. According to Mr. Aftab Ali, the Workers' Delegate, "Ever since 1925 attempts have been made to exclude Indian seamen from the benefits of the maritime conventions and although direct exclusion by exceptions in conventions has been abandoned after last year's conference, attempts were so designed as to deprive Indian seamen of the benefits accruing from the operation of the conventions indirectly." The tragedy of these efforts is that even White trade unionists participated in them. The significance of this is inescapable. We are, therefore, particularly glad that, thanks to the stubborn fight put up by India's representatives these attempts failed and the principle of equality of treatment without distinction of colour, race or domicile, was fully recognised. In this connection congratulations are due to Messrs. Master and Erulkar, the Employers' representatives, and especially—because the phenomenon is so rare—to the Government representative for their co-operation with and support to the Indian Seamens' delegates.

TOWARDS BRIGHTER BOMBAY

How The City Is Planed

(By Khan Bahadur Hormusji C. Pastakia.)

II.

Setting apart the question of seeing the whole of Bombay from the sea, I venture to say that many of us may not have even seen from inside the public buildings of the city viz., the High Court, the University Hall with the edifice of the Rajabai Tower, the Prince of Wales Museum, the Sir C. J. Hall, the Secretariat, the Colaba Observatory, the Light House, the B. B. & C. I. Railway Offices, the Victoria Terminus, the General Post Office, the Bombay Central Station and the Municipal Offices.

Then, again, our business and bazaar centres are so beautifully and collectively set together that a stranger or a foreigner visiting business quarters finds no difficulty in purchasing his requirements e.g., if one starts from Church Gate street and goes round the Elphinstone Circle, Apollo street, Hamam street, Medows street Esplanade road, Hornby road and all bye-lanes surrounding these roads, not omitting the fine road laid out from Sir Phirozeshah Mehta road (which is now being fully developed) and the Ballard Pier Estate, one would find that there are all business offices located in one compact group. In this group one would find every thing and anything one has to purchase. Almost all the insurance companies are located on the Sir Phirozeshah Mehta road and Hornby road and the city's Banks will also be found in one cluster of these localities.

So is also is the case with similar business groupings out of Fort as under:—

If one would start from Arthur Crawford Market to Carnac road, and all the roads parallel to it, viz., from Girgaum road to Royal Opera House, from Kalbadevi, Bhendi Bazaar, Shiek Memon street, Abdul Rehman street, Nagdevi street, Dongri street, Argyle road and Frere road to Sandhurst road and with all cross roads and bye-lanes and streets in between the parallel roads mentioned above, one would find the market and the bazaar localities in one grouping, where one will have no difficulty in making a bargain of a mechano set or a motor car. It will be worthwhile If a special column is opened by your news paper for the guidance and the information of the public, as to the materials and articles that could be had, from the traders having their shops or establishments in different roads and streets of the city. Such a weekly directory will mean business for these traders, who should willingly contribute according to the space to be occupied in your esteemed columns.

See Bombay.

In former years when there were no facilities for cheap and quick service of conveyance it was understandable that one could not afford to go miles around the city where one would get some knowledge of Bombay roads and could see best the sceneries surrounding it. Now that facilities for cheap and quick conveyance are available, it is a fine joy-ride. If one would try to see round the whole circuit of Bombay, one would get quite a new idea of Bombay.

If one starts from Church Gate station and the beautiful Marine Drive at the Reclamation grounds of Back Bay one proceeds to Chowpatty road merging into Walkeshwar, Harkness road, Narayan Dhabolkar road, Napean Sea road,, then leading on to Warden road, Hornby Vallard, Worli road, Worli Reclamation, Claveland road, Cadell road, Mahim Bazaar road, then to Mori road, Dharavi road, Sion road and leading on to Wadala road, Sewree road, Reay road, Customs House road, Apollo Bunder, Strand road, Colaba Causeway, Colaba road, upper Colaba, Colaba Land's End and then to Duxburry road (This will be shortly connected to) Cuff Parade road, Wodehouse road, Queen's Parade road and finally closing the ride at the Church Gate station.

"Brighter Bombay" is a wide and varied theme for an article in the press. It depends upon the view-point adopted for consideration. While a "Brighter Bombay" means good health and low mortality to the medical profession, the same expression would mean something different to an architect and an engineer, and still more so to the student of sociology and modern economic political science. I propose to combine views as would suit an engineer and an architect to whom "Brighter Bombay" would, broadly speaking, mean modern up-to-date sanitary dwellings for the poorer classes, broad dustless roads and other civic amenities. In short, "Brighter Bombay" should be a city of beautiful architectural buildings and fine arterial roads as to remind a stranger of classic Greek and Roman splendour.

(To Be Continued.)

Dividing To Conquer

Hitler's Policy

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

We all know that the nerves of Europe are frayed and overstrained. But the diplomatic incident in which Hitler is indulging at the moment means something much more than nervous irritability; there is method in it.

The facts are simple enough. The French Communist Party had planned a campaign of meetings in Alsace. Because the French police were nervous, it held only ten meetings instead of 250.

At one of them Comrade Thorez, the secretary of the Party, read the notorious passage in "Mein Kampf", in which Hitler said that the central purpose of German policy must be to "annihilate France."

Thorez concluded, in the most reasonable way in the world, by declaring that France was ready, none the less, for an understanding with Germany.

Someone hung up on the wall of the hall a rather pointless caricature of Hitler, scrawled on the spot with a pencil on a scrap of note-paper.

To make a fuss over this, by formal diplomatic protest in Paris, certainly proves that the Fuhrer lacks a sense of humour.

It is proper and necessary to hold such meetings, little as the police and the diplomatists may relish them.

Rights that we fear to exercise soon cease to exist. That is as true in Alsace as in the East End of London.

Ally Of Soviet

But the purpose of Hitler's protest should not be missed. He is trying to make the more respectable middle-class half of the French People's Front afraid and ashamed of their association with the Communists.

He frightens the French Liberals by hinting what his lieutenants say openly, that France must expect the hostility of Germany so long as she remains the ally of the Soviet Union.

This suits the French Conservatives very well, for they would give anything to break this People's Front, which has smashed the bankers' stranglehold, raised wages, and enacted the 40-hour week.

Also it would make Downing Street happy. One need not believe the tale of a formal diplomatic protest by the British Embassy over Comrade Thorez' speech.

British diplomacy is too shrewd for that: but there are ways of hinting that one would prefer a French Government that kept Communists at arms' length, and it is highly probable that British Ambassadors and even Ministers use these methods in unofficial talks.

The same thing is going on in Belgium, which has an active Fascist movement allied to the Flemish Nationalists, and evidently sympatnetic to the Nazis. The result of its pressure is already startling and even alarming.

The King has just made a speech in which he warned the French not to count on support from Belgium, though he seems to expect that the French will still one-sidedly guarantee his country's safety.

Complex Game

One perceives clearly enough the moves in this complex European game. Nazi diplomacy is working day and night to isolate the Soviet Union.

Now it plays on the fears and the pacific disposition of the French. Again, it mobilises in every country, not merely the avowed Fascists, but a motley horde of people who would rather smile on Fascism than give a hand to Moscow.

Some of them are in the French Cabinet. In our country they range from Lord Londonderry to Mr. Lloyd George, and they include more than half the Cabinet.

These are the people in both countries who have turned neutrality in the Spanish tragedy into a cruel and manifest trick.

The threat is incessant. At the moment, arms for French Fascists are being smuggled across the Swiss frontier, and in French Morocco, we are told, the officers of the garrison, most of them royalists, openly give the Fascist salute and talk of the day when they will repeat General Franco's operation: for they, too, have Moors and a Foreign Legion.

This may be mere bluff, but even as bluff it works. It inspires the French Liberals, and even some Socialists, with a paralysing caution. "Anything," they say, "to escape a civil war."

They see themselves isolated, as first Britain and now Belgium contracts out of their obligations. So they play for safety, and toss Spanish democracy to the wolves.

Does It Mean War?

The reader must forgive me if I have nothing new to say about this situation.

For a year or more, I have argued that the only way out of these perils is to form, inside the otherwise powerless League, a firm alliance of all the nations in which the working class is still free.

That means primarily the French, ourselves and the Soviet Union If we allow ourselves to be divided by Nazi threats and intrigues, we shall each be destroyed in detail.

If such an alliance had existed, the League need have suffered no defeat in Abyssinia, nor would democracy be fighting for its life against overwhelming odds in Spain.

But it is useless to propose such a policy to Mr. Baldwin's Government. It is divided, and its divisions render it treacherous.

Though it is an exaggeration to call it Fascist, it is in effect, both by what it has done and left undone, working for the Fascist cause in Spain.

Does this mean war? No one, and no policy can guarantee us against war for ever, in this world of Fascism and capitalist imperialism.

I am the last person to argue that an alliance, however firmly knit, can banish war. None the less, I am firmly persuaded that among all the expedients open to us, this is the only path of comparative safety.

Certainly if we always retreat if we always yield to threats and even to bluff, if we adopt a policy of peace at any price, we shall not get peace and we shall sacrifice all that we hold dear—the hope of Socialism as well as such measure of democracy as we now enjoy.

My own belief is that both Hitler and Mussolini, perceiving our divisions and our humane scruples, are bluffing systematically.

Hitler, with his new conscript army as yet untrained and admittedly short of officers, is not yet ready for a major war.

It is nonsense to suggest that if Britain, France and Russia had stood together boldly for the lawful right of the Spanish Republic to procure arms, war would have resulted.

If I am mistaken there, well

(Continued on page 8—Col. 5).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

NEAT AND SATISFACTORY.

Britain, we are interested to note, has not given up her leadership in so far as Italo-Abyssinian Affairs are concerned. She has transformed her Legation at Addis Ababa into a consulate accredited to the Italian administration. This is a neat and satisfactory compromise between "de jure" obligations and "de facto" demands! It achieves the main object, and after all what does it matter if the moral and international conscience of Britain is preserved in cold storage? At least it is in a certain sense, safe there! One feels compelled to admire the British genius, if not to respect it. We are confident the compromise will work successfully and the Fascist bloc in Europe will regard it as it deserves to be regarded—another gesture of British benevolence towards the Nazi-Fascist United Front.

NO ALTERNATIVE

M. Pierre Cot, the French Air Minister, has submitted to his colleagues plans for a big increase in the air-force. It involves turning out a large number of better 'planes at a faster rate and increasing also the personnel and the number of aerodromes. Considering that the French Government is predominently Socialist, all this would sound ironic. But they cannot help it, and that is the unfortunate tragedy of the situation. Threatened by a rapidly developing Fascist bloc in Europe, and deserted, practically if not formally, by the one Power whose unfailing co-operation she expected as by right, there is no alternative for France but to try to go in for large scale military preparations for defence and security That Power, we need hardly say, is Britain.

CONGRESS VICTORY.

The convincing manner in which the Congress candidates have swept the polls in the Madras Municipal elections is very gratifying indeed. Of the 36 seats that the Congress contested it has captured 27 seats while the the Justice Party, despite the vain boasts of its leaders, has managed to secure only seven. All the prominent local Congress leaders including three women have been duly returned and Mr. Abdul Hamid Khan, the Mayor, a Congress nominee, defeated both of his rivals in a triangular contest by a very large majority. This victory is a clear vindication of the Congress strength in Madras and, we have no doubt, provides a foretaste of the greater success that Congressmen expect in the forthcoming Provincial Assembly elections.

CHILDREN'S GATHERING.

The All-India Children's Gathering, which has been arranged at Hyderabad (Sind) during the first fortnight of November by Balkan-ji-Bari (All-India Children's Association) is a happy idea. The children who are lucky enough to attend it will travel by sea and land and see the historic relics of Mohenjadaro as well as the important Sind cities like Karachi and Hyderabad. What is more important, however, is the splendid opportunity that the occasion will provide them for meeting and making contacts with children from other parts of India. It will be a cosmopolitan gathering when children from different provinces and belonging to various communities will come together in a spirit of happy festivity. It has thus an educational as well as cultural value and while wishing the children who attend it an enjoyable time we hope they will come away from the Gathering with a greater sense of national unity.

WANTED AN ENQUIRY

The Government of Bombay have felt it necessary to issue a statement repudiating the allegations made by Dr. Harden against St. George's Hospital. They evidently realise the gravity of the allegations. But for the very reason that the Doctor's charges are so grave and made by such a responsible person the mere repudiation of these by Government on the strength, presumably, of a departmental enquiry will not reassure the public. It is necessary to institute an open and impartial enquiry, particularly because Dr. Harden himself, we are told, is prepared to substantiate his charges and submit to a public examination.

Socialists And Art

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—In a recent article, Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil blames the Socialists for siding with the reactionaries in cultural matters. I venture to suggest that this is unfair to the Socialists as a whole. I think, it would be interesting and instructive to find out the cause Mr. Vakil refers belong.

The Socialists in India consist of two sections: Believers in the Marxian Revolutionary ideology in all its aspects and the Radical Nationalists who profess Socialism because in the present political situation, they are the only group who have a revolutionary programme. The latter section would deny Socialism if they understood the cultural implications of it—and it is to this section that the cultural reactionaries, to whom Mr. Vakil refers belong.

As one interested both in Socialism and Fine Arts, I wish there were a greater understanding between the two. Unfortunately, the (Marxian) Socialists are definitely suspicious of the artists, for, all through the centuries they have been mainly the proteges of the autocrats. How can there be sympathy between the artists, who have to seek the patronage of the State and of the rich, and the revolutionaries, who seek to replace these very elements? The latter can admire their delicate harmonies and their dear little whimsicalities, but are frankly disgusted with the thoughts lying behind them. There is nothing common between the people who are fighting for a new sort of civilization and a new kind of human relation, and the sentimental artists, babbling about their Lailas-and-Majnuns and Unfinished Toilets! "If you would reconstruct Indian Culture", they cry out, "quit this sub-stuff; see the world and its ways as they really are; earn your bread like the rest of us; stop seeking the patronage of the rich;—and, above all, have something to say!"

National Cultural Reconstruction is as difficult and hazardous as political reconstruction, and those seeking to assist must forget Palaces and New Delhis. How many artists are prepared to do this? I wonder!—Yours etc.,

M. UMESH RAO.

BOMBAY.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

"His policy is opposed to that of the zamindars, and we have always found him condemning the existence of the zemindari system. Mr. Jinnah, as Muslims call him, is a true nationalist leader and more or less a perfect Congressite."

—Letter in "Pioneer."

* * * *

In the Frontier, says Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, there are only two parties—Congress, i.e., Red Shirts and Government supporters.

This is precisely why Mr Jinnah has tried to form a third party.

* * * *

Says a British daily paper—

"An announcement that two educational experts from Whitehall are to visit India to investigate and advise on problems of vocational training marks the start of an effort to direct Indian education into fresh channels."

It marks the start of another effort, too,—to direct British "experts" into fresh channels.

* * * *

The Marquess of Willingdon has been invested "with the insignia of the Chancellorship of St. Michael and St. George."

Shades of St. Michael and St. George!

* * * *

An Indian beggar proposes to tour Europe.

The courage of the jackall in wanting to board the wolves' den is admirable.

* * * *

An American parson is offering a prize of £1 for the correct answer to "What is the most horrible sin in the world?"

In the world of to-day the most horrible sin appears to us to be faith in the Sermon on the Mount and the Ten Commandments.

* * * *

Portugal has accused Britain of violating the Non-Intervention Committee's rules of procedure, etc.

The impudent creature and the ungracious wretch. She seems to have entirely forgotten herself.

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By the Junior Colleague)

(1) Their Highnesses and their Ministers have assembled to make a joint desperate attempt to understand what they have been talking about.

(2) The electric crematorium that has been constructed in England is an important part of the armament programme of all the nations.

* * * *

"It is particularly encouraging to note that Indian radio stars are rapidly becoming attracted to broadcasting."

—Indian Listener.

Let the screen stars now retaliate by devoting some attention to their films!

* * * *

"I could not suppress a smile though not actually a laugh in my sleeves, when . . . . . ."

Letter in U. P. daily.

More light on the actual location of the laugh is indicated, says the Junior Colleague.

* * * *

"Yes, sir," said the man at the front door. "Your son ordered these photographs from me last month."

"Well, they are certainly like him. Has he paid for them?"

"Er—no, sir, he has not."

"Still more like him."

Make Faizpur Session A Success

Responsibility Rests On Every Maharashtrian

SHANKARRAO DEO APPEALS FOR FUNDS FOR CONGRESS R. C. AND ELECTIONS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

FOONA, October 28.

Mr. Shankarrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Faizpur Congress, has issued a statement calling upon all to contribute generously to the Congress election fund and also to the Congress Reception Committee Fund.

R. C. Needs Rs. 50,000

Mr. Deo says "It is after 42 years that the Congress session is being held in Maharashtra and as such the responsibility of making it a success rests on every Maharashtrian. The Reception Committee resolved to collect a fund of Rs. 50,000 for the session. Half of the amount i.e., Rs. 25,000 was put to the lot of Khandesh District where the session is being held. The district has creditably discharged the obligation. The responsibility of raising the remaining Rs. 25,000 now rests with the other parts of Maharashtra and I hope every effort will be made to collect the amount."

Election Fund

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress Parliamentary Board, have fixed the second fortnight of November for collection of election fund.

Simultaneous Collections

"I request that this amount of Rs. 25,000 for the Congress session also be collected during the same period and I would request the Congress Committees and other organisations to make the collections simultaneously. I have strong hope that rich and poor, will generously contribute towards both the funds."

Relaying Congress Fire From Bombay To Faizpur

300 Volunteers To Carry Flame Alive Each For One Mile

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA CITY, Oct. 28.

Just as the Olympic fire was recently relayed from Greece to Berlin the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee is making preparations for relaying Congress fire from Bombay to Faizpur. The scheme is stated to be that a flame will be kindled at Bombay Gokuldas Tejpal Buildings, where the first Congress was held fifty years back. From here the flame will be carried to Faizpur—a distance of 300 miles by 300 volunteers each taking it one mile and relaying to another.

The route of the fire takers lies through Bombay Suburban, Thana, Nasik and Khandesh districts and these District Congress Committees have been asked to suggest a route along with the possible resting places. The first man it is expected will leave Bombay on December 20 while the time-table for the rest will be so adjusted that the last man arrives with the flame at Tilak Nagar, Faizpur, just at the time of the first Flag Salutation ceremony. One motor car will accompany the fire-runner. Each District Congress Committee is expected to contribute at least one spindle handspun yarn for keeping the fire constantly burning.

Another suggestion is that at least five Congressmen from each District should walk through the districts carrying a propaganda of the Congress to meet at Jalgaon on December 20 and then proceed jointly to Faizpur to reach there on the 25th.

PROTECTION OF SHIPPING

Mutual Exchange Of Coastal Privileges Urged By U. S.

WASHINGTON, October 28.

Mutual exchange of coastal privileges for vessels of the United States and other nations as a means of heading off the imposition of restrictions on Non-British shipping by the Australian and New Zealand Governments, is reported to have been suggested by an official at Washington. The proposal, however, has met with no response from the Congress, which alone could deal with the matter.

The State Department and the Maritime Commission are following, closely, the developments in those countries where official action is pending with a view to protection of shipping by enforcing coastal restrictions.—Reuter.

CONGRESS R. C. MEETING

To Be Held To-day In Bombay

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, October 28.

First meeting of the publicity sub-committee of the Reception Committee of the Faizpur Congress will be held on the 29th inst. Thursday at the "Nawakal" office (Kandewadi, Girgaon) Bombay, when general programme of the work before the sub-committee will be considered.

ENGINE DERAILED BUT NO CASUALTY

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 28.

A railway accident, fortunately not resulting in casualties either to the passengers or the engine crew, occurred between Jubbulpore and Itarsi when 402 Up Passenger train ran into the trap siding completely derailing the engine at the Bagratawa Station about 16 miles from Itarsi.

The railway police are making investigations.—United Press.

53 ARRESTS ON WEDNESDAY

No Untoward Incident Reported

Fifty-three persons were arrested in two round-ups carried out by the Nagpada, Pydownie and Princess Street Police Stations on Wednesday night in their respective sections.

These arrests were effected as a sequel to the stray assaults reported since quiet was restored in the storm centres of the city during the recent rioting.

On Wednesday night there was no untoward incident reported.

PROVES FATAL.

The Muslim who was assaulted at Fanaswadi on Wednesday morning, died at the J. J. Hospital in the evening.

TWO STRAY ASSAULTS

Business Transacted In City In Normal Way

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Two cases of stray assaults were again reported this morning in spite of the constant Police vigilance and 'bandobust' made both in the Princess Street Police Section and at Nagpada.

The first victim to-day was a Muslim, who was stabbed while passing along Fanaswadi Road.

He was promptly removed by the Police to the G. T. Hospital where he has been detained for treatment.

The second case was that of a Bhayya, who was stabbed at Ripon Road by some Mawalis. The injured man was removed to the J. J. Hospital.

Business houses opened up today with a greater sense of security and were doing their trade in a normal way.

INDO-JAP CONVENTION

If Trade Talks Fructify Notice Of Termination May Be Withdrawn?

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

The "United Press" understands that consequent on Mr. Stewart's departure for England on leave the Government of India delegation for Indo-Japanese negotiations will hereafter consist in Mr. Dow, Secretary of the Commerce Department and Mr. Raisman, Additional Secretary of the Finance Department.

Mr. Yonezawa, Japanese Consul-General, will continue to represent his Government. He arrived here last night while Mr. Okumura, the head of the technical advisers, arrived here this morning from Calcutta.

It is learnt that there were informal talks between Mr. Dow and Mr. Raisman and Mr. Yonezawa this afternoon for over an hour concerning the negotiations. No date for a formal meeting has yet been fixed but it is understood that it may be next week.

NOT SURPRISED

Mr. Yonezawa refused to be drawn into any discussion concerning the notice of the termination of the trade convention between India and Japan. "I am not surprised" was his only observation.

It appears that the notice of termination has been given as a precautionary measure and in case the negotiations fructify, it may even be withdrawn. Much depends on both delegations handling negotiations for the modification of the cotton protocol which was 'sine quo non' of the 1934 Convention.—United Press.

STRAIGHTENING JOLT IN INDO-JAP TRADE TALKS

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

The Indo-Japanese trade negotiations are at present in suspense owing to the absence of the Japanese delegate in Calcutta. When Mr. Yonezawa arrives both sides will attempt "to straighten the little jolt" which occurred during the last stages of the talks in Simla.—A.P.

JAMNAGAR BOWLERS IN FORM

Hindu XI All Out For 223 Runs

The mid-week cricket match between the Jamnagar XI and a Hindu Representative XI commenced this morning on the Hindu Gymkhana Ground, Kennedy Sea Face.

The home side elected to bat, Hindlekar and C. N. Mehta opening the innings.

The lunch time score was 142 for the loss of 5 wickets. Cricket of a dull type was witnessed:—

Hindus were all out for 223. Jamnagar had made 104 runs for 4 wickets at close.

SCORE:

HINDU REPRESENTATIVE XI.
(First Innings).

D. D. Hindlekar l.b.w. (N) Mubarak Ali	38
C. N. Mehta b. Ranvir Sinhji	6
S. N. Mehta l.b.w. b. Merchant	35
A. G. Ramsingh c. Amarsingh, b. Merchant	0
R. J. Gharat b Mubarak Ali	4
H. M. Mahale c Vinoo, b R. Sinhji	15
B. R. Patel st. Abdul Aziz b Vinoo	12
K. Divekar l.b.w. b Ranvirsinhji	4
S. Godambe b Vinoo	11
K. H. Jobanputra l.b.w. Merchant	11
P. Dalvie, not out	81
Extras	6
Total	223

Fall of wickets:—1 for 24, 2 for 63, 3 for 96, 4 for 96, 5 for 116, 6 for 145, 7 for 179, 8 for 183, 9 for 203, 10 for 223.

Bowling Analysis:—Amarsingh 0 for 45; Mubarak Ali 1 for 52; K. S. Ranvirsinhji 3 for 29; Vinoo Mankad 2 for 56; V. M. Merchant 3 for 22, N D. Marshall 1 for 13.

JAMNAGAR XI (1st Innings).

V. M. Merchant l.b.w. b Gharat	57
Vinoo l.bw. b S. Mehta	0
S. M. H. Colah c and b Divekar	15
K. S. Yadvendrasinh l.b.w. b Ramsingh	13
K. S. Indravijaysinh, batting	6
K. S. Ranvirsinh, batting ..	2
Extras	6
Total (for 4 wkts.)	104

Fall of wickets:—1 for 10, 2 for 42, 3 for 92, 4 for 102.

German Wrestler Beaten

RESULT OF BOUT AT KOLHAPUR

(From Our Correspondent).

FOONA, Oct. 27.

News has reached Poona from Kolhapur that Shingouda Mutuale, a famous wrestler under the patronage of H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur, defeated yesterday Von Cramer, the German wrestler, in a specially arranged bout, which was witnessed by a crowd numbering about 20,000.

Shingouda has now accepted a challenge given by a Russian wrestler immediately after he had defeated Von Cramer.

HURDLES FOR FEDERATION

(Continued from page 1)

the recommendations of the Delhi Sub-Committee.

CHANCELLOR TO ADDRESS PRINCES.

While the Ministers' Conference is in session at the Town Hall, the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes holds its meeting in the Princes' Room of the Taj Mahal Hotel at 11 a.m. The meeting of the Standing Committee will review the work done by the Standing Committee of the Ministers and the Chancellor will make a speech reviewing the work done by the Chamber since the Standing Committee met last.

The other items on the agenda, it appears are of a routine nature concerning the working of the Chamber, etc.

MINORITY PROBLEM AMONG STATES

BOMBAY, Oct. 28.

The series of Reservations and amendments to the draft Instrument of Accession urged by the smaller States have given rise to some misgivings in that they are interpreted as an aim at Federation Scheme.

In this connection a prominent representative of a smaller State in an interview to the "United Press" clarified the position of the smaller States with a view to correct the misinterpretations made in certain sections regarding the insistence of several safeguards. He said that this question was not a new one in that it had been raised even as early as the time the Joint Parliamentary Committee was deliberating on the new Constitution.

STRUGGLE OF MINORITY.

He added that a principal spokesman of the Southern Mahratta Confederacy States had drawn pointed attention to the anomalous position held by smaller States 'vis-a-vis' their Treaty rights and that it was now only urged that statutory recognition should be given to the varied interests of these States whose position was more or less like that of minority communities of British India.

He further stated that the statesmanlike gesture made by the British Parliament in introducing last minute changes to the new Constitution was a proof positive of the strength envisaged to future Federation of all States.

In conclusion he said that nothing had happened since then to alter their attitude and that both major and minor States were keenly interested in making the Federation a "Fait Accompli" at no distant date.—United Press.

WARNING TO SAILEN GHOSE

Government Will Restrict Activities If Found Necessary

CALCUTTA, Oct. 28.

A cable received by the "United Press" from New York says that Mr. Sailendranath Ghose, Indian exile in America, was given a hearty send off by 300 Indian and American friends on the eve of his departure to India at a banquet on Sunday, October, 25.

It will be recalled Mr. Ghose who had been an exile for over twenty years received permission from British Government about a couple of months back to return to his motherland. Mr. Ghose has been formally informed by the Secretary, British Embassy at Washington that Government of India while permitting his return to India has reserved the right to take such proceedings against him that they may see fit if Mr. Ghose should revert to subversive activities.

Mr. Ghose sails from New York on November 3, reaching Karachi on or about December 3. Mr. Ghose is being accompanied by his American wife and two daughters. Mrs. Ghose was required to give an undertaking to the British Ambassador to abstain from revolutionary or violent activities against Government while in India.—United Press.

M. C. C. BATSMEN IN FORM

Score 105 For 2 Against S. Australian Country XI

CLARE, October 28.

The M.C.C. playing a one-day match against a South Australian Country Team at Clare won the toss and chose to field.

The wicket was good, but the weather cold and showery.

The South Australian Team began badly and before lunch had lost 4 wickets for 45 runs. Curnew was caught by Leyland in the slips off Farnes for duck, when the total was only 1 (1—1). At 18 McCarthy was bowled by Copson for 10, at 27 White was caught by Worthington at mid-on, off Copson, and three runs later Dillon was bowled l.b.w. by Farnes.

Treasure and Baker were batting till lunch with 10 and 6 runs respectively to their credit; the total being 45 for 4.

A South Australian country team in a one-day match against the M.C.C. had scored 45 for 4 wickets at lunch and declared at 62 for 4 a little later.

Scores:

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN XI
(1st Innings.)

Curnew c Leyland b. Farnes	0
Mc. Carthy b. Copson	10
White c. Worthington b. Copson	16
Dillon l.b.w. b. Farnes	2
Treasure, not out	12
Baker, not out	21
Extras	1
Total (for 4 wkts dec.)	62

The M. C. C. scored 105 for 2 wickets at tea time.

M. C. C. WIN.

The M. C. C. won the match by nine wickets. The play was abandoned owing to rain when the M. C. C. had scored 141 for six.—Reuter's Special.

British Air Ministry 'Scandal'

White Paper On Nuffield Controversy

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The Cabinet held long sittings today in view of the re-opening of Parliament.

Lord Nuffield conferred lengthily with Mr. Baldwin.

The Air Ministry's view of the Nuffield controversy is given in White Paper. It says, four firms supplying the Ministry's requirements were Armstrong Siddley, Bristol Aeroplanes, Napiers and Rolls Royce Government's expansion scheme decided against the multiplicity of types and selected engines of high quality performance. The provision of necessary engines for the expansion programme was well within the capacity of these firms and delivery of engines now being made was very satisfactory.

At an interview on November 27 last, between Lord Swinton, Lord Weir and Lord Nuffield, the latter expressed anxiety about the unpreparedness of supply and arrangements for production of aero engines. Lord Swinton and Lord Weir declared that the introduction of a fifth engine firm would be welcome on the ground of its production experience, but pointed out that Lord Nuffield's aero firm of Wolseley specialised in the engines of lower horse-power than those required by the Air Ministry for military purposes.

Under 1936 expansion programme, it was decided to produce a large number of Bristol type engines largely for reserve and therefore Government resolved to bring in outside firms. Under the production scheme, it was arranged that Wolseley Firm should co-operate with six other firms manufacturing parts of Bristol engines.

Lord Nuffield, however, desired to construct 2,000 complete Bristol engines.

Lord Austin, Chairman of Motor Firms Committee, said it was still their considered opinion that the only safe and practicable scheme was for each firm to manufacture parts instead of complete engines, Wolseley's representative assenting. But the next morning Lord Nuffield announced that Wolseley Firm would not co-operate in the scheme. Bristol Company replaced Wolseley's.

The Committee on Imperial Defence had allocated Morris Factories to War Office in view of the great demands for the mechanisation of army.

The White Paper concludes, the plan adopted is that advocated by experienced firms who are making themselves responsible for its execution as the plan which, in their considered opinion, is most practicable in all circumstances.—Reuter.

Congress Candidates For Bombay Legislatures

PRESIDENCY PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE NOMINATIONS

Full Approved List Will Be Released To-day

Applications of Congress candidates for about 40 constituencies for the elections to the provincial legislatures under the new reforms were considered, it is understood, at a meeting of the Bombay Presidency (Composite) Congress Parliamentary Committee, held on Wednesday, at the Congress House.

Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee, was in the chair.

The proceedings of the Committee were 'in camera.'

It is gathered that the Committee approved the nominations of candidates for all seats to be contested from the Bombay (City) Urban constituencies, as recommended by the Bombay Provincial (City) Congress Parliamentary Committee, which has, however, deferred its decision regarding some of the constituencies.

BUSY DAY FOR COMMITTEE

It is understood that the Bombay Presidency Committee which was thoroughly representative of the four provinces, namely, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Karnatak and Bombay (City) was mainly busy on Wednesday evening with the selection of suitable candidates.

So far applications of candidates willing to contest the forthcoming elections under the new reforms for the provincial legislatures, on behalf of the Indian National Congress, were received from the Gujarat and Karnatak provinces and the Bombay City.

As regards Bombay City, it is stated, the question of selecting candidates for contesting the constituency comprising of the E and F Wards (Byculla and Parel) is engaging the attention of the Bombay City Committee and final decision may be taken by this evening.

The Presidency Committee's main task to-day will be to select candidates for the constituencies in the Maharashtra. By the morning, it is expected that the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee will submit their recommendations, so that the Committee may go into them in the afternoon.

LIST TO BE RELEASED TO-DAY.

The list of candidates approved by Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee, who has been authorised by the All-India Committee to ratify the nominations finally on behalf of the All-India Committee, is expected to be released this evening.

The following members besides Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel, were present at the meeting of the Committee, held on Wednesday:

BOMBAY: Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. S. A. Brelvi and S. K. Patil (Secretary).

GUJERAT: Durbar Gopaldas Desai, Dr. Chandulal Desai and Mr. Kalyanji Desai.

MAHARASHTRA: Mr. Shankerrao Deo, Mr. Achut Patwardhan, Mr. Ramnikrai Mehta, and Mr. Deogirikar.

KARNATAK: Mr. R S. Hukkerikar, Mr. Narayanrao Joshi and Mr. V. V. Patil. The Committee meets again to-day (Thursday) at 2 p.m.

It is understood, the nominations of Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi for the Upper House (Legislative Council) for two seats of the Bombay (city) Urban constituency were approved by the Committee, consideration of selection of candidates for the remaining two seats being deferred.

The nomination of Mr. Bhiwanji Arjan Khimji for the constituency of the East India Cotton Association for the Provincial Assembly was also approved by the Committee.

It is stated, the Congress candidates for the two seats for the women's constituencies in the C (Bhuleshwar) ward and D (Girgaum) ward, are Mrs. Lilavati Munshi and Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh, respectively, as approved by the Committee.

The nominations of Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. Nagindas T. Master and Mr. S. K. Patil for the three seats of the constituency comprising of the A (Fort) ward, B (Mandvi) ward, C (Bhuleshwar) ward and D (Girgaum) ward were also accepted by the Committee. For the Bombay suburban constituency comprising of the G (Dadar and Mahim) ward and the Bombay Suburban District Mr. B G. Kher is one of the candidates selected.

FROM GUJERAT & KARNATAK.

The recommendations from the Gujerat and Karnatak Provincial Congress Parliamentary Committees were considered and accepted.

Among the prominent candidates selected for the Provincial Legislative Assembly from the Gujerat Province are:

Dr. Ghia (Surat and Rander City Constituency), Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasi (Surat District constituency) and Mr. Morarji Desai.

The candidature of Mr. Dadubhai Desai for the constituency of Kaira District, for the Legislative Council was approved.

Both in Karnatak and Gujerat Provinces, the respective Committees have deferred final decision regarding the nominations for some of the constituencies.

PRESIDENT'S CALCUTTA PROGRAMME

CALCUTTA, Oct. 28.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru arrives here on November 5. He will put up with Mr Sarat Chandra Bose. Panditji is expected to be in Calcutta for about five days during which time he will address several public meetings organised by the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee.

Mr. Sarat Bose reaches Calcutta on November 4 from Lahore.—United Press.

INDIAN MEDICAL COUNCIL MEETING

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

A Press Note states the Executive Committee of the Medical Council of India meets on November 4, 1936 and the full Council on the following day. Both the Committee and the Council will have before them heavy agenda many items whereof are of considerable importance.

Curfew Hours Curtailed

MODIFIED ORDER EXTENDED FOR TWO MORE WEEKS

The Curfew order issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, in the beginning of the riot days, and which expires to-day (Thursday) has been extended in a modified form till Nov. 11, 1936 (inclusive). In view of the improvement in the situation the order has been modified from 10 p.m. to 6 a.m. to mid-night to 5 a.m.

The order applies to the frequenters of the places mentioned below:—

Girgaon Road, Kalbadevi Road, Shaik Memon Street, Princess Street, Bhuleshwar Road, Thakurdwar Road, Abdul Rehiman Street, Dadyset Agiary Lane, Fanaswadi Cross Lanes, Fanaswadi Lane, Vithalwadi, Old and New Hanuman Lane, Gaiwadi, Chandanwadi, Sonapur Lane, Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road, Sandhurst Road, Mahomedali Road, Dongri Street, Jail Road (East), Mazagaon Road, Babulla Tank Road, Chinch Bundar Road, Victoria Gardens Road, Kolsa Mohulla, Nagdevi Street, Chuckla Street, Carnac Road, Argyle Road, Frere Road, Mandvi, Dana Bandar, Samuel Street, Khand Bazaar, Musjid Bandar Road, Bhat Bazaar, Nakhoda Street, Pydhowni Road, Dontad Street, Pydhowni Junction, Bhuleshwar Road, Bapu Khote Street, Kika Street, Jambli Moholla, Goghari Moholla, Falkland Road, Kumbharwada Khara Talav Road, Grant Road, Golpitha, Trimbak Purshram Street, Islampura, C. P. Tank Road, Duncan Road, Khetwadi Main Road, Khetwadi Cross Roads, Khetwadi Back Road, Kandewadi Road, Thakurwar Road, Lamington Road Girgaum Back Road (Vithalbhai Patel Road), Ardeshir Dady Street, The whole of Kamatipura, Forjett Street, Foras Road, The whole of Tardeo. All the Streets between Duncan Road and Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road, Belassis Road, The whole of Madanpura, The whole of Ripon Road, Haines Road, Arthur Road, DeLisle Road between Haines Road and Arthur Road, Byculla Station Road, Jacob Circle, Clerk Road, From Chinchpokli to Kala Chowki Road, Reay Road, Ghorupdev, Mazagaon Road Dockyard Road, Mount Road, Victoria Road, Albert Road, Vincent Road.

Another order issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on the 16th inst. banning gatherings of five persons or more in the above places has also been extended till Nov. 11.

Jawahar Clarifies Congress Position

One-Sided Agitation Against "Award" Will Only Result In Its Retention

"Ordinarily when a vote is to be given it must be against the Communal decision. The Congress cannot take up a neutral or non-Committal attitude as it has declared as clearly as possible that it is wholly opposed to the communal decision and seeks to end it."

Thus observes Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, in the course of a letter to Babu Jagat Narayan Lal.

One-Sided Agitation

At the same time Pt. Jawaharlal points out why Congress does not favour one-sided agitation against the decision. Such an agitation will result in the creation of a situation in favour of the retantion of the "Award" for it will inevitably be "exploited by the British Government against us".

Primary Consideration

The Congress President declares that the "primary consideration for us should always be the issue of Independence . Everything must be judged from that point of view". Obviously, therefore, "The Congress wishes to avoid any activity which diverts attention from the main issue to other matters."

LETTER TO JAWAHAR

The following is the correspondence that has passed between Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Babu Jagat Narain Lal:—

In pursuance of the conversation I have had with you the other day at Allahabad. I am writing this to you to-day to obtain a clear statement from you as the President of the Congress about the attitude which Congressmen are now expected to maintain both in and outside the legislatures whenever occasion arises on the question of the so-called Communal Award. The election manifesto of the Congress has no doubt said that the Congress stands for a rejection of the so-called Award. But it later, on in the same manifesto, declares that agitation against it would not be able to achieve the desired object and it does not clearly state what the attitude of Congressmen will be when question of voting upon the Award arises.

In view of past action of Congress representatives in the legislatures and the ban put upon agitation against the so-called Award in spite of its rejection, misgivings and apprehensions are naturally being entertained.

I, therefore, hope you will clear the attitude of the Congress on this point and kindly communicate the same to me soon so that it may help to remove misgivings and misapprehensions as far as possible.

Hoping to be excused for this trouble.'—Yours, sincerely.

(Sd.) JAGATNARAIN LAL.

JAWAHAR'S REPLY

"I have your letter of the 24th September. I am replying in some haste as I am pressed for time. The Congress has declared as clearly as possible that it is wholly opposed to the communal decision and seeks to end it. Indeed it must end it if it thinks or acts in terms of independence. That being the policy of the Congress whenever this subject comes up for consideration inside the legislature or outside it, the expression of opinion or other action to be taken must necessarily be in conformity with that policy. Thus ordinarily when a vote is to be given it must be against the Communal decision. The Congress cannot take up a neutral or non-committal attitude on this matter.

WHAT THEY MAY DO.

At the same time it must be borne in mind that an organisation cannot bind itself down to vote in a particular way without knowing the exact form of the proposition and the circumstances that exist at the time. The principle of trying to get rid of the communal decision will of course remain and will govern Congress policy. Thus Congress members might prefer to move an adjournment to a proposition in order to explain their attitude more clearly. If there is a big national or international crisis at the time this might also have to be taken into consideration.

PRIMARY CONSIDERATION.

As regards the question of leading an agitation against the "Award" the Congress holds, firstly, that the primary consideration for us should always be the issue of independence. Everything should be judged from that point of view. Independence of course includes the removal of the Award and many other objectionable things. The Congress wishes to avoid any activity which diverts attention from the main issue to other matters. Such other matters which fit in with the larger issue can of course always be pressed. The Communal Award issue can of course fit in an agitational sense with this main issue. When it so fits in, then there is no question that it should be pressed with all vigour. When, owing to various factors, it does not so fit in, a special agitation based on it will injure the larger cause by making it appear that we are really thinking in terms of changes within the framework of the new Act, that is of British Imperialism.

NO ONE-SIDED AGITATION.

Secondly, the agitation would depend on the internal situation. It may be that an agitation, say, carried on in the main by Hindus leads to a rival agitation in favour of the "Award" carried on in the main by Muslims. This results in creating a situation in favour of the retention of the "Award," for such a conflict is inevitably exploited by the British Government against us. Therefore the idea of a one-sided agitation is not favoured by the Congress. It wants to create an atmosphere on the basis of independence which will help in the solution of this problem. This need not mean that all the communal leaders of various groups must agree and embrace each other before anything can be done. That is a highly unlikely contingency. But it does mean that those who think in terms of political freedom and economic issues to whatever groups they may belong will be able to see this communal decision in the true perspective and will join hands in fighting it.

UNDESIRABLE.

At the present moment the Congress feels that for both the reasons mentioned above, it is undesirable to raise special attention in regard to the Award, though of course our disapproval of and opposition to it must be proclaimed as the Congress manifesto has done and as many of us have done as individuals. But it is quite possible that (?) it should press this may arise when the Congress feels that it should press this issue. In coming to a decision the two points mentioned above will have to be taken into consideration.

Thus the real question for consideration is not one of principle but one of the methods to be employed to give effect to that principle. The Congress feels that its line of approach to this question is likely to yield the best results. Another matter which perhaps separates the Congress from some others is the vital importance it attaches to independence.—Yours, sincerely.

(Sd.) JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

CONGRESS VOLUNTEERS' CAMP

To Be Opened At Faizpur On Nov. 1

(From Our Correspondent).

TILAK NAGAR, Oct. 28.

The Volunteers' Officers Training Camp at Tilak Nagar opens on November 1, instead of November 5 as announced.

Mr. Shankarrao Deo arrived yesterday morning and held discussions with the Reception Committee officials regarding hot and cold water bathing arrangements and gave petty contracts regarding hut building.

Construction work is progressing rapidly.

Mr. Sahnkarrao Deo left for Bombay.

Congress Presidential Election

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 28.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, has sent circulars to Provincial Congress Committees confirming the provisional time table published in the Press regarding the election of President for the next session of Congress.

The circular further states:

"Sixth December has been fixed for the election of members to the new A.I.C.C. The same date is fixed for election of the President also. On that date delegates from each Province will meet in a place fixed by their respective P.C.C.s. to elect the president for the next session.—United Press.

Indian News From Here And There

"NOT FIT TO KEEP HORSE"

Medical Officer Reveals Shocking Insanitary Conditions In Nagpur

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Oct. 26.

"A high death rate which varies from 26.37 to 70.31 in different parts of the city implies not only a wastage of life and serious economic loss but also that a large number of people live under wretched condition, which makes life a burden. There are certain hovels occupied by poor people where a civilised person would not bear to keep his horse." Thus remarks Dr. R. L. Tuli, Medical Officer of Health, Nagpur Municipality, in the course of his annual report for the year 1935-36.

The infantile mortality rate of 265.93 for the year under report has been exceeded six times during the last decade. Infantile mortality is the most sensitive index of social welfare. The figure is, says the Health Officer, a serious reflection on the sanitary condition of Nagpur City.

The birth rate is the highest since 1930 being 56.34. This may be due in part, believes Dr. Tuli, to the higher marriage rate and early marriages. Places with higher infant morality rates often return higher birth rates because of diminished intervals of child bearings.

Eve of New Era.

Nagpur is on the eve of a new era. It is satisfactory to note that through the efforts of all concerned, it has been possible to achieve some important measures which were long overdue, viz. the water works scheme and the Improvement Trust for Nagpur Dr. Tuli, however, points out that there are other problems which deserve their serious attention.

The situation is, he says, an intricate one and demands exploration of the means and ways of tackling the question. It is suggested that a proper civic survey should be carried out at the earliest possible moment. Facts and figures thus brought out should be relied upon to base any future scheme or commitments. Some of the schemes will be remunerative, says the report, but others may have no immediate return in money; but such of them as have a direct relation to high mortality and morbidity should on no score be postponed indefinitely

Collection of Villages.

Nagpur to-day for the most part continues the report, presents an appearance of a collection of small villages which were built up by creating large excavations in the vicinity. The big quarries in most of the localities are reminiscent of the same, which are being reclaimed by dumping town refuse thus proposing to make money out of our shame. The big nallahs which are nothing short of open 'kachha' sewers with its attendant evils run right through the heart of the city. There is a net work of roads connecting different parts of the city with all the insanitary aspects of a village, intensified by the urban nature of the place, i.e. fast and heavy vehicular traffic and congestion.

Dr. Tuli says that equally important is the question of proper drainage for the city. Complete drainage scheme for the entire city should be designed. It is otherwise well nigh impossible to improve the sanitation of the town as a whole. The Committee is still spending thousands of rupees on tinkering with the problem which is characterised as sheer waste of rate payers' good money.

Referring to an increased water supply for the city the Health Officer observes that it is a poor solace to spend money over medicine and in opening new dispensaries while they were daily dosing their people with unpotable water carrying disease germs, bringing in its wake numerous water borne diseases sickness, incapacity and death.

It is also suggested that the Nagpur Improvement Trust should take up first the canalization of the existing big nallahs.

Regarding the housing problem in Nagpur, Dr. Tuli, says that there are hundreds of houses which are unfit for human habitation, houses in which cattle would not live and survive. It is essential that some one should have powers to prevent the use of such houses for dwelling purposes, else of what avail will be the opening of new hospitals and dispensaries when the living conditions are permitted to propagate the avoidable diseases.

The antiquated and mediaeval system of weekly markets still persists says the report, in the capital of the Central Provinces. The most unsatisfactory methods in which the various wares and eatables are exposed for sale at the markets is shocking. The Health Officer suggests that each locality should have its own pucca and sanitary market.

Concluding his report Dr. Tuli says that the question is of finances. The time is ripe to avail of cheap money in the market. Scientific knowledge has made health a marketable commodity. The time of tension is over and the real strife begins. Let all rise to the occasion and act to make Nagpur, a brighter, happier, healthier, well-watered and well-fed town.

MRS. RANSOM AT POONA

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, October 27.

Mrs. Josephine Ransom, English authoress and international lecturer, arrived in Poona yesterday for a stay of five days. She spoke in the evening on "What is Occultism?" at the Poona Theosophical Lodge. Occultism, she said, was neither mysicism nor mysterious, neither a study of weird or creepy phenomena, nor mere high-pitched phantasies, but the incorporation of the highest truths and the widest, most comprehensive laws and generalisations (ordinarily not thought of, or grasped by us and therefore 'occult' to us) into our daily life, ideals and actions, so as to make them more enlightened and enlightening, more effective, more useful to the world, and more happy. Occultism was thus a completer wisdom than our material sciences and academic philosophies would teach. But it was also a call, a challenge, to a higher level of ethics, behaviour, responsibilities, service,—in short, to a higher level of life.

Mrs. Ransom will speak to-day on "Psychology, ancient and modern" and to-morrow in the morning at 8-30, on "A Westerner's view of the Bhagavad-Gita".

She is staying with Dr. K. J. Kabraji on the 2nd floor of the Meteorological Office, where all choosing to discuss matters further with her will be gladly received.

FIRST INDIAN FOR CANTAB Ph.D

Award For Well-known Bombay Professor For Work On National Income

MADRAS, Oct. 26.

It is understood that Mr. V. K. R. V. Rao, B.A., (Cantab) now senior Lecturer in Economics Andhra University, has been awarded the Ph.D. Degree by the Cambridge University. He is the fourth person and the first Indian to receive a Cambridge Ph.D. in economics. The award was made for his work on the National Income of India, which he carried out as Garton Research Student, and it is expected that his thesis will shortly be published. —A.P.

Delhi Horse-Show In February Next

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

Next Imperial Delhi Horseshow will be held at Irwin Amphitheatre, New Delhi, on February 15, 16, 18 and 20, 1937.

The stewards of the Royal Western India Turf Club have donated Rs. 8,000 to the National Horse-breeding and Show Society to expend on veterinary research. The sum will be devoted to research work now in progress into equine diseases in horse-breeding areas and it is hoped will benefit many thousands of breeders.—A.P.

ANEY FOR SATARA

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, October 28.

Syt. M. S. Aney is expected to go to Satara on the 22nd of November, when he will preside over the Diamond Jubilee celebrations of Syt. R. S. alias Bhau Saheb Soman, M.L.C., the leading Congressman of the place, who completes his 60 years.

GADGIL FOR DELHI.

Syt. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A. left Poona this morning for Delhi to attend the meeting of the Select Committee appointed to consider the question of Indianisation of higher naval posts.

Fracas In Civic Elections

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, October 28.

According to a message received from Pandharpur it appears that the Shias and Sunnis of the place came to blows the other day in course of canvassing for some candidates for the municipal elections was in progress. Lathis are alleged to have been used in the fight.

Poona Businessmen Assaulted

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, October 26.

Police are [illegible] cause of an affray alleged to have taken place in the Bhawani Peth sometime yesterday noon.

It is understood that a couple of respectable businessmen of the locality have been injured in the scuffle that is alleged to have been caused by a few goondas. Some shops in the locality remained closed to-day probably in the very connection.

Martial Law Prisoner Released

(From Our Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR (By Mail.)

Grand reception was accorded the day before to Chanum Singh who was just released from the Yerwada Central Prison after serving the full term of his sentence. He was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for seven years during Martial Law days.

DIVIDING TO CONQUER

(Continued From Page 6)

then, we must steel ourselves to face the painful realities of the world in which we live.

Men who will not fight for what they hold dear deserve to go under.

Lesson Of Spain

Have we asked ourselves what we should do if we found ourselves in the situation of our Spanish comrades.

"It can't happen here," you say. It very nearly happened, under Mr. Asquith, when the officers of the Curragh garrison mutinied. I grant you, it will not happen precisely in the Spanish way or in the Austrian way.

Nor will it ever happen, if we are content always to fall into line with the Government of the propertied class.

When it comes to us, as it came to the Germans, are we ready, are we even thinking how to get ready? Courage is not enough.

May we, when the test comes, display the courage of these Spaniards! But without training, discipline and arms, courage is a suicidal impulse.

These things cannot be improvised: that, with the need for solidarity, is the lesson for us from Spain.

I ask myself whether our young men ought to avail themselves of the training they can get in the Territorials.

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RAILWAY FINANCE INQUIRY

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

Sir Guthrie Russel, Chief Commissioner of Railways, will receive Sir Ralph Wedgewood, Chairman, and the members of the Railway Finance Enquiry Committee, when they arrive in Bombay on November 19. The members will leave for Delhi, where they will be arriving on November 21. So far no programme for the Committee has been chalked out. It is anticipated the Committee will visit important places during its three months' stay in India.—United Press.

Indian States Organised To Buttress British Raj

If He Were Dictator, Sastri Will Give Them Their Proper Place So That There Will Be Only One Political India And No Communal Clashes

VILLUPURAM, (By Mail).

The Right Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastriar, Vice-Chancellor, Annamalai University, alighted here on his way from Madras to Chidambaram. He stayed the whole day at the local Municipal High School Buildings. He was accompanied by Dr. P. S. Lokanathan.

Mr. Sastri, in the course of a long and humorous address on "If I were a Dictator," stated that Dictatorship was of two kinds, ancient and modern, and that while the former was the choosing of the person by the people unanimously when there was disorder to put things right and then to disappear when order prevailed, the latter was the raising of men into power to further their own private and personal ends with no tendency to retire.

INDIAN STATES

If he were a Dictator he would carry out certain political and social reforms. In the speaker's opinion, constitution of a federal type was not necessary and that the old unitary constitution wherein the Central Government was strong and had in its hands the main sources of power would work well. Further the States, coming as they do under the British protection and paramountcy, are being organised for the purpose of buttressing the British Raj and not for promoting the future welfare of the country. He would, therefore, give the States the proper place under the paramountcy of British India so much so, there may be one political India where there would be no communal clashes, and which, for all political purposes will be, an India of Indians. The Provinces would be made to co-operate under the strong Centre with certain financial limitations. If left to themselves they will tend to differ from one another when they would hardly appear to belong to one unified political organisation.

EDUCATIONAL PLANNING

Regarding education, the speaker observed that it was a failure. The system of education should be such as to produce a race of intellectually efficient people within a specified period of time. It requires capable planning, abundant caution and systematic pursuit. Under provincial autonomy some provinces will progress in education while several others will lag behind. Elementary education must be made a national concern and the financing of it should be in the hands of the Central Government. It should be controlled by the system of giving grants as in America and in England also to a certain extent, and there should also be a system of inspection which would bring elementary education under one head. If elementary education is so organized with a determined person at the head of the administration, illiteracy can be abolished in the course of a generation. Our departments must be under the control of men abundant with rich ideas and able to put them into action within a limited time. They should have a clear sighted vision and forethought, subject of course to financial consideration. This, Mr. Shastri said, he will do if he were a Dictator.

RELIGIOUS ORGANISATIONS.

Regarding religion, Mr. Sastri said that all religious organisations as Hindu Mahasabhas and Muslim Leagues, should be abolished ruthlessly and that people must assemble under a single banner of India. Men past 35 may not agree to this new discipline since they were creatures of ancient customs and practices. Mr. Sastri appealed to the young to strike a new line.

He then referred to the recruitment of public servants and said that men possessing moral integrity, best talent, and highest character must alone be recruited. Public servants should be servants of the public and not a section of it. They should give their best to the entire people. It would be a very bad day for the country if the best brains should take to law and to trade, and that third rate men should flock to public services.

WOMEN & PROPERTY RIGHTS.

The speaker agreed that women should be given right of property to a certain extent. If social reforms should take root, they should have the will of the public behind them. Harijan children should be educated in separate schools when alone they will have their intellects improved. They are akin to feel inferiority complex if admitted into the existing schools. In the same way separate temples would be built for Harijans and they should be kept clean and attractive. In the speaker's opinion Hindi was the only tongue that should be an All-India language and he desired that encouragement should be given for learning it. Mr. Sastri answered certain questions. He left for Chidambaram by car in the evening.—A.P.

BRING OUT THE FLAVOUR OF CURRIES

There is no better way of bringing out the flavour of savoury dishes than by adding Bovril to the *masalas*. Even a teaspoonful of it makes a world of difference not only to the taste but also to the nutriment. Doctors have realised for years that Bovril provides something which ordinary food cannot supply. For Bovril has unique powers of speeding up and encouraging those vital processes which lie at the root of all nutrition.

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TRAINING THE B.B.C. RECRUITS

An Account Of The New Staff College

Between twenty and thirty members of the BBC staff, including three women, will constitute the first students at the Corporation's new Staff Training Department, which will begin activities on October 1. Of that number, about twenty will be new recruits to the British broadcasting service. A three months' course of training in the technique of broadcasting will be the principal function of the 'school,' which will be accommodated in premises in Duchess Street, at the rear of Broadcasting House. Two studios, an effects room, control room, echo room, dramatic control room, lecture rooms, offices, etc., will be available at those premises for the exclusive use of the school's students, in order that they may put into practice the theory that lectures and demonstrations will teach them.

It is, in fact, proposed that a weekly programme, the work of trainees from creation to production, shall be a prominent feature of the training Department's curriculum. Musical recitals, talks, dramatic productions, news bulletins, and other programmes of the normal broadcasting service will be produced by the members of the Department on a 'closed circuit'—i.e., the programmes will be picked up by the usual Studio microphones, and then fed back to the Department's loudspeakers. The programmes will not, therefore, be heard by BBC listeners.

TRAINING AFTER EMPLOYMENT

The Training Department is not a means of entry into the employment of the Corporation, the students being already members of the staff. Normally, a new employee, having been appointed in the ordinary way, at the outset of his service would take the Department's course, and would receive instruction in the general activities of the Corporation, as well as in those specialised activities for the performance of which he was originally appointed. In other words, a man whose experience and abilities had justified his selection as an assistant in, say, the Talks Department, would take the training course (and, in doing so, would have the opportunity of studying the technique associated with the devising and production of broadcast talks) before taking up the actual duties for which he was originally engaged. It would be the object of the course to superimpose upon his existing qualifications a knowledge of broadcasting practice. Existing staff who, by reason of pressure of work in their own particular spheres, have not been able to keep in touch with progress and development in other spheres of the Corporation's work, will be able to attend the 'school' and thereby refresh their general knowledge.

It is probable that some form of examination to terminate the course will be devised.

GENERAL LECTURES.

A series of general lectures on the various activities of the BBC by the officials responsible for the control of those activities, elementary technical lectures on the mechanical processes that the trainees will be using throughout their working days, specialised lectures by the best possible teachers in each subject (a weekly conducting class, for example, will be held by Dr. Adrian Boult, the BBC's Director of Music), the adaptation for broadcasting purposes of existing material, and, of even greater importance, the creation of new material primarily designed for broadcasting, as well as the construction and actual presentation of programmes—these subjects will comprise the school's curriculum. It may, too, be found possible to use films of sporting events and similar activities in the training of commentators and officials who will be concerned with outside broadcasts.

Artists who will take part in the 'programmes' for which the 'school' will be responsible will come, in all probability, from among the students in outside training academies—colleges of music, schools of dramatic art, and so on. And thus, perhaps a triple purpose will be served: the BBC's trainees will be able faithfully to duplicate the conditions under which they will ultimately work; the artists will gain useful experience of BBC practice; and the BBC may have brought to its notice talent of potential value to the programmes of British broadcasting.

INSTRUCTORS

It would be unwise, at this stage to indulge in unbridled prophecy of the Training Department's future development, but it is hoped that, in the course of time, the Department will meet the needs of the officials from overseas broadcasting organisations who come to Broadcasting House—as many now do—to study British methods.

Two officials who have had the necessary long and extensive experience of broadcasting will be in charge of the Department: G. C. Beadle, who has been appointed Director, and E. A. Harding, who will be Chief Instructor. From 1924 to 1926 Mr. Beadle was in charge of the Durban Broadcasting Station in South Africa, and prior to his present appointment was the BBC'S Director of Programme Administration. Mr. Harding was previously Programme Director at the North Regional Headquarters of the BBC at Manchester and before that was a special programme writer and producer in London. The Empire Day programmes of the years 1929-1933 were his responsibility, as was the first of the special Christmas Day programmes—in which, of course, the Empire played a prominent part—in 1932.

Glands Made Young —Vigour Renewed Without Operation

If you feel old before your time or suffer from nerve, brain and physical weakness, you will find new happiness and health in an American medical discovery which restores youthful vigour and vitality quicker than gland operations. It is a simple home treatment in tablet form, discovered by an American Doctor. Absolutely harmless and easy to take, but the newest and most powerful invigourator known to science. It acts directly on your glands, nerves, and vital organs, builds new, pure blood, and works so fast that you can see and feel new body power and vigour in 24 to 48 hours. Because of its natural action on glands and nerves, your brain power, memory and eyesight often improve amazingly.

And this amazing new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs is guaranteed. It has been tested and proved by thousands in America, and is now available at all chemists here. Get Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs from your chemist today. Put it to the test. See the big improvement in 24 hours. Take the full bottle, which lasts eight days, under the positive guarantee that it must make you full of vigour, energy and vitality, and feel 10 to 20 years younger or money back on return of empty package. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

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DELHI RADIO NOTES

Popular Programme Director Replaced

(From Our Delhi Radio Correspondent).

Listeners to Delhi have been more satisfied with the Delhi talks than with the mediocre music which has been constantly inflicted on them. During the last fortnight Delhi fans had to content themselves by a few interesting and useful talks. Mr. Asaf Ali has been probably one of the most popular speakers on the mike, but it is strange that his name does not appear in the programmes now. Why? Some talks were relayed from Lahore. But it is felt that unless the talk is from some really eminent person as that of Prof. Vakeel from the Bombay Radio station, it should not be relayed from the outside stations and the local speakers should be given more opportunities. The Delhi Radio Station can very easily find young speakers from the universities of Delhi, Agra and Aligarh who have really got something to say on the mike, instead of arranging relays from outside stations, the inauguration of the new series of talks has been a welcome idea. If Delhi continues to broadcast interesting and useful talks as it has done in the past it may gain popularity inspite of its other shortcomings.

BOMBAY HEARD IN DELHI.

The Delhi authorities have done well to invite Bai Saraswati Bai, and Rafique Ghaznavi who have already been heard from Bombay Radio Station on several occasions to sing on the Delhi mike. The exchange of artistes between the various stations is bound to be popular although in that case Delhi will have very few to be sent to Calcutta or to Bombay. While inviting the musicians from outside the station authorities should take care only to invite those who are really popular. Rafique Ghaznavi was heralded by the Station Director as the best amateur Indian musician. This sort of boosting will do neither credit to the station nor to the artiste. It is expected that the Delhi announcer will show more sense of proportion while introducing other artistes.

NEW PROGRAMME DIRECTOR.

Mr. Rasheeduddin, who has long before made a name as football player of Punjab University, has succeeded Mr. A. M. Ashraf, (better known as "Adam Arz," to thousands of listeners), the very popular Programme Director of the Delhi Radio Station. Mr. Rasheeduddin was one of the prominent members of Prof. Bokhari's Group in the Government College. It is expected that the new Programme Director who, like his predecessor, possesses the advantage of University education, will do his best to maintain the high standard of Delhi talks which Mr. Ashraf maintained.

'AWAZ'

It has often been remarked that "Awaz" the Urdu-Hindi organ of A. I. R. has been more Indian than its Anglo-Indian counterpart "The Indian Listener." In the issue of the October 16, the very interesting talks of Prof. Mujeeb and Mrs. Asaf Ali have been reproduced. One wonders why Mr. A. H. Majaz whose "Ishare" and comments had gained great popularity is severing his connection with 'Awaz.' There seems to be a mystery behind it.

DELHI ORCHESTRA.

The Delhi Station is proud to possess an orchestra of its own. But its popularity has always been in doubt. With the present resources Delhi can have a much better Orchestra provided it is properly directed. Delhi orchestra should be truly representative of Indian music. Will the A. I. R. authorities ever care for the public opinion regarding Delhi orchestra in particular and Delhi station in general is a question which is often asked.

(continued from col. 7.)

they would lead to making famous overnight some of the local musicians whose talents are at present hidden and latent on account lack of adequate opportunities for their display.—A. P.

Moscow Calling!

Programmes For November

The following are the programme notes of Moscow Radio Centre for the first half of November:—

1. SUNDAY.—Who's Who in the Soviet Union.
Sholokhov—member of Central Executive Committee—author of "Quiet Flows the Don" and "The Soil Upturned"—he writes about the Don Cossacks among whom he was born and still continues to live and to represent on the local Soviet.

4. WEDNESDAY.—A broadcast planned by a listener.

6. FRIDAY.—On the Eve of the November 7th. Celebrations. "Moscow through many eyes".

7. SATURDAY.—Broadcast from Red Square on anniversary of October Revolution.

8. SUNDAY.—Worker-delegates at the microphone.
at the microphone. Talk Nineteen years of Soviet rule.

11. WEDNESDAY.—Monthly Review of Art, Theatre, Cinema, Literature.

13. FRIDAY.—Talk: The New Soviet Constitution. Russian Lesson.

15. SUNDAY.—Life and work in the USSR.

PROGRAMME NOTES

SUNDAY, November 1st 4-30 p. m. Indian Time on 25 metres 8-30 p.m. Indian time on 19.81 and 25 metres.

The characters created by Sholokhov live in the minds of his readers and are widely quoted everywhere as if they were real people. His tales run into millions and new issues are speedily sold out both here and abroad. His latest book vividly describes the struggle in a Cossack village for collectivisation and the reader is drawn into the struggle and gets to know intimately all the people of village. The biography of this popular writer will be given during this broadcast.

WEDNESDAY, November 4th at 4-30 p.m. Indian time on 25 metres.

This is a mystery broadcast for the listeners. We are waiting for you to send us a complete programme, or at least suggestions for a half-hour broadcast to put in our programme to-day.

FRIDAY, November 6th at 2-30 a.m. Indian time on 1744 and 25 metres.

On November 7th we celebrate the achievements of the October Revolution. We look back over the rich history of 19 years and remember the past to appreciate how much we have accomplished and how far we have travelled on the road to communism. It is a time of happiness and good cheer when we gaily celebrate the transition from the gloomy days of capitalism and Tsarism to a happy and well-to-do life. All the cities, town and villages are bright with lights, bunting, displays and tableaux. The decorations and arrangements for the festival in the capital will be described by some old microphone friends.

SATURDAY, November 7th on 1744 and 25 metres.
During the Demonstration there will be a special broadcast from Red Square with a commentary in English.

SUNDAY, November 8th. 2-30 a.m. Indian time on 1744 and 25 metres.

Don't miss the speeches of the British worker-delegates who will give their impressions of the celebrations and of the Soviet Union.

WEDNESDAY, November 11th at 4-30 p.m, Indian time on 25 metres.

The world of art in the Soviet Union is very busy and thriving, so there is always something interesting to report. There is indeed so much to describe that we shall have to be rather arbitrary in our choice, but if listeners will write and let us know what artistic activities most interest them we will do our best to satisfy such requests.

CANADIAN BROADCASTING

New Arrangements To Come Into Force Next Month

The appointment of the Board of Governors of the recently-formed Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, which will on November 2 next supersede the present Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission, has been announced by the Prime Minister of Canada (the Rt. Hon. W.L. Mackenzie King). The Chairman of the Board is Mr. Leonard W. Brockington, of Winnipeg and Calgary, and the Deputy Chairman Mr. Rene Morin, of Montreal. The other members of the Board are Brig.-General Victor W. Odlum, of Vancouver, Mr. J. W. Godfrey, of Halifax, Nova Scotia, Professor A. Vachon, of Laval University, Quebec, Mr. N. L. Nathanson, head of Famous Players' Corporation of Canada, Limited, in Toronto, Colonel Wilfrid Bovey, of McGill University, Montreal, Mr. Allan B. Plaunt, of Toronto, and Mrs. Nellie McClung, famous Canadian novelist, of Victoria, B.C.

The Board of Governors has recommended to the Government that they should appoint Major W. E. Gladstone Murray as General Manager of the Corporation. Major Murray joined the staff of the British Broadcasting Company in 1924 as Director of Publicity (and Publications.) He continued in the service of the British Broadcasting Corporation when it was formed in 1927, and in 1932 was appointed Director of Information and Publications. In October, 1935, he was appointed Joint Assistant Controller of Programmes.

INSTALLATION OF SHORT WAVE TRANSMITTER IN SIND

Advantages In Karachi Not To Be Found By Any City In India

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

The prospects of Sind having its own broadcasting station are being discussed in local radio circles. Enquiries show that a local firm has applied for permission to install a short wave transmitter in Karachi. This company has been carrying on successful experiments on short waves, the programmes being picked up clearly at various important towns including Sukkur and Hyderabad.

The transmitter is of the very latest American crystal type which will operate on different meter bands during the two seasons. It is emphasised that ideal conditions prevail here for broadcasting. This company proposes to have short wave stations which will be connected with 40 meter bands ground wave service of 110 miles and with a skip distance of about 200 miles. They will serve upto 1,000 miles. They are awaiting a reply by the end of this month.

Their idea is to cover the whole province of Sind, providing programmes for one hour in English and one hour in Indian music.

Sind is an important centre for short wave transmission in India declared the management in an interview. They added that earth conductivity of Karachi and its environments was second to none in India as is evident from the extremely low resistance few feet below the surface.

ADVANTAGES IN KARACHI.

A second reason was the possibility of directional transmitting system owing to Karachi being on the extreme west coast of India. A third advantage possessed by Karachi in view of its location is that short waves being of greater efficiency from West to East and vice versa short wave broadcasting was ideally suited for Karachi.

The skip distance they said was the greatest obstacle in the way of shortwave reception in India. Sind in this respect has been found to be free from this defect. Taking for instance 20 or 40 meter band, this has a ground wave service of 150 miles and a total skip distance varying between 300 to 350 miles, that is 150 miles having been already serviced by the ground wave leaving only 150 miles which will be the dead zone, that is desert tract as far as Sind is concerned. The first refraction falls within the area of some of the most important towns like Rohri Shikarpur and Sukker.

They added, should Government install only medium wave stations Karachi or Hyderabad would be central point between Delhi and Bombay acting as a link.

One of the outstanding merits of short wave transmission is the fact that a greater area can be served with greater efficiency by a three kilo watt short wave transmitter than by a colossal 50 kilowatt medium wave transmitter.

The management concluded in an optimistic strain stating that when their plans are completed

(Continued in Col. 3.)

GENERAL ELECTRIC

Focused Tone Radio

ASSURES PERFECT TONE! that SIMPLIFIES TUNING.

Model E-101 Radio .....

10 Metal Valves - 16.7-555 Meters
10 Watts Output - Cabinet two tone walnut finish and hand-rubbed to a satin like lustre

DISTRIBUTORS:—
PRECIOUS ELECTRIC COMPANY,
Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street,
BOMBAY:
for Southern Bombay Presidency & Central Provinces.

International General Electric Co.
(INDIA) LIMITED:
BANGALORE: BOMBAY: CALCUTTA:

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS DOWN

Silver, Tin, Copper And Rubber Strong But Wheat Easy

BOMBAY, Oct. 28.

On Wednesday crossrates ruled steady.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY.

New York cotton developed considerable strength on unfavourable weather report. The closing tone was however easy.

SILVER FIRM.

London gold was quiet but silver was firm.

WHEAT EASY.

Wheat was slightly easy on scattered liquidation. Tin, copper and rubber were firm.

SECURITIES CHEERFUL.

The London Stock Exchange displayed better activity with better business. Giltedged securities were cheerful with good speculative buying.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Oct. 28.

Previous closing	11.75
To-day's opening	11.78
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	11.70
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Oct. 28.

Previous closing	6.55
To-day's opening	6.61
Difference	+.06
To-day's closing	6.60
Difference	+.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 218

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 28.

The New York cotton market developed considerable strength to-day on steadiness of Liverpool cables and covering influenced by unfavourable weather report.

Trading in March option commenced at 11.78 i.e. 3 points higher than previous closing. Prices further improved to 11.79 here some buyers were hesitant and prices remained along yesterday's closing level.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.70 with a decline of 5 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 28.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (11.55/11.54) 11.75/11.74
December (11.54/11.54) 11.74/11.74
January (11.64/11.62) 11.79/11.78

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 28.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6.58) 6.70
American December (6.53) 6.63
Egyptian October (11.10) 11.35
Egyptian November (11.10) 11.35

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 28.

The market was closed at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 28.

The rates at 3-30 p. m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£198 1/2 buyers £198 3/4 sellers. Steady) £205 1/2 buyers £206 sellers. Strong.

Lead (£18 3/8 buyers £18 1/2 sellers. Barely steady) £18 11/16 buyers £18 3/4 sellers Firm.

Electrolytic Copper (£46 to £46 1/2) £46 1/2 to £47

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay October November (£13 1/4 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers

Linseed Calcutta October November (£13 1/4 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata October (£11 5/16 sellers) £11 5/16 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal November (£13 11/16 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2

Indian Pekoe higher (1-10 1/4) 1-10 1/4

Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 3/4

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4) 2-5

JUTE

New Crop October November (£18 1/8 value) £18 1/8 sellers.

Dunlop October (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

Lightning October (£19 1/2 sellers) £19 1/2 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 15/16 paid and buyers) 8 1/16 paid and buyers.

Forward January March (8 paid and buyers) 8 3/16 paid and sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 28.

	Rs.	a	p
Wheat January 1936	5	8	6
Wheat May 1937	5	3	3
Linseed 1937	7	3	6

Wheat and linseed steady.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct. 28.

Previous closing	4.89 5/32
To-day's opening	4.89 11/32
To-day's rate at the time of New York cotton closing)	4.89 1/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct. 28.

Previous closing	4.88 15/16
To-day's opening	4.89 1/8
To-day's closing	4.89 1/16
Difference	+.00 1/4

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 28.

Previous closing	105.15
To-day's opening	105.15
To-day's closing	105.13
Difference	—.02

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 28.

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.89 1/8 and gradually declined to 4.89 1/16 but later however on some better feeling the rate rose to 4.89 3/16. Fluctuations were confined to a narrow range.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.89 1/16.

Franc opened at 105.15. There were no special features and the rate moved with an undecided trend but the movements were small.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 105.13.

SILVER CABLES

London, Oct. 28.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India and speculators bought. Offerings small. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

	Last Price.	To-day Price.
Spot	19 15/16d.	20 1/8d.
Forward	19 15/16d.	20 1/8d.

The market was steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 28.

Gold per fine ounce (£7-2-3) £7-2-2

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 28.

3 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 28. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(7.937) 7.936
New York on Bombay	(36.97) 36.95
Berlin on Bombay	(0.91 7/8) 0.91 7/8
London on Milan	(92.84) 92.93
London on Shanghai	(1-2 15/32) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe	(1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 28.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.15 7/8. Prices showed a tendency to decline on scattered liquidation and outside selling due to no important developments.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 28.

Liverpool wheat opened firm with December at 99 7/8. March 93 3/8 and May 92 3/4. The market was affected by good overseas advices and mixed weather cables from Australia caused uncertainty. Later prices fluctuated narrowly.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Oct. 28.

Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	3	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	2	9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	3	3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	3	3

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 28.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/4 as against the previous closing at £99 5/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 28. 3-30 p.m.

There was rather more doing. General tone was better. Internationals and oil shares were firmer. Giltedgeds and home industrials were generally firm on renewed buying.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£35 1/8) £35 3/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 5/8) £107 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 7/8) £109 7/8

5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 3/8) £117 3/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/8 Ex Div.) £106 1/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/4) £115 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (19-1 1/2) 19-4 1/2

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 1/2) £4 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 9 1/8) dol 9 1/2

Musical Industries (23-6) 23-6

Princhin Johnson (52-6) 52-6

Imperial Chemical (41-7 1/2) 41-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (10-7 1/2) 10-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (154-6) 154-6

Realisation 1930 (£90 1/4) £90

Dunlop Rubber (36-1 1/2) 36-1 1/2

Unilever Ordinary (39-6) 40-0

Ford Motors (34-3) 35-7 1/2

Cables and Wireless (£6) £6

British American Tobacco (132-6) 132-6

Carreas A (£9 3/4) £9 5/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£172 1/2) £171 7/8

P and O S N Company Defd (26-7 1/2) 27-0

Distillers (112-6) 112-0

Bredford Dyers (9-9) 9-3

British Celanese (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (53-0) 53-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (55-1 1/2) 55-6

Fine Cotton Spinners (9-6) 9-6

Vickers Limited Ordinary (38-6) 38-0

Inter Nickels (£61 5/8) £63 1/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (9-0) 9-0

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 28. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£119 1/2) £119 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£111 1/2) £111 1/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£113 3/8) £113 3/8

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2

Donaro Tea (42-0) 42-0

Empire of India Ceylon (27-6) 27-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (32-9) 34-0

Gula Kelampong (33-1 1/2) 33-1 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (33-3) 34-1 1/2

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Naudy (62-3) 62-3

Burma Corporation (12-0) 12-0

Rio Tintos (£19 1/4) £20 1/4

East Rand Proprietors (73-3) 73-3

Rand Imam (£9) £9

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/4) £15 1/4

Gedule New (£10 3/8) £10 3/8

New Modders (41-3) 40-0

Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (38-9) 38-9

Union Corporation (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (51-3) 51-3

Anglo Iranian (96-3) 98-9

Burma Oil (£104-4 1/2) £105-7 1/2

Mexican Eagle (31-7 1/2) 32-3

Shell Transport (£117 1/2) £117 1/2

Royal Dutch (£43 5/8) £44 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£59 1/4) £58 3/4

L and S Ordinary (£31) £30 1/2

L N E R Defd (£6 3/8) £6 1/8

Southern Dutch (£26) £26

London Paris 5 per cent (£136 1/2) £136 1/2

London Transport 'C' Stock (£101 1/4) £101 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 28.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 71 3/8) dol 72 3/4

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 44 7/8) dol 46 1/4

U S Steel Common (dol 74 3/8) dol 76 3/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 146 5/8) dol 149

PRICES CONTINUE TO HARDEN IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Industrial Specialities Resume Advance

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The Stock Exchange encouraged by Wall Street markets resumed recent advance under lead of industrial specialities. Rubbers continued to harden coppers and tins responded to strength of metals.

In commodities tin was strong on rumours of Siamese adhesion to the restriction scheme. Copper was firm on renewed trade and speculative buying.

Rubber was firm but closed quieter on profit-taking and lack of American support.

Wheat was firmer on American purchases.

Wall Street was firm and then quiete on some profit-taking.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

KARACHI, Oct. 28.

To-day's closing quotations cotton Sind Jan. 18/12/9, Punjab Jan. 16/13/6 4—

F American Jan. 23/8/9 tone steady. Wheat July 26/11/6, Oct. 29/12/6, Nov. 29/12/6, Dec. 30/5/6, tone easy.

Toria Feb. 37/7/6, Nov. 39/11, Dec. 39/15/3.

Gram July 21/7, Oct. 21/1, Nov. 21/2/9, Dec. 21/11/9.

Cottonseeds Jan. 16/6/9, Mar. 16/11/3.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 28. 10-0 p.m.

Silver ready	49	14	0
Silver 1st settlement	49	14	0
Silver 2nd settlement	50	0	0
Gold ready	35	3	3
Gold 1st settlement	35	3	3
Gold 2nd settlement	35	3	6
Sovereigns	22	5	6

COCANADA GETS 5 INCHES OF RAIN

POONA, Oct. 28.

The cyclic storm in the Bay of Bengal has moved in a northwesterly direction and is approaching Circars Coast near Masulipatam.

Fairly wide-spread and locally heavy rain has fallen in the north Madras Coast and Orissa, with few falls in the south-east Madras and Madras Deccan. Thundershowers have also occurred locally in east and north Punjab and at a few stations in Bihar and Chota Nagpur.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Cocanada 5 inches; Vizagapatam 4; Nellore 3; Gopalpur and Calingapatam 2 each; Chandbali and Madras 1½ each and Cuttack 1.

FORECAST

Rainfall will be wide-spread and locally heavy in Coromandel, Circars and Orissa coasts and extend into east Central Provinces, Orissa and Chota Nagpur and occur locally in south Deccan. Thunder-storms are also likely to occur locally in Bengal, Bihar and the United Provinces.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 28-10-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.002 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8-0 a. m. 79.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.0 degrees 1.0 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 76.0 degrees 1.5 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 69 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 165 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 27 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING

DATED 28-10-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.11 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.91 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Felicitations To Janjira Nawab

The Secretary of the Janjira State Peoples' Union, Bombay writes:—

On receipt of the news of hair breadth escape of the Nawab of Janjira State in an accident he met while proceeding for hunting near Poona an urgent ordinary meeting of the Managing Committee of the Janjira State People's Union was called in its office when a resolution thanking Almighty for saving His Highness and praying for his long life and prosperity was passed. At the end the Committee hoped that all people of Janjira State specially residing in Bombay will offer prayers to God for sparing the Nawab Saheb.

SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVAL.

Bombay: October 28.

Burmah Shell Oil S & D Coy's Oil Tanker s s Badarpur of 4949 reg tons, Capt. J Nelson, arrived from Rangoon via Karachi in ballast.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay: October 28.

B I S N Coy's s s Barpeta of 1892 reg tons, Capt. W. Dewhurst, sailed for Basra via Verawal, Kathiawar Coast Ports and Karachi with passengers and local cargo.

O. S. Kaisha's s. s. Taijin Maru of 3642 reg tons, Capt. G. Sorimochi, sailed for Kobe via Cochin and Penang with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N Coy's s s Karanja of 4646 reg tons, Capt. J. D. Eadie, sailed for Durban via Marmagoa and East and South African Ports with passengers and local cargo.

LOADING.

Bombay: October 28.

The following steamers entered for Loading on 28-10-36:—

S.S. Hilda (L T) for Europe and American Ports via Aden.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay: October 28.

2 Taijin Maru, 3642, Kobe, 28-10, O S Kaisha.

6 Lindenfels 5193, Karachi 2-11, L Edwards Ltd.

8 Alipore 3241, Kobe 31-10, M M and Co.

11 Tuscania 10016, Glasgow 29-10, Grahams T Co.

14 Karanja 4646 Durban 28-10, M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Gambhira 3198, Rangoon 31-10, M M & Co.

4 Varela 1926, Busrah 29-10, M M and Co.

10|11 Jalayamuna 3030, N F, N F, Scindia S N Co.

15 S.S. Cambay Star 320, M. Coast 29-10, S Hassum and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

C|R Garmula 3234, Calcutta 31-10, M M and Co.

D|E Akbar 2479, Mauritius 31-10, T Morrison and Co.

F Jehangir 2157, Jeddah 5-11, T Morrison and Co.

G Oostcappelle 348, M. Coast 30-10, Merchant S N Co.

N|O Kidderpore 3268, N F N F, M M and Co. (P & O).

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Kaisar-I-Hind 29-10 P & O S N Co.

Somali 6-11 P & O S N Co.

Strathaird 5-11 P & O S N Co.

Warfield 29-10 M M and Co.

Strathmore, 9-11, P and O S N Co.

Comorin, 12-11, P and O S N Co.

Chitral, 19-11, P and O S N Co.

Rajputana, 26-11, P and O S N Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury, 2-11, Killick Nixon & Co.

Clan Matheson, 29-10, James Finlay & Co.

City of London, 30-10, Killick Nixon and Co.

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Polk 29-10 F F Campbell and Co

City of Worcester 5-11, F F Campbell & Co.

Atlanta City 2-11 M M & Co

FROM CHINA JAPAN

Tango Maru 30-10 N Y Kaisha

Manta Maru, 9-11, O. S. Kaisha.

Shunko Maru. 23-11. O. S. Kaisha.

FROM BASRA.

Bandra, 29-10, M. M. & Co.

Vasna, 31-10. M. M & Co.

Bamora 5-11 M M and Co.

Varsova 7-11 M M and Co.

FROM JAVA

Silverash 29-10 Volkart Bros.

Kota Agoeng. 5-11. Volkart Bros.

FROM KARACHI

Frauenfels 29-10 Lionel Edward

FROM RANGOON

Golconda, 2-11. M M and Co.

FROM HULL

City of Kobe 3-11 James Finlay and Co.

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 7-11 P & O S N Co.

FROM HAMBURG

Rabenfels. 2-11 Lionel Edward.

Ratenfels, 6-11, Lionel Edward.

FROM ABADAN

FROM OSLO

Teradentes. 28-10. Lionel Edward.

FROM TRIESTE

Victoria, 2-11. Lloyd Triestino

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Kaiser-I-Hind, 31-10; P and O S N Coy.

Mooltan, 7-11, P. & O. S. N. Co.

Corfu. 14-11, P & O S N Coy.

FOR HAMBURG

Tranenfels, 31-10. Lionel Edwards.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Tuscania 29-10 Graham's Trading Co.

City of Simla 9-11 Killick Nixon and Co

California. 12-11. Graham's Trdg. Co.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Polk 30-10 F. F. Campbell and Co.

City of Worcester. 7-11, F. F. Campbell & Co.

City of Oran. 8-11 F. F. Campbell & Co

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Kota Agoeng 11-11 Volkart Bros.

FOR CHINA & JAPAN

Tango Maru, 11-11, N Y Kaisha.

Calcutta Maru, 12-11, N Y Kaisha.

Mantai Maru, 24-11, O S Kaisha.

Toyama Maru. 1-11, N Y. Kaisha.

Victoria 2-11 Lloyd Triestino.

Somali 7-11 P & O S N Co.

Tango Maru. 11-11. N Y Kaisha

FOR MAURITIUS.

Akbar, 31-10, Turner Morrison & Co.

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir, 3-11. Turner Morrison and Co.

FOR JAVA.

Silverrash, 2-11, Volkart Bros.

FOR BASRA.

Barpeta 28-10 M M & Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Takliva, 11-11, M. M. & Co.

Kenya 30-9, M. M. & Co.

FOR SYDNEY.

Strathaird 8-11 P & O S N Co.

FOR KARACHI.

Rautenfels, 10-10, Lionel Edward.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. Hamburg Maru 26-10-36
„ Calcutta Maru .... „
„ Karanja ..... „
„ Garmula 27-10-36
„ Varela ..... „
„ Cambay Star ..... „

EXPORTS.

Bombay: October 28.

S.S. Kaiser-I-Hind; for Marseilles:—309 bags mustard seed, S M Rajgor and Co.

For London:—30 bags cattle fish bones, K C Marfatia and Co; 39 bales animal skins, Ralli Bros; 52 drums castor oil, Greaves Cotton and Co; 4 casks condiments, M M Poonjaji and Co; 58 cases bristles, D Abraham and Sons; 30 bales animal skins, Thos Cook & Son; 18 bls animal skins, D Abraham & Sons; 20 bls animal skins, A K A Rasool; 4 bls animal skins, M Moloobhai; 4 bls animals skins, A Gulamhusein and Co; 11 bls animal skins, P E Boyce and Sons; 30 bls animal skins, J J Rahimtoola; 31 cases bristles, W H Brady & Co, 28 bls animal skins, M R Shaffi & Co; 18 bls animal skins, A K A Rasool; 5 bls animal skins, M Esmail.

S S Lindenfels, for Hamburg:—3281 bags groundnut oil cakes, A Oomerbhoy; 200 bags seasame seed and 369 bags mustard seed, A Virji and Co; 100 bales hides flashings, A Dawn and Co; 113 bags gum karaya, B. Jaffer and Co.; 12 bls cotton fly, Textile Products Ltd. 450 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros; 28 bales cotton fly, L O Vora.

For Antwerp:—32 bales cotton fly, Textile Products, Ltd.

For New York:—214 bales cotton fly, Textile Products, Ltd.

For Riga:—13 bales cotton waste Textile Products, Ltd.

For Malone:—25 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Salonica:—309 bales cotton S R, Tushan and Co.

S S President Polk, for Marseilles:—4 bales kid skins, D Abraham and Sons.

For New York:—3 bales animal skins and 100 bags henna leaves, D Abraham and Sons; 140 bgs pistachio nuts and 140 bgs psyllium seeds, F F Campbell and Co; 70 bgs. gum karaya, N. Mooji and Co; 200 bls cotton fly, Dhapla and Co; 195 bls cotton fly, H E Bode & Sons; 335 bags pistachio nuts, H M. Ghazanfer.

For Genoa:—448 bales cotton raw, Textile Products, Ltd; 55 bls cotton raw, A Clayton and Co; 220 bls cotton raw, B Cursondas & Co.

For Naples:—110 bales cotton raw, A Clayton and Co.

S S Silver-Ash, for New York:—110 bales cotton rags, C Nanalal & Co; 70 bags gum olibanum and 151 bags gum karaya, B. Jaffer & Co.

For Baltimore:—1600 bags myrabollum, P Mathradas and Co.

S S Hilda, for Venice:—5900 bgs groundnuts, V Shivji; 5900 bags groundnuts seed, V Shivji.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 28.

S.S. Tuscania, Agents Grahams Trading Co., from Glasgow:—245 cases cottons; 95 cases cotton thread on reels; 560 cases whisky; 35 cases wines; 25 casks chemicals; 201 cases earthen ware; 230 cases ale; 183 cases beer; 200 cases nails; 123 cases bolts and nuts; 450 bundles steel bars; 606 bundles steel rivets; 129 bundles valves; 297 cases sewing machinery; 99 cases tyres; 8289 plates spelter.

From Madras:—46 cases rubber solution; 196 bundles brass cuttings; 500 cases safety matches. 218 bags sandal wood bellets.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India, Act. 1934, for the week ending on the 23rd day of October, 1936.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs
Notes held in the Banking Department	31,36,19,000
Notes in circulation	171,52,04,000
Total Notes issued	202,88,23,000
Total Liabilities	202,88,23,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 55.07 per cent.

ASSETS.

A Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	67,31,71,000
Total of A.	111,73,88,000
B. Rupee Coin	67,72,68,000
Govt of India Rupee Securities	23,41,67,000
Total Assets	202,88,23,000

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 23rd October 1936.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	8,72,10,000
(b) Banks	26,41,11,000
(c) Others	30,77,000
Bills Payable	7,10,000
Other Liabilities	1,31,60,000
Rupees	46,82,68,000

x Includes £20,500 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

ASSETS.

Notes	31,36,19,000
Rupee Coin	7,97,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,88,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	7,45,59,000
Loans and Advances to the Govt	1,00,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	39,000
Investments	5,40,44,000
Other Assets	1,48,22,000
Rupees	46,82,68,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

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AND BE
HAPPY
Accounts of women and children are welcomed at the Central Bank of India, Ltd.
Safeguard the future of your family by opening Saving accounts and buying Cash Certificates.
Inquire about our Insurance Scheme—it is for your benefit.
The Central Bank of India Ltd.
Head Office:- BOMBAY
S. N. POCHKHANAWALA, Managing Director.

Short Covering In New York Cotton

Killing Frost In Oklahoma

Present Prices Discount A Crop Of 12 Millions

BOMBAY, Oct. 28.

The technical position of cotton was considered firmer on Tuesday, while present prices discount a crop around 12 million bales.

During the early part of the session there was foreign and local long liquidation but later prices advanced on outside buying and short covering.

On Tuesday the New York cotton futures market opened barely steady and declined on Liverpool cables, foreign selling and hedge selling. Later prices rallied on active price fixing especially of December, killing frost in Oklahoma and rally of stock market. Shorts were inclined to cover but buyers were generally hesitant. The market eased slightly on realising and finally trade buying and covering appeared. During the early part of the day there was some foreign selling and local liquidation but later there was trade buying and short covering.

The market opened at a decline of one point at 11.64 and a further decline of 6 points was reached and March was quoted 11.58 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on active buying appeared and a rise of 19 points was noticed with March 11.77 which proved to be the highest level for the day and the market closed at a net rise of 10 to 16 points. Spot cotton prices were 15 points higher at 12.16c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly active and closed at a rise of 14 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 14 points at 12.11c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 4 points with March 6.52. There was tired long liquidation which was absorbed by trade calling. Later on there was good trade calling and local short covering and the market closed at a decline of one to two points. Middling American Spot cotton prices closed 13 points down at 6.78d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures ring was fairly steady and closed at unchanged prices at the close October was quoted 5.31, January 5.33 and March 5.33.

EGYPTIAN MARKET

The Egyptian cotton futures market was irregular with scattered business of mixed character. Sakels futures closed 4 points up to 9 points down with spot cotton 10 points higher at 11.30. Uppers futures closed 10 to 5 points lower with spot cotton 10 points down at 7.25d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy with scattered selling. Sakel futures were 3 to 7 points down and Ashmouni futures declined 15 to 13 points.

In view of recent long liquidation the market reacted but we doubt whether there will be any sustained improvement as the market has still to face the Bureau report early next month.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (1-37 p.m.)	11.77+12
New York March Lowest (10-17 a.m.)	11.58—07
Liverpool March highest	6.55—01
Liverpool March lowest	6.50—06

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advices from foreign friends:

Liverpool: "Think bearish features about discounted. Prefer purchases recessions expecting higher ultimately."

Liverpool: "Chances are in favour of the market declining somewhat further in consequence of tendency of increase crop estimate, but have a favourable opinion of the market in the long run owing to trade demand."

London: "Believe that decline has gone far enough justifying purchases New York May cotton."

New York: "Distinctly less pressure to sell. Good demand from mills. Technical positi n strengthened by longs liquidating."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market declined on tired bulls liquidating plus hedging. Ginnings 85,68,000 tended to raise crop ideas over 1,20,00,000. Think bearish factors about discounted.

New York: Early foreign and local liquidation. Trade and new outside buying. Hedges light.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:

Less liquidation and hedging. Colder in entire belt.

Another of their Liverpool friends cabled:

Think bearish features about discounted. Prefer purchases recessions, expecting higher ultimately.

U. S. Weather Forecast

Eastern: Cloudy and cooler.

Central: Cloudy unsettled.

Western: Partly cloudy and cooler.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 27

December	11.71+15
January	11.72+16
March	11.75+10
May	11.79+10
July	11.77+12
October	11.30+11
Middling Spot	12.16+15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct 27

December	11.66+14
January	11.66+14
March	11.73+12
Middling Spot	12.11+14

NEW YORK

New York, Oct 27

11-00 A.M. RANGES

December	11.58 to 11.57
January	11.58 to 11.58
March	11.64 to 11.64

NOON CALL

December	11.61
January	
March	11.67

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Oct 27

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	77,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 27

October	6.66—01
November	6.62—
December	6.57—02
January	6.56—02
February	6.55—01
March	6.55—01
April	6.53—01
May	6.51—01
June	6.48—01
July	6.45—01
August	6.29—01
September	6.22—02
Middling Spot	6.78—13

To-day's 10-12 a.m. quotations.

October	—
January	6.54
March	6.52

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 27

P G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
October	11.13
November	11.13
January	10.51
March	10.23
May	9.99
July	9.79
August	9.79
Middling Spot	11.30

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 27

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	5.40
Fine (good staple)	5.55
Superfine (good staple)	5.70
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.41
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.56
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.71
BENGAL	
Good	4.23
Fully Good	4.33
Fine	4.45

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 27

T T London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.88 15/16
Paris	105.15
Berlin	12.16
Madrid	nominal 54.00
Amsterdam	9.05 3/4
Brussels	29.02 1/2
Milan	92.90
Berne	21.27 3/4
Prague	138.12

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct 27

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe—	
Jan Feb sellers	35/6
Wheat Barletta Russo	
Jan Feb sellers	35/7 1/2
Wheat South Australian	
December sellers	41/6

LONDON SEEDS

London, Oct 27

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	
Oct sellers	£11-6-3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£13-5-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£13-8-9
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£12-16-3
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£13-5-0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct 28

Following a rise of 10 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 218/8 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 219/4 on active buying influenced by firmness of local share bazar. The undertone of the market was good but in view of expected increase in American cotton we do not think that the present improvement will be carried much further.

Liverpool market opened at 4 rise of 5 points on party with overnight improvement in New York. The local market was steady with Broach A/M. quoted at Rs. 219/8. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M.	218	12	0
Oomra D/J	195	8	0
Oomra March	195	8	0
Bengal D/J.	158	0	0
Bengal March	158	0	0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Oct 28

C P 1 Fine	201/203
C P 2 Fine	199/200
Arvi Fine	199/200
Ellichpur Fine	199/200
Berar Fine	195/197
Khamgaon Fine	195/197
Mulkapur Fine	193/195
Khandesh Fine	188/190
Jalna/Sailu Fine	191/193
Burwah Sanavad Fine	195/197
Mathia Fine	177/180
Broach	218/220
Dhollera	206/211
Punjab/American	208/213
Sindh-American	208/213
Sind N T	228/233
Punjab 289 F	248/253
Cambodia	248/253
Compta	203/213
Westerns	208/213
Miraj	208/213
Jagadia Ankleshwar	238/243
Surat	245/248
Navsari	253/256

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Oct. 28.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	...	495
Central India	...	4,579
Barsi and Nagar	1	3,411
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	445
Berar	41	4,793
Central Provinces	...	1,058
Total Oomras	42	14,781
Dholera	89	1,666
N.-W. Provinces	121	1,025
Rajputana	...	1,271
Sind-Punjab	456	14,024
Broach	181	1,693
Coompta and Dharwar	26	4,974
Westerns-Northerns	...	2,922
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	967
Persian	...	5
American	...	919
Egyptian and African	260	23,899
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	1
Total	1,195	68,147

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 22nd Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,813	29,293
Japan and China	2,250	54,100
Coast Ports	249	1,450
Up-country by Rail	...	22,975
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	4,111
Total	4,312	111,929

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Oct 28

Wheat	11,216 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	15 cwts.
Gingellyseed	150 cwts.
Poppyseed	949 cwts.
Groundnuts	12,507 cwts.
Rice	6,999 cwts.
Myrabollams	483 cwts.
Gram	4,096 cwts.
Barley	622 cwts.
Bajree	299 cwts.
Indian sugar	4,059 cwts.
Coal	1,265 tons

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Oct 27

December	1-15 7/8c.
May	1-14 1/4c.
July	0-99 7/8c.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Oct 27

October	102 5/8d.
December	99d.
March	92 7/8d.
May	92 3/8d.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the Market on 28th day of October 1936:—

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY.

VAIDAS.

	Apr-May 1936-37
10-30	Rs. 218/8
12-30	Rs. 219
2-30	Rs. 219/4
4-30	Rs. 219
	Apr-May.
Highest	219/8
Lowest	218/8

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 27-10-36	3116000	3124000
Receipts Yesterday 27-10-36	77000	72000
Exports to date 27-10-36	1438000	1298000
Stock at Ports 23-10-36	2494000	2626000
Stock at Interior Towns 23-10-36	2179000	221000
Stock at Liverpool 23-10-36	781000	442000
Visible Supply 23-10-36	5912000	5832000
Quantity in sight 23-10-36	5466000	5307000
Quantity out of sight 23-10-36	2808000	2151000

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct 28

Yesterday London gold prices were unchanged and London-Paris Exchange rate was quoted unchanged at 105.15 Dollar Sterling rate was 4.89 5/32. London silver was also unchanged at 19 15/16d. There was small business with Indian buying. Later on there were buyers at 20d. but sellers were very reserve. Montreal prices were unchanged and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 15/32.

In the local market there was slightly better enquiry with restricted selling which hardened both gold and silver prices.

	Rs.	a.	p.
GOLD—			
Ready	35	3	3
Aso	35	3	3
Kartak	35	3	0
SILVER—			
Ready	49	12	0
Aso	49	12	0
Kartak	49	13	6

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 27

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	19 15/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 27

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-2-3

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Oct 27

October	44.60
December	44.70
March	45.00

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Oct 28

London market—	
Electrolytic copper	£46 10 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	9.95 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	10 cents.
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 34 4 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 44 0 0

Tone: Steady.

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 25/26th October	2,265
Rsceipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	66,952
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	115,136
Decrease	48,184

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Oct 27

Broach A/M 1937 opening 217 1/4; highest 217 1/2; lowest 217; closing 217 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 194 1/2; highest 194 3/4; lowest 194 1/4; closing 194 1/4

Oomra March opening 194 1/4; highest 194 1/2; lowest 194; closing 194

Bengal D/J opening 155 1/2; highest 156 1/2; lowest 155 1/2; closing 156 1/2

Bengal March opening 155 1/4; highest 156 1/4; lowest 155 1/4; closing 156 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-11-36) Rs. 5 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 16 1/2

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: January 175; May 158 at Cross Rate 4.89 5/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 218/8; Liverpool May 6.56 Rs. 67 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 218/8 New York May 11.79 Rs. 49 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.89 5/32

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Oct 28

December	219.40+290
January	214.10+150
February	210.90+130
April	208.60+120

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT CROP

The Australian wheat provisional official production is estimated 129,500,000 million bushels (or 16,187,500 qrs) and acreage 12,646,000 acres. Previous year's figures (000 omitted) are as follows:

Production 1935 17500 qrs; 1934 16,680; 1933 21,900; 1932 26,550; 1931 23,700

Acreage 1935 11950; 1934 12,490; 1933 15,000; 1932 15,740; 1931 14,500.

LONDON RUBBER

London, Oct 27

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb Sellers	8 1/16

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Oct 28

The local market was fairly active. During the early part there was scattered selling but later prices improved on covering. In sympathy with improvement in raw cotton prices, cottonseeds advanced and closed at about the highest level of the day. To-day's closing quotations were as under: The market will close to-morrow at 4 p.m.

Castorseeds—	
Opening	Rs. 35 11 0
Highest	Rs. 36 1 0
Lowest	Rs. 35 10 6
Closing	35 15 0
Groundnut—	
Opening	Rs. 37 13 0
Highest	Rs. 38 5 0
Lowest	Rs. 37 11 6
Closing	Rs. 38 3 6
Cottonseed—	
Opening	Rs. 19 5 6
Closing	Rs. 19 11 0

New York Sugar

New York, Oct 27

December	2.50—01
January	2.51—02
May	2.51—02
July	2.52—02

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct 28

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	101/3
3 per cent 1951/54	104/1
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	104/12
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	100/5
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	107/10
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	112
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	115/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955 60 Loan	120
3 per cent U P Bonds	100/4
5 per cent 1939 44	109/1
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111/14
5 1/2 per cent 1935 40 Loan	107/12
TAX FREES	
per cent 1945 55	121/7
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	113/8
3 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	107/10
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	126
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	112/6
4 per cent M Deb 1974	111/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959	120
6 per cent M Deb. 1954	132/8
6 per cent K P T 1956	132/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 100/3 and improved to Rs. 100/5 but closed at Rs 100/4/6. Next settlement quotes 3 1/2 annas lower.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Oct 28

T C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D Oct December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 3/16
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	273 3/4
Banks selling T T	271 3/4
Banks buying T T	269 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	727
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77 1/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	68
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 3/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York London 27th instant	4.89 1/8
Japan London 28th instant	1/2 1/32
Java London 28th instant	9.01
Hongkong London 28th instant	1/2 31.32
Shanghai London 28th instant	1/2 15/32
London Paris 27th instant	105.15
London Belgium 27th instant	29.02 1/2
London Switzerland 27th instant	21.27 3/4
London Berlin 27th instant	12.16
London Stockholm 27th instant	19.39 1/2
London New York 27th instant	4.88 15/16
London Amsterdam 27th instant	9.05 3/4
London Italy 27th instant	92.90

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady

Gold 26th instant	£7-2-3
Gold 27th instant	£7-2-3
Silver London Ready 26th instant	19 5/16
27th instant	19 15/16
Silver London Forward 26th instant	19 15/16
27th instant	19 15/16
Silver New York Ready. 26th instant	45
27th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 26th instant	5/8 p.c
27th instant	5/8 p.c
London Discount 6 Mos 26th instant	3/4 p.c.
27th instant	3/4 p.c
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c
Bank of England Rate	3 p.c
Money:—	
Call	1/2 p.c
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c
6 Mos	1 p.c

Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct 27

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	87 2 4
3 1/2 per cent	99 5/8
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	107 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	119 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	115 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan X D.	106 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 27

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£74 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£87 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 5/8
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 5/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 ex dividend	£106 1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£117 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 5/8
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	£104 1/2
National Bank of India	£46 3/4
P and O Banking Corporation nominal	£10

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Oct 27

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 1/8

Cheerful Tone In Share Bazar

Active And Impressive Buying

Bears Losing Confidence

BOMBAY: October 28.

The local Share Bazar displayed cheerful tone to-day with active and impressive buying. All scrips on the forward list registered good improvement and Tata Steel shares were leading the market.

Bears are losing confidence despite their extensive propaganda of a crisis and unfavourable situation of Steel Industry under the plea of Japanese competition. All these cries were pocketed by Bulls without any effect and are going on with their game. Those who tried to follow Bears found themselves in a wrong box and were forced to cover. There was a scarcity of contracts.

As pointed out before we still believe that the circumstances are in favour of Bulls and we look for considerably higher prices before the turn of the year. Of course, there will be considerable unloading of actual shares, but unless Bears cover their unprotected sales, there cannot be any important decline. We still think it advisable to follow the rise and prefer purchases on all weak markets.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, October 28.

	Rs	as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	280	0
300 Bombay Cotton	10	0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	718	12
250 Bradbury	62	9
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	237	8
100 Century (nil)	137	8
100 Colaba (nil)	129	0
100 Coorla	90	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	270	0
1 E D Sassoon (nil)	0	2 6
100 Finlay (nil)	110	0
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	204	6
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,620	0
100 Indore (nil)	43	2
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	62	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	228	2
250 Laxhi (Fs. 12-8)	572	8
100 Madhavji	6	12
250 Madras United	25	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	872	8
250 Model	38	12
50 Mysore (Rs 2)	85	10
200 New Great (nil)	148	12
100 Osmanshahi (nil)	54	0
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	260	0
Sassoon Silk (Rs 2)	35	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	1855	0
50 Simplex (Re. 1-2)	68	7
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	184	6
100 Swan (nil)	80	8
25 Tata (nil)	8	8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,185	0
1000 Western	737	8
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	155	0
25-50 Central (As 12)	36	0
500 Imperial (Rs 30)	1,582	8
125 500 I Conty (Rs 7-8)	392	8
50-100 India (Rs 2-8)	136	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-10)	140	0
5 Union (As 4)	5	9
CEMENTS.		
10 Bundi (Rs. 1-6)	36	4
70 Gwalior (Rs 5)	127	8
160 Indian (Rs. 10 plus 3)	488	2
40 Katni Def. (Rs 35-1)	2,100	0
100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10 plus 3)	350	0
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	273	12
10 Punjab (Rs 12)	25	14
100 Shahabad (Rs. 15)	490	0
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	143	12
INSURANCE		
15-100 Jupiter (Rs. 12)	13	6
15-17 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,325	0
10-50 Vulcan (As 8)	7	4
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	165	0
100 Andhra Valley (45)	1663	12
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	14	2
50 Bombay Tram (2-8)	156	4
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	12	12
100 Karachi (4)	260	0
100 Poona (Rs 4)	260	0
100 Surat (Rs 8)	200	0
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	186	4
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1585	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	912	8
100 C. Province	99	8
100 Dhond Baramati	106	8
100 Gujarat	95	0
100 Mandra Bhon	103	4
100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	103	4
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	775	0
MININGS		
10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	39	12
30 Tata Steel Def. (Rs. 7-8)	827	8
75 Tata Steel ord. (Rs. 6)	205	4
MISCELLANEOUS		
10 Alcock (Rs 5)	237	8
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2)	216	4
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15) XD	270	10
125 Bombay Burma	551	4
50 Bom Burma Contributory	185	0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5	14
50 B Telephone (2-8) XD	115	12
100 Bleaching (Rs. 4)	126	4
100 I. Radio defd (12)	550	0
100 I Radio ord (15)	522	8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	602	8
16 Scindia (Re. 1)	16	12
10 Premier Const. (Re 1-1)	82	8
25 Tata Oil (nil)	16	0
PREFERENCE		
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1547	8
6 p.c Bombay Steam	316	4
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87	8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 28

Century (137/8) 141 140

Bombay Dyeing (707/8) 713 712 718 719 718

Kohinoor (226/4) 228 227 226

Central India (232/8) 235 236 237

New Great (147/8) 146 147 148/12

Simplex (68/2) 68/2 68/7

Swadeshi (181/4) 182 184/6

Bundi (36/2) 36/2 36/4

I Cement (486/4) 485 488 487

Punjab (25/14) 25/14

Shahabad (487/8) 487 488 487 490 487

Andhra (1658/12) 1662 1657 1663

Tata Hydro (186/4) 185 186/4

Tata Power (1573/12) 1572 1570 1588 1582 1586 1585

Tram Ord (135/10) 136/4

T Steel Defd (800) 805 816 811 833 818 820 817 826

T Steel Ord (200/4) 201/8 202/12 203 204/8 205/12 205

Tata Steel 2nd pref (173/4) 173/8

Bellapur (211/14) 213 216

B Steam (270/10) 270

B Burma (547/8) 547 550 548 551

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct 27

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	67
Amer Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	47
Columbia Gas	19
American Tel and Tel	179 1/4
Western Union Telg	90 3/4
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly	76
Great North Pfd Rly	43
New York Central Rly	45 3/4
Southern Pacific Rly	44
Republican Steel	24
Gen Amr Transportation	61
Bethelehem Steel	70
United States Steel	76
Youngtown Sheet	84
Anaconda Copper Mining	45 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	61
General Motors	72
General Electric	43
Kelvinator	23
Radio Corporation	11
St Oil of N J	67
Socony	16 5/8
Amr Tobacco B	99
Chase Bank	46 1/2
National City Bank	40 1/2
Amr Car Foundry	51

Market rallied and closed firm and looks promising.

OUTSTANDING TREASURY BILLS

Maturing.	Rs. lakhs.
31st October	2,00,00
7th November	2,00,00
14th November	2,00,00
21st November	2,00,00
28th November	2,00,00
4th December	2,00,00
11th December	1,52,75
12th December	47,25
18th December	2,00,00
25th December	2,00,00

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Oct 27

Bank Bills 3 months market rate Unchanged.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate Unchanged.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate Unchanged.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate Unchanged.

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent.

LINSEED OIL

London, Oct 27

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Nov sellers	24/6
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Jan April paid	24/6

5 p.c. Central India	536	4
7 p.c Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c Katni 2nd	146	4
7-1/2 p.c Punjab Cement	13	0
5 p.c Tata Hydro	160	0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1605	0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st	201	4
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	173	8
5½ p.c Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c Vishnu	677	8

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

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JUPITER GENERAL
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J11

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: THURSDAY OCTOBER 29, 1936

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

Indian States And Federal Finance

Pattani's Sugestions To Ministers' Conference

PLEA FOR EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF FINANCIAL BURDEN

Sir Prabhashanker Pattani, the Prime Minister of Bhavnagar in a Note submitted for the consideration of the Ministers' Conference, discusses Federal Finance as far as it affects the Indian States.

Enumeration of the sources of revenue which would be available for the Federation may or may not fulfil the object contemplated for the constantly changing conditions in the country and, therefore, an attempt should be made, says Sir Prabhashanker, to devise a system of Federal Finance, which can make for the financial burden falling on every unit in an equitable manner.

The Princes have suggested, continues Sir Prabhashanker, that over and above the indirect taxes that they bear to-day, they would only accept excise on tobacco and matches and corporation taxes on certain conditions.

CHIVALROUS ACCEPTANCE.

The Act does not seem to take any account of those proposals or of the hope inspired in the minds of the Indian Princes. They chivalrously accepted the invitation to join the Federation, but they would equally desire to accept the picture they were made to anticipate.

Sir Prabhashanker then proceeds to make several alternative suggestions in place of the proposed financial arrangement as found in the Act.

NOTE ON FEDERAL FINANCE

The following note on Federal Finance, as far as it affects the Indian States has been prepared by Sir Prabhashanker Pattani and has been circulated among the members of the Ministers' Conference. The note will be considered at the Conference and the necessary recommendations will be made:—

The Act provides for several sources of revenue which would be available to the Federation in years, in which the present revenue resources would not be enough to meet the exigencies of deficit budgets or emergency deficits of peculiar nature. Enumeration of these sources may or may not fulfil the object contemplated for the constantly changing conditions in the country and therefore an attempt should be made to devise a system of federal finance which can make for the financial burden falling on every unit in an equitable manner. Once it is admitted that the burden should be equitable, the differences of opinion and the clash between the centre and the units and between the units 'inter se' ought to disappear automatically. Principles of equity are simpler and more acceptable to human instinct than provisions of enforced law. Laws when found inapplicable require amendments, repeals and substitution of other laws. Principles of equity are stabler, simpler and more honoured than legal technicalities, which have the reputation of encouraging spirit of conflict and litigation as compared with the sentiment for peace where equity rules.

The Indian States have, at the Round Table Conferences, named certain taxes which alone they would accept. Broadly speaking, the Princes have suggested that over and above the indirect taxes that they bear to-day, they would only accept excise on tobacco and matches and corporation tax on certain conditions.

Sir Akbar Hydari made a certain proposal before the J. P. Committee on behalf of all the States accepting certain taxes. The J. P. C. have endorsed this view and have said that "the conditions of the kind mentioned are not unreasonable."

The Act, however, does not seem to take any count of those proposals or of the hope inspired in the minds of the Indian Princes. They chivalrously accepted the invitation to join the federation but they would equally desire to accept the picture they were made to anticipate.

Basis Of Success

It must be admitted that the Constitutional Act cannot provide a federal finance scheme that would discriminate between the Provinces and the Indian States. The fundamental basis of the success of Federation must be that the financial arrangement should be so definitely defined as not to allow of any equivocal interpretation. The Provinces and the States must accept the principle of equitable burdens. Sir Akbar Hydari in the event of an emergency forcing further contributions towards the deficit in the form of taxes, has admitted that special contributions shall be on an equitable basis.

If the principle of equitableness is to be accepted in the event of emergency as being the most suitable form of finding federal finance, it should be equally acceptable also for the ordinary purposes of annual budget estimates. It is therefore that the following alternative financial arrangement is suggested for what it is worth.

Keep clause No. 136 of the Act and also clause No. 137. Instead of the last four lines in the first paragraph of clause 137 insert the following:—"And shall be collected by the Provinces and the States and form part of their purse."

All direct taxes and incomes collectible in a unit shall belong to the Provinces and States and all indirect taxes—e.g. railway receipts, profits on currency, revenue of post and telegraph etc.—shall belong to the Federation.

Finance being a subject of common concern, policy and legislation regarding the same shall be determined by the federal legislature. But the administration thereof shall remain with the federating units.

The incidence of taxes shall be as determined by the federal legislature, but the collection thereof will be made by the federating units and retained by them on the principle that the income that accrues in their jurisdictional areas shall remain with them.

The federal budget shall be determined by the federal legislature subject to the Governor-General's authority in relation to reserved departments and the requirements shall be made good in the first instance from the indirect federal taxes; and the deficit shall be made good by requiring the federating units to contribute a certain percentage of their entire revenue, and this charge will be the first charge on the units. The balance shall belong to the federating units and will be available for the expenditure of the units concerned.

The financial needs of the federation will thus be fully met. The contributions from the units will be on an equitable basis, the incidence falling on them according to their capacity to pay. Discrimination in incidence will thus be avoided.

Excise duties, corporation tax and such other taxes as will fall on industrial developments will remain with the units, thus making industrial development independent of any interference from the centre, while proceeds of such taxes will bear an equitable charge on percentage basis for purposes of federal budget. This will avoid unfair competition between industries of one unit with industries of other units. A universal national spirit will be established and uniformity of enterprise and unity of purpose will be encouraged.

The central government will not have to face any agitation or discontent of the ruled, for, the collection of taxes is to be the responsibility of the Provinces whose legislatures are responsible to constituencies directly electing their representatives, and of the States who are autocratic rulers of their principalities and as such responsible for conditions in their States.

The central legislature being constituted of indirectly elected representatives is not responsible to any constituencies to the same extent as the provincial legislatures are, and could not therefore be expected to be as careful in the determination of levying taxes on the ryots as the provincial legislatures would be.

More Peaceful for G.-G.

The Governor-General will have a more peaceful life of governance, for, financial contingencies being satisfied the chances of clash with the legislature would be minimised. Financial difficulties alone create discontent and dissatisfaction in a country.

Provinces retaining all the proceeds will not find it difficult to balance their budgets. They will get their income-tax back. For example Bengal will retain their Jute Tax. The maritime Provinces and States will retain their customs, but none will escape the contribution to the federal fisc in proportion to their total revenue which will be comprised of land, revenue, local taxes as well as federal taxes.

The scheme gives the Governor-General and Federal Legislature supreme authority in matters of policy and legislation and enforces on Provinces and the States the obligation of giving administrative effect to them, retaining to the federation, as the final authority the freedom of supervision and also of the interference in cases where any unit may have failed to properly carry out its obligations. Avoidance of any unnecessary interference in the autonomous sphere of the Provinces and in the internal administration of the Indian States is thus normally provided for, while there is ample guarantee for frictionless working and for the full supply of financial needs.

RURAL UPLIFT IN MADRAS

Progress Of Work Shows Rs. 4½ Lakhs Have Been Spent On Development

A Press Note issued from Simla states:

Details are now available to show what progress Madras has made up to the end of June last in its rural development works financed out of the grant made to it for the purpose by the Government of India.

From reports to hand it now appears that of the sum allotted, up to the end of June last, nearly 4-1/4 lakhs had actually been spent. This amount is made up of a sum of Rs. 2-1/4 lakhs spent on the improvement of village communications, nearly Rs. half a lakh for the improvement of rural water supply, nearly Rs. 3/4 lakhs on the improvement of village sanitation, nearly Rs. 31,000 for anti-malarial operations, and of a sum of nearly Rs. 38,000 for discretionary grants by Collectors.

It may be mentioned here that the discretionary grants of Collectors, have mostly been spent on sinking drinking water wells where they were badly needed, improving and deepening tanks, improving cattle ponds, constructing culverts and foot-bridges, and providing special grants for burial grounds.

COMMUNAL CLASH

Dispute Over Land Leads To Grim Fight Between Jats And Arains

SHEKHPURA, Oct. 28.

Dispute over a land led two parties of Jats and Arains in a village near Shaqkpur to fight with hatches, chhavics and staves resulting in three people killed on the spot and a number of others seriously injured. Two of the injured are in a precarious condition.

It may be recalled that only a few days ago Muslim and Sikh villagers similarly fought with each other, in which also three were killed and many wounded.—A.P.

LAND REVENUE COLLECTIONS

Alleged Severe Measures Against "Malguzars". Attachments

SHOHAGPUR, Oct. 27.

Severe measures, it is stated are being adopted by the revenue authorities to realise land revenue from land-holders in the Hoshangabad District. The movable and immovable property, valued at Rs. 2,000 belonging to a 'Malguzar' of village Dhamani Mahal, in the Sohagpur Tehsil, was attached and auctioned by the authorities to realise a sum of Rs. 114 from that 'malguzar'.

Another instance of the entire herd of cattle belonging to the Goda of village in the Sohagpur Tehsil being attached and auctioned on nominal prices by the authorities is also reported.

In the third instance, attachment warrants have issued in village Sarangpur for the realisation of the grazing tax from the residents of the village.—United Press.

CONGRESS ELECTION FUND

Purse To Be Presented To Sardar Patel

MADRAS, (By Mail)

In the course of an appeal for contributions to the Congress Election Fund, Mr. Satyamurthi, President, Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, says:—

"The money will be carefully administered and spent fully for general Congress propaganda and to help the poor and deserving Congress candidates. The money will be presented to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the form of "Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Purse Fund", during his forthcoming tour in Tamil Nadu.

Please respond to the appeal of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Indian National Congress and Sardar Patel, President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Board."—United Press.

HOSTEL HUNGER STRIKE CALLED OFF

TRICHUR, Oct. 27.

The inmates of the Christian Hostel of the Maharaja's college (Ernakulam) who went on hunger-strike have called off the strike as a sequel to the Principal conceding some of their demands.

The principal has undertaken to recommend to the Government to meet the salary of the Manager of the Hostel, which till now has been met by the boarders.—United Press.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 28.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally will reach Lucknow by the end of this month and will join Mr. M. R. Masani, both of whom will reach Allahabad on November 1, in connection with the Executive meeting of the All-India Socialist Party.—United Press.

KRISHNAMURTI PARTS COMPANY WITH THEOSOPHICAL LEADERS

"No Common Ground On Which We Can Meet

OMMEN-HOLLAND, Sept. 1936.

Mr. Krishnamurti made the following statement during the Star Camp at Ommen, on August, 1936:—

". . . . Then, I am constantly asked, both privately as well as at meetings, whether the relationship between the present leaders of the Theosophical Society and myself is not that of friends working together in a common cause although along different lines. Many persons have a fixed idea that this is so, and they desire to have any misgivings on his point cleared up. I have already stated publicly a number of times, in answering questions put to me, what my attitude is towards the Theosophical Society or any religious or other organisation which has a so-called spiritual basis or purpose. Such an organisation from my point of view, cannot help man to understand himself, and to understand oneself I consider to be the true spiritual state; and this state cannot be brought about through a belief or through following any system or method.

However, since in spite of my repeated answers, the question is constantly asked me regarding my attitude towards the present leaders of the Theosophical Society and their work, I will frankly say that there is no common ground on which we can meet. There can be co-operation only when there is an intelligent common objective, which at present does not exist, although many people are asserting that it does . . . ."

KAMALADEVI NOT GOING TO ALLAHABAD

Will Attend K. P. C. C. Meeting On Nov. 1 And Tour Karnatak

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya who arrived in the City of Tuesday morning, spent a busy day on Wednesday. As result of her consultations with members of the Central Executive of the All-India Congress Socialist Party who are at present in Bombay, she will not now proceed to Allahabad, but will leave for Belgaum where an important meeting of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee is to be held on November 1. She then begins her tour of the districts in connection with the provincial elections. Dr. N. S. Hardikar and Mr. R. S. Hukkerikar will join her in the tour.

Whether the question of refusal of passport is a fit case for the Civil Liberties Union to take up is, it is understood, engaging the attention of prominent Congressmen in the City. Mrs. Kamaladevi is considering whether she should formally write to the Civil Liberties Union on the subject.

Though refusal of passports has become a usual practice with the bureaucracy in India, Mrs. Kamaladevi could not really understand why it should be refused to her. She said that she had continually been ill and had planned the trip to Europe primarily for reasons of health.

Ten members of the C. P. Legislative Council have given notice of a resolution to be moved at the forthcoming session of the C. P. Legislative Council recommending that the criminal case against Swami Hariharanand alias Chhote Dadaji Dhuniwale of Khandwa and others pending before the court of Rao Sahib Nargundkar, Extra-Assistant Commissioner, Hoshangabad, be withdrawn.

COLOUR SYSTEM FOR BALLOT BOXES

Madras Will Prescribe Colours For Each Class Of Constituencies

MADRAS (By Mail)

For the elections to the new legislative Assembly and Council in Madras, the colour system will be adopted in respect of ballot boxes. The Government proposes to prescribe a group of colours for each class of constituencies, wherefrom individual candidates would be permitted to choose their own colours.

Each candidate contesting a seat in a constituency would be allotted a colour which would be (1) one of the distinctive primary colours, namely (a) white, yellow, blue, red, green and black or (b) a combination of two or three colours or (c) one or a combination of the primary colours, each with a stripe of a different colour.

The Justice Party, it is understood, has expressed its intention of selecting blue for its candidates in all constituencies and the Congress Party has signified its intention of choosing "yellow."

It has been suggested that the groups of colours for the different constituencies of the Assembly may be as follows:—

General: Red, red and white, red and black: blue, blue and white, blue and black; yellow, yellow and white; yellow and black.

General (Women): Yellow and red; blue and red; green and white (each with a black stripe).

Mahomedan: Red, white, black, yellow and blue (each with a green stripe).

Indian Christian: Black, green, yellow, blue and red (each with a white stripe).

Indian Christian (Women): As for general (women), but with a white stripe.

Labour: Red, blue, yellow (each with a black stripe).

Commerce: Red, blue, yellow.

Backward Areas: Blue, white, yellow (each with a red stripe).

Legislative Council: General, same as the Assembly (General).

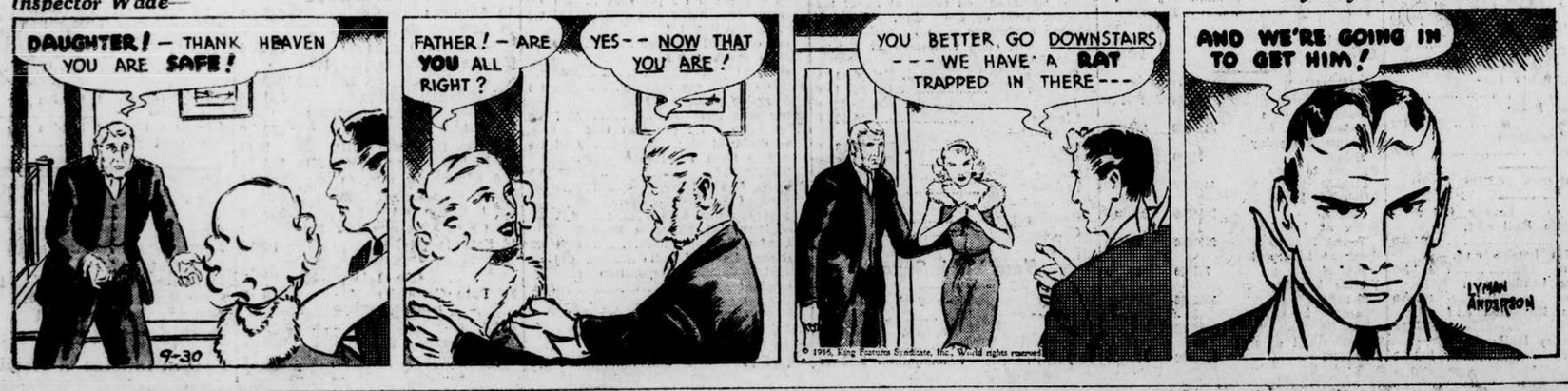
Rule 59 of the Rules for the conduct of elections for the constituencies of the Legislative Assembly, states:—

BALLOT BOX FOR EACH CANDIDATE.

"The Returning Officer shall provide in each polling compartment at each polling station, as many ballot-boxes as there are candidates, the box of each candidate bearing the serial number and the distinctive colour or colours assigned to him. He shall also provide a sufficient number of envelopes bearing the distinctive colours assigned to candidates and such other colours as may be necessary to give effect to sub-rule (2) of rule 70 together with the necessary outer covers, and copies of the electoral roll or such part thereof as contains the names of the electors entitled to vote at the stations. He shall further provide a board on which is displayed in bold and clear print the name of each candidate, the serial number and colour assigned to him."—United Press.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *Mystery Of The "Red Aces"*


DAUGHTER! — THANK HEAVEN YOU ARE SAFE!
9-30
FATHER! — ARE YOU ALL RIGHT?
YES — NOW THAT YOU ARE!
YOU BETTER GO DOWNSTAIRS — WE HAVE A RAT TRAPPED IN THERE —
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AND WE'RE GOING IN TO GET HIM!
LYMAN ANDERSON

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